

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Mississippi



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Department of Finance and Administration Post Office Box 267 Jackson, MS 39205

> Kevin J. Upchurch Executive Director





HALEY BARBOUR GOVERNOR

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR



December 19, 2011

To the Members of the Legislature and Citizens of Mississippi:

As Governor of the State of Mississippi, I present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ending June 30, 2011. This report gives an overview of state government fiscal activity and reflects the difficult recessionary period our state and nation have entered.

During my time as Governor, we have successfully balanced the state's budget despite the fact that we had a \$720 million budget hole when I took office. Through some difficult decisions about how to spend taxpayer dollars more efficiently, we erased that deficit. We accomplished this even when faced with the worst natural disaster in American history, Hurricane Katrina. The storm could have devastated our economy, but we didn't let that happen. Our people, resilient and determined, immediately went about rebuilding their homes and reopening their businesses.

Now, the nation is slowly emerging from this Great Recession, and Mississippi is committed to leading the recovery. State revenues are showing signs of recovery, though it clearly will be a long, slow road back to financial success. Through prudent, conservative management of tax dollars, we will provide essential services for our citizens while protecting our reputation for responsible fiscal management.

As this report shows, this is not business as usual. We must continue working to move Mississippi forward through smart policies that create jobs and foster economic growth. Despite the current economic conditions, I'm optimistic about our future because I know that with strong leadership and good policies, we can give our children and grandchildren a greater opportunity than my generation ever dreamed.

Sincerely. Mert Summer Halev Barbour

Mississippi

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION

Letter of Transmittal	4
Officials of State Government	8
Organization Chart	9
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	. 10

FINANCIAL SECTION

Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	16
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Activities	
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	32
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	33
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	45
Component Units Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Activities	47
Notes to the Financial Statements	
Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies	
Note 2 - Other Accounting Disclosures	
Note 3 - Interfund Transactions	
Note 4 - Deposits and Investments	
Note 5 - Receivables	
Note 6 - Due From Other Governments	
Note 7 - Loans and Notes Receivable	
Note 8 - Capital Assets	
Note 9 - Long-term General Obligation Bonds and Notes	
Note 10 - Bonds Authorized But Unissued	
Note 11 - Revenue Bonds and Notes.	
Note 12 - Other Long-term Liabilities	
Note 13 - Changes in Long-term Liabilities Note 14 - Short-term Financing	
Note 15 - Retirement Plans	
Note 16 - Other Postemployment Benefits	
Note 17 - Commitments	
Note 18 - Risk Management	
Note 19 - Contingencies	
Note 20 - Endowments	
Note 21 - Subsequent Events	

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Sc	chedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - All Budgetary Fund	ds and Notes94
Schedule of Funding Prog	gress - Pension Trust Funds and Notes	
Schedule of Funding Prog	gress - Other Postemployment Benefits	

Supplementary Information - Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Supporting Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Descriptions	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Dren vister v Funda	
Proprietary Funds	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	107
Descriptions	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Internal Service Funds	447
Descriptions	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	120
Fiduciary Funds	
Descriptions	
Pension Trust Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	
Agency Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Nonmajor Component Units	101
Descriptions	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	
Combining Statement of Activities	

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section	137
Table 1 - Net Assets by Component	138
Table 2 - Changes in Net Assets	140
Table 3 - Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	144
Table 4 - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	146
Table 5 - Taxable Sales by Industry	150
Table 6 - Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry	150
Table 7 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	152
Table 8 - Legal Debt Margin	154
Table 9 - Demographic and Economic Statistics	155
Table 10 - Employment by Industry	155
Table 11 - Public School Enrollment	156
Table 12 - Community and Junior College Enrollment	156
Table 13 - University Enrollment	156
Table 14 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function	158
Table 15 - State Government Employees by Function	
Table 16 - Operating Indicators by Function	

Introduction



STATE OF MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

KEVIN J. UPCHURCH EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR



December 19, 2011

To Governor Barbour, Members of the Legislature, and Citizens of the State of Mississippi:

It is my pleasure to transmit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of Mississippi for the year ended June 30, 2011 as provided in Section 27-104-4, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentations in the financial statements, including all disclosures, rests with the State's management. This report was prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

State managers are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, internal controls have been implemented to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the reliability of the financial statements. I believe the information as presented is complete and accurate in all material respects.

Pursuant to Section 7-7-211(d), Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), the Office of the State Auditor has performed an audit, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, of the State's basic financial statements. His unqualified opinion is presented as the first page of the financial section of this report. Also, as required by federal law, the State Auditor has undertaken a single audit of the State as a whole, which will include a report on compliance and internal control over compliance on major federal program funds expended by state government. This report, along with the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters, will be published separately.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The State's MD&A can be found immediately following the auditor's report.

Profile of the Government

Mississippi is named for the Mississippi River, which forms its western boundary and empties into the Gulf of Mexico. The name translated from Native American folklore means "Father of Waters." Mississippi was organized as a territory in 1798 and was admitted as the 20th State to the Union on December 10, 1817. The State's constitution separates the legal powers of state government into three distinct branches - the legislative, the executive, and the judicial.

The financial statements present information on the financial position and operations of state government as a single comprehensive reporting entity. The State's various agencies, commissions, departments and boards that comprise the State's reporting entity are included in this report in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The State's reporting entity is also comprised of its discretely presented component units for which the State is financially accountable or the State believes is misleading to exclude from the entity due to the organization's nature and significance of its relationship with the State. The criteria used in defining the State's reporting entity are fully discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The State provides a full range of services to enhance and protect the lives of its citizenry. These services include, among others, education; health and social services; public safety and justice; recreation and resource development and protection; business regulation; and highway construction and maintenance.

Mississippi state law requires both the Governor and the Legislative Budget Committee to submit an overall balanced budget at the beginning of each annual session for the ensuing fiscal year. The Legislature legally enacts an annual state budget through passage of specific departmental appropriation bills. The Governor has the power to approve or veto each line item appropriation; however, vetoes are subject to legislative override. For the majority of the appropriations, the legal level of budgetary control is at the agency level by activity or function as well as by major expenditure classification. Unexpended appropriations at June 30 are available for subsequent expenditure if they have been encumbered and are presented for payment during the succeeding two-month lapse period.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

News on the economic front in Mississippi has been gradually, if unevenly, improving. General Fund tax collections are coming in above year-ago levels and payroll employment has been rising. Job gains have been confined to the private sector, however, as fiscal austerity measures result in fewer jobs in the public sector. High levels of uncertainty continue to plague both the state and the nation, so that the baseline forecast numbers presented below could prove to be overly optimistic.

Complicating the State's recovery from the Great Recession, most counties in the state were declared federal disaster areas in 2011 as a result of tornadoes, severe storms, flooding and drought. Flooding along the Mississippi River and tributaries in the spring broke records set in the 1920s and 1930s. Thousands lost jobs or suffered extensive damage to homes and businesses. Reconstruction near the river, then, is adding to the on-going rebuilding efforts along the Gulf Coast after Hurricane Katrina and last year's oil spill.

The slow improvement in the state economy is reflected in key economic indicators. In 2010, payroll employment in Mississippi was down 0.6%, while personal income rose 3.1% -- numbers that paralleled national trends. The rate of job growth in 2011 was an estimated 0.5% and the growth rate of gross state product 1%, just below the growth rate of 1.1% in 2010. Personal income rose an estimated 3.5%.

Several major investment projects and post-disaster reconstruction efforts will boost economic activity in the state over the coming years. A \$1.3 billion Toyota auto plant began production this fall. The \$500 million plant just completed by Schultz Extruded (metallurgical pipes) also went into operation in 2011. A \$570 million port upgrade at Gulfport, a \$1 billion natural gas pipeline (Spectra Energy and CenterPoint Energy), and a \$1.4 billion expansion at Chevron are underway. In addition, two \$500 million projects have been announced: one by Stion (thin film solar panels) and the other by KiOR (crude oil from biomass).

State revenue collections this fiscal year have been ahead of year-ago figures. Last fiscal year, FY 2011, transfers to the General Fund were up 3% above FY 2010 levels, and 2.6% above estimate. In the first four months of FY 2012, collections were up 4.3% over the previous fiscal year for the same period, and 3.5% over estimate. Personal income tax collections were 7.7% above year-ago numbers, while sales tax collections were up a more modest 2.1%. Expectations are that revenue estimates will be met; however, state agency budgets will remain tight. The ending of federal stimulus funds is contributing to the budget squeeze.

Over 10,000 jobs were added by the private sector during the first ten months of 2011, for an increase of 1.3% over the same period in 2010. Public sector employment was 1.6% lower, on the other hand, so that overall the net gain in payroll employment was a modest 0.6%.

Employment gains through October were greatest in professional and business services, which employed 7.7% more persons than in the same period in 2010. This was largely due to a 15% jump in administrative support jobs (which includes temporary workers). Mining and logging employment was up 3.5%; health care and social assistance employment, 3.1%; transportation and utilities, 2.4%; retail trade, 1.2%; leisure and hospitality, 1.1%; and information services, 0.8%. Employment in construction and in educational services was unchanged.

Major sectors employing fewer persons in the first ten months of 2011, compared to the same period in 2010, were manufacturing (down 2.3%), government (down 1.6%) and finance (down 0.4%).

Mississippi's housing market remains depressed. While sales of existing homes, housing starts and the value of residential building permits issued have each managed to increase occasionally in recent months, these numbers remain below year-ago levels.

The State's foreclosure rate continues to be lower than the national average. In the third quarter of 2011, the State ranked 24th in the nation in foreclosures with a rate of 3.3%, compared to the national average of 4.4%. This was a slight increase from the second quarter for the state. Housing prices here appear to be bottoming out after a sizeable drop: if the median price of existing homes in the first quarter of 2011 is measured against the spring 2007 value, the drop in value in the state, at 13%, is about half that suffered by the U.S. as a whole (25%).

Coastal counties, which account for about 15% of the State's employment and population, continue to recover from the effects of Hurricane Katrina and, to a lesser extent, from the Deepwater Horizon oil spill of 2010. Recovery has been slowed by the nationwide recession and by the increased cost of property insurance. In 2008, employment on the coast was briefly above pre-Katrina levels, but this October the number of persons employed on the coast was still 4.1% lower than in August of 2005, the month Katrina hit.

Gaming revenues in the state have been improving along with the economy although, even before the Great Flood hit, numbers for 2011 did not show any growth over 2010. In the spring, flooding closed 17 of the 19 Mississippi River casinos, which pushed revenues from river casinos down 12% year-to-date through October, versus the same period in 2010. On the coast, gaming revenues were down 1% for the same period. Overall, total gaming revenues in 2011 are expected to be about 6% below the \$2.4 billion level reached in 2010.

The State's recovery is expected to follow a course similar to that of the nation as a whole. The growth rate of gross state product is estimated at 1% in 2011, compared to a growth rate of 1.8% expected nationally. In 2012, the growth rate of gross state product is forecast to be 1.8%, versus 1.6% for the U.S. Employment growth is estimated at 0.5% in 2011 and is forecast to reach 0.8% in 2012, with a 1.4% increase predicted in 2013. Personal income rose an estimated 3.5% in 2011; and is forecast to increase 3% in 2012 and 3.4% in 2013. As consumer confidence grows and investment spending increases, the pace of economic activity will also rise. These projections rest on the assumption that the national economy grows at a modest but positive rate over the next two years.

Eighty-three percent of wage and salary employment in Mississippi is in service-providing industries, with the remaining 17% in the goods-producing industries of manufacturing, construction, and natural resources/mining. Despite the dominance of services, goods-producing industries, and manufacturing in particular, are crucial to the State's economy. In the U.S. as a whole, manufacturing provides 9% of total jobs, but in Mississippi, the figure is 12%.

Manufacturing also sustains many of the State's service jobs in transportation, business services, finance, and agriculture. Within manufacturing, which employs 133,000 workers, the percentage of employees in furniture and in wood products is more than twice the corresponding percentages for the U.S. These industries, along with food products, account for 37% of manufacturing employment, versus 18% for the U.S. as a whole. Transportation equipment (including both shipbuilding and automobile production), machinery manufacturing, electrical equipment, and fabricated metal products account for another 35% of manufacturing employment.

The largest employers in the service-providing sectors, each employing more than 100,000 persons, are local government, retail trade, health care and social assistance, and accommodation and food services.

Long-term Financial Planning

State revenue collections have exceeded revenue estimates. The first five months of FY 2012 the revenues have outpaced the estimates for the first five months. Revenue projections for the next two years show signs of very slow recovery. The state executive budget recommendation for FY 2013 continues to address revenues estimated at a level below FY 2012 appropriations. The recommendation includes additional reductions in operational costs through various entity consolidations, shared service scenarios, and various cost cutting measures.

The state executive budget also addresses the need to be prepared for additional fiscal contingencies. As a result approximately \$97.7 million dollars of available funds is being preserved for use in FY 2014 and beyond.

Major Initiatives

Despite tough economic times for the State, the focus remains on education, workforce training and economic development. Mississippi sees these areas as paramount to the future success of the State. While budgets were less than the previous year, education continues to make up approximately 60% of the budgetary general funds. Health care and public safety continue to be of great importance to the citizens of our State. Projects for a new \$30 million health lab and a new \$40 million state-of-the-art crime lab continue to move forward and upon completion will improve these vital services.

Mississippi also recognizes the importance to its financial future to maintain and update its major financial computer systems. Major projects for both the tax/revenue system for the Department of Revenue and the State's accounting and human resources systems are underway and will be in progress over a period of three to five years that once complete will help ensure system stability, accountability, and will enhance the capability of revenue collections due the State.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State of Mississippi for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated services of the staff of the Bureau of Financial Reporting within the Department of Finance and Administration with the cooperation and support of the Office of the State Auditor and the various agency heads and employees who assisted and contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully yours,

Kenn J. Upchurch

Kevin J. Upchurch



Officials of State Government

Executive Branch

Governor Haley Barbour

Lieutenant Governor Phil Bryant

Secretary of State Delbert Hosemann

State Auditor Stacey Pickering

State Treasurer Tate Reeves

Attorney General Jim Hood

Commissioner of Agriculture and Commerce Lester Spell, Jr.

Commissioner of Insurance Mike Chaney

Transportation Commissioners Dick Hall Wayne Brown Mike Tagert

Public Service Commissioners Brandon Presley Lynn Posey Leonard Bentz

State Fiscal Officer Kevin J. Upchurch

Legislative Branch

Speaker of the House of Representatives William J. McCoy

Speaker Pro Tempore of the House of Representatives J. P. Compretta

President Pro Tempore of the Senate Billy Hewes

Secretary of Senate Tressa Guynes

Clerk of the House of Representatives Don Richardson

Legislative Budget Office Debbie Rubisoff, Director

Joint Legislative Committee on Performance Evaluation and Expenditure Review Max K. Arinder, Director

Judicial Branch

Supreme Court of Mississippi

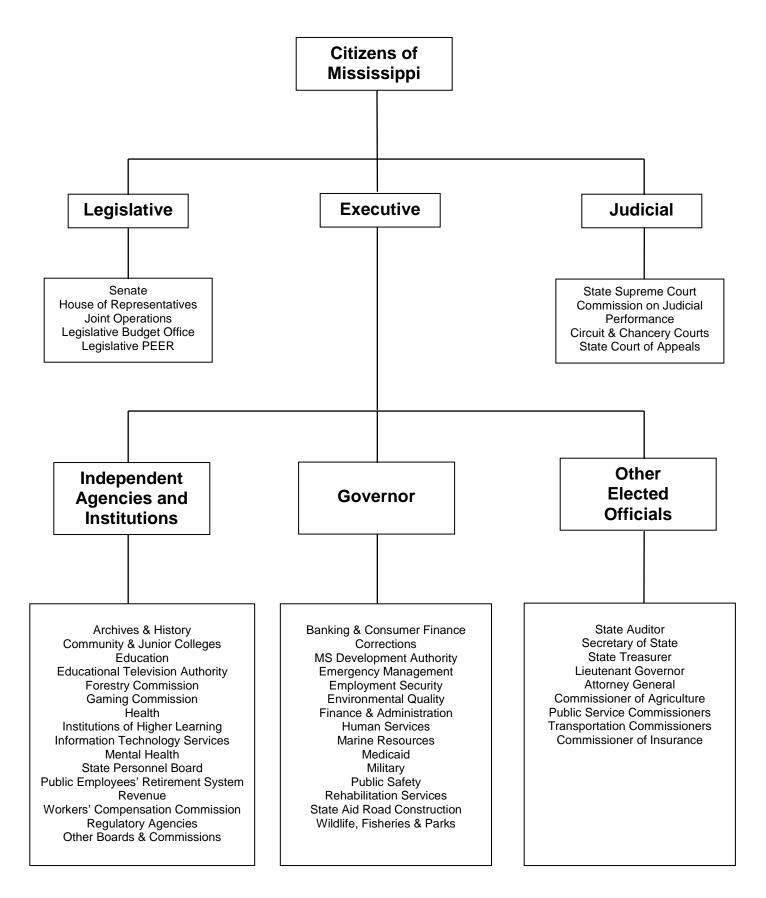
Chief Justice William L. Waller, Jr.

Presiding Justices George C. Carlson, Jr. Jess H. Dickinson

Justices Michael K. Randolph Ann H. Lamar James W. Kitchens David A. Chandler Randy G. Pierce Leslie D. King

Clerk of the Supreme Court Kathy Gillis

Organization Chart



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State of Mississippi

For its Comprehensive Annual **Financial Report** for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Linte C. Danison President Jeffrey L. Ener

Executive Director

Mississippi

Financial Section

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STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR STACEY E. PICKERING AUDITOR

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Governor, Members of the Legislature and Citizens of the State of Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Mississippi, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the State's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of:

- <u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u>
 - Governmental Activities
 - the Department of Environmental Quality Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund, the Department of Health Local Governments and Rural Water Systems Improvements Revolving Loan Fund, the State Agencies Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Trust Fund, and selected funds at the Department of Corrections, the Department of Employment Security, the Department of Environmental Quality, the Department of Finance and Administration – Office of Insurance, the Office of the Governor - Division of Medicaid, the Military Department, the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency, the Department of Rehabilitation Services and the Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks which, in the aggregate, represent 7% and 37%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the Governmental Activities;
 - Business-type Activities
 - the Port Authority at Gulfport, the Mississippi Prepaid Affordable College Tuition Program, the Veterans' Home Purchase Board and the Unemployment Compensation Fund which, in the aggregate, represent 82% and 95%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the Business-type Activities;
 - Component Units
 - the Universities and the nonmajor component units.
- Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - the Department of Environmental Quality Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund, the Department of Health Local Governments and Rural Water Systems Improvements Revolving Loan Fund, and selected funds at the Department of Corrections, the Department of Environmental Quality, the Office of the Governor - Division of Medicaid, the Military Department, the Department of Rehabilitation Services and the Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks which represent 21% and 33%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the General Fund;

- Proprietary Funds
 - the Port Authority at Gulfport, the Mississippi Prepaid Affordable College Tuition Program and the Unemployment Compensation Fund which are considered major enterprise funds;
- Aggregate Remaining Funds
 - selected nonmajor governmental funds at the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency and the Department of Employment Security;
 - the State Agencies Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Trust Fund and selected funds at the Department of Finance and Administration Office of Insurance within the Internal Service Fund;
 - nonmajor enterprise funds for the Veterans' Home Purchase Board;
 - the Pension Trust Funds;
 - the Private-Purpose Trust Funds of the Mississippi Affordable College Savings Program;

all of which represent 96% and 94%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the Aggregate Remaining Funds.

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us; and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for those agencies, funds, and component units, are based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. The financial statements of the Mississippi State University Foundation, Inc., the University of Mississippi Foundation, the University of Southern Mississippi Foundation, the University of Mississippi Medical Center Educational Building Corporation, the University of Mississippi Educational Building Corporation, the University of Mississippi Medical Center Tort Claims Fund, the State Institutions of Higher Learning Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Fund and the State Institutions of Higher Learning Tort Liability Fund, which were audited by other auditors upon whose reports we are relying, were audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, but not in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Mississippi, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1.s., the State adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* as of July 1, 2010.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2011 on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule and corresponding notes, the Schedule of Funding Progress for Pension Trust Funds and corresponding notes and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits included in this report are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Mississippi's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the supplementary information combining and individual fund financial statements and supporting schedules and the statistical section as listed in the accompanying table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information - combining and individual fund financial statements and supporting schedules has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections listed in the accompanying table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Wille R. Down

WILLIAM R. DOSS, CPA Director, Financial and Compliance Audit Division

Jackson, Mississippi December 19, 2011



Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis of the State of Mississippi's financial performance provides an overview of the State's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which is located in the Introduction of this report, and the State's financial statements, which immediately follow this discussion and analysis.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide - The assets of the State exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$13,591,026,000 (reported as "net assets"). Of this amount, a negative \$2,430,457,000 was reported as "unrestricted net assets", which means that it would be necessary to convert restricted assets to unrestricted assets if the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors were immediately due and payable. The State had \$3,913,905,000 in restricted net assets. Net assets of governmental activities and business-type activities increased by \$892,390,000 and \$58,696,000, respectively.

Fund Level - At the end of the fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,263,995,000, which is \$546,329,000 greater than the previous year. Revenues from taxes grew as the economy slowly recovered. An increase in federal revenue associated with increased health and social services expenditures resulted in a positive change in fund balance.

Long-term Debt - The total outstanding net long-term bonds and notes were \$4,854,072,000 at June 30, 2011. During the year, the State issued \$874,581,000 in bonds and notes, net of premiums, discounts and deferred amount on refunding. These bonds and notes were issued primarily for capital improvements, the Economic Development Highway program, industry incentive financing, and transportation.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the State's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the State's finances. These statements consist of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the State's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the differences between the two reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the State's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements for the primary government report two types of activities:

Governmental Activities - The State's basic services are reported here, including general government; education; health and social services; law, justice and public safety; recreation and resource development; regulation of business and professions; and transportation. Taxes and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities - The cost of providing goods or services to the general public, which is financed or recovered primarily through user charges, is reported here. State fair and coliseum operations; home mortgage loans to veterans; port facilities; and unemployment compensation services are examples of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The State, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The State's funds are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. These categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

Governmental Funds - Most of the State's general activities are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. This approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the State's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds include the General Fund, which is presented separately as a major fund. The capital projects fund, permanent funds, and special revenue funds are combined into a single column on the governmental fund financial statements, with individual fund data provided in the combining financial statements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it may be useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the State's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds - The State maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds charge fees for services to outside customers. They are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds provide personnel, insurance, and information technology services to other state agencies, as well as other governmental entities, on a cost reimbursement basis. Because these services primarily benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included in governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Unemployment Compensation Fund, the Port Authority at Gulfport Fund, and the Prepaid Affordable College Tuition Fund are presented separately as major funds, with the nonmajor enterprise funds combined into a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the proprietary fund statements as well. The nine nonmajor enterprise funds and the three internal service funds are presented in detail in the combining financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the state government. Because these resources are not available to support the State's own programs, fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements. The State's fiduciary activities are presented in a statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets, with related combining financial statements. These funds, which include pension trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds, are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the component unit financial statements.

Other Information

This report also contains the following required supplementary information (RSI): the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - All Budgetary Funds and the Schedule of Funding Progress for pension trust funds and for other post-employment benefits, along with the accompanying notes. The combining financial statements are presented as supplementary information immediately following the RSI.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets

The State's combined net assets for governmental and business-type activities increased \$951,086,000 in fiscal year 2011. Net assets in the prior year totaled \$12,639,940,000, as compared to \$13,591,026,000 in the current year. Business-type activities reported positive balances in all three net asset categories, while governmental activities and the State as a whole continued to reflect a negative balance in unrestricted net assets.

The largest share of net assets, 89.1 percent, consisted of investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the State's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, increased \$490,733,000 from the previous year. Additions to construction in progress and infrastructure for roads, highways, bridges, and building projects provided the majority of the governmental activities' increase of \$480,121,000. Most of the business-type activities' increase of \$10,612,000 was the result of additions to construction in progress for the continued restoration of the Port Authority at Gulfport after Hurricane Katrina.

Restricted net assets, representing resources that are subject to externally imposed restrictions, comprised 28.8 percent of total net assets, as compared to 8.6 percent in the prior year. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement 54, additional net assets were classified as restricted. The remaining negative balance represented unrestricted net assets of \$2,430,457,000. A negative balance means that it would be necessary to convert restricted assets to unrestricted assets if all ongoing obligations were immediately due and payable. The positive balance of \$250,052,000 in business-type activities may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors; however, internally imposed designations of certain resources further limit the purposes for which those net assets may be used.

	Governı Activi			Business-type Activities					Total			
	2011		2010 *		2011		2010		2011		2010 *	
Current and other assets	\$ 6,274,146	\$	5,692,118	\$	1,064,610	\$	976,753	\$	7,338,756	\$	6,668,871	
Capital assets	13,139,932		12,575,641		250,048		243,208		13,389,980		12,818,849	
Total Assets	 19,414,078	_	18,267,759	_	1,314,658		1,219,961	_	20,728,736	_	19,487,720	
Deferred outflows	 30,827		58,072						30,827		58,072	
Noncurrent liabilities	4,806,910		4,427,301		353,529		330,080		5,160,439		4,757,381	
Other liabilities	 1,949,437		2,102,362		58,661		46,109		2,008,098		2,148,471	
Total Liabilities	 6,756,347	_	6,529,663	_	412,190		376,189		7,168,537		6,905,852	
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt	11,888,865		11,408,744		218,713		208,101		12,107,578		11,616,845	
Restricted	3,480,202		655,192		433,703		433,216		3,913,905		1,088,408	
Unrestricted	(2,680,509)		(267,768)		250,052		202,455		(2,430,457)		(65,313)	
Total Net Assets	\$ 12,688,558	\$	11,796,168	\$	902,468	\$	843,772	\$	13,591,026	\$	12,639,940	

Net Assets (amounts expressed in thousands)

* As restated in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Changes in Net Assets

Operating grants and contributions were the main revenue source with \$8,207,580,000 or 47.3 percent of the State's total revenues. Revenue from taxes increased \$117,789,000 or 2 percent to boost net assets. Charges for services brought in an additional \$165,509,000. The largest share of the State's total expenses was attributed to the health and social services function at \$6,871,858,000 or 42 percent. The health and social services function continued to grow this year with an increase of \$124,432,000 over the prior year reflecting the continuing trend in rising costs in medical services and program participants. Expenses in the general government function declined by \$131,465,000. Unemployment compensation expenses were reduced by \$148,889,000 with the conclusion of an ARRA program.

Changes in Net Assets

(amounts expressed in thousands)

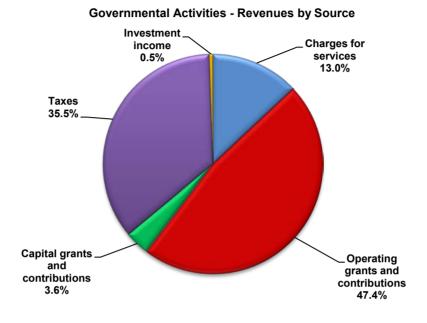
Zot1 Zot0* Zot1 Zot3 Zot3 <thzot3< th=""> Zot3 Zot3 <th< th=""><th></th><th colspan="3">Governmental Activities</th><th>Busine Acti</th><th>••</th><th colspan="4">Total</th></th<></thzot3<>		Governmental Activities			Busine Acti	••	Total			
Program Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions \$ 2,155,782 \$ 2,130,303 \$ 298,208 \$ 158,178 \$ 2,453,990 \$ 2,288,481 Operating grants and contributions 7,896,876 7,795,111 310,704 382,141 8,207,580 8,177,252 Capital grants and contributions 603,098 643,843 16 24 603,114 643,867 General Revenues: 7 7329,511 310,704 382,141 8,207,580 8,177,252 Taxes 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Professio		2011	2010 *		2011	2010	2011		2010 *	
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions \$ 2,155,782 \$ 2,130,303 \$ 298,208 \$ 158,178 \$ 2,453,990 \$ 2,288,481 And contributions 7,896,876 7,795,111 310,704 382,141 8,207,580 8,177,252 Capital grants and contributions 603,098 643,843 16 24 603,114 643,867 General Revenues: Taxes 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306	Revenues:									
Operating grants and contributions 7,896,876 7,795,111 310,704 382,141 8,207,580 8,177,252 Capital grants and contributions 603,098 643,843 16 24 603,114 643,867 General Revenues: Taxes 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 professions 37,438 38,188 37,438	Program Revenues:									
and contributions 7,896,876 7,795,111 310,704 382,141 8,207,580 8,177,252 Capital grants and contributions 603,098 643,843 16 24 603,114 643,867 General Revenues: Taxes 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses:	Charges for services	\$ 2,155,782	\$ 2,130,303	\$	298,208	\$ 158,178	\$ 2,453,990	\$	2,288,481	
Capital grants and contributions 603,098 643,843 16 24 603,114 643,867 General Revenues: Taxes 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource development 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Regulation of business and professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,602	Operating grants									
and contributions 603,098 643,843 16 24 603,114 643,867 General Revenues: Taxes 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 4evelopment 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 ransportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 23,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790		7,896,876	7,795,111		310,704	382,141	8,207,580		8,177,252	
General Revenues: Taxes 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource development 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college t	Capital grants									
Taxes 5,921,054 5,803,265 5,921,054 5,803,265 Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Regulation of business and professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679	and contributions	603,098	643,843		16	24	603,114		643,867	
Investment income 91,185 54,935 62,388 44,548 153,573 99,483 Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,001,306 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 ransportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 2520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 33,274 38,074 38,074 38,074 38,074 38,074 38,074 38,074 38,074 38,074 38,074	General Revenues:									
Total Revenues 16,667,995 16,427,457 671,316 584,891 17,339,311 17,012,348 Expenses: General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Regulation of business and 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 30,276 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 <t< td=""><td>Taxes</td><td>5,921,054</td><td>5,803,265</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5,921,054</td><td></td><td>5,803,265</td></t<>	Taxes	5,921,054	5,803,265				5,921,054		5,803,265	
Expenses: 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,001,306 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 ransportation of business and 9rofessions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,671 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Ex	Investment income	91,185	54,935		62,388	44,548	153,573		99,483	
General government 1,880,341 2,011,806 1,880,341 2,011,806 Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 development 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,074 38,074 Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825	Total Revenues	16,667,995	16,427,457		671,316	584,891	17,339,311		17,012,348	
Education 4,138,406 4,082,117 4,138,406 4,082,117 Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Regulation of business and 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086	Expenses:									
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Health and social services 6,871,858 6,747,426 6,871,858 6,747,426 Law, justice and public safety 1,006,887 1,095,181 1,006,887 1,095,181 Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Regulation of business and 7,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 22,871 29,896 12,270,627 Kersets - Beginning, as res	Education	4,138,406	4,082,117				4,138,406		4,082,117	
Recreation and resource 1,001,306 1,058,604 1,001,306 1,058,604 Regulation of business and professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Port Authority at Gulfport 30,276 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,074 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 22,871 29,896 22,871 29,896 22,670,627 Change	Health and social services	6,871,858					6,871,858		6,747,426	
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Regulation of business and professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Port Authority at Gulfport 30,276 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,071 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 22,871 29,896 Change in Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940<	Recreation and resource									
Regulation of business and professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Port Authority at Gulfport 30,276 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,071 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 22,871 29,896 Change in Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940<	development	1,001,306	1,058,604				1,001,306		1,058,604	
professions 37,438 38,188 37,438 38,188 Transportation 592,642 689,802 592,642 689,802 Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Port Authority at Gulfport 30,276 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,671 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 22,871 29,896 Change in Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168	Regulation of business and									
Interest on long-term debt 223,856 146,732 223,856 146,732 Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Port Authority at Gulfport 30,276 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,671 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627		37,438	38,188				37,438		38,188	
Unemployment compensation 520,790 669,679 520,790 669,679 Port Authority at Gulfport 30,276 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,671 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 29,896 12,270,627 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Transportation	592,642	689,802				592,642		689,802	
Port Authority at Gulfport 30,276 23,243 30,276 23,243 Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,671 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 29,896 22,871 29,896 Change in Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Interest on long-term debt	223,856	146,732				223,856		146,732	
Prepaid affordable college tuition 45,754 42,183 45,754 42,183 Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,671 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 2951,086 369,313 Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Unemployment compensation				520,790	669,679	520,790		669,679	
Other business-type 38,671 38,074 38,671 38,074 Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 2951,086 369,313 Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Port Authority at Gulfport				30,276	23,243	30,276		23,243	
Total Expenses 15,752,734 15,869,856 635,491 773,179 16,388,225 16,643,035 Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 2951,086 369,313 Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Prepaid affordable college tuition				45,754	42,183	45,754		42,183	
Excess (deficiency) before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 29,896 369,313 Change in Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Other business-type				38,671	38,074	38,671		38,074	
before Transfers 915,261 557,601 35,825 (188,288) 951,086 369,313 Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 29,896 369,313 Change in Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Total Expenses	15,752,734	15,869,856		635,491	773,179	16,388,225		16,643,035	
Transfers (22,871) (29,896) 22,871 29,896 Change in Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Excess (deficiency)								<u> </u>	
Transfers(22,871)(29,896)22,87129,896Change in Net Assets892,390527,70558,696(158,392)951,086369,313Net Assets - Beginning, as restated11,796,16811,268,463843,7721,002,16412,639,94012,270,627		915.261	557.601		35.825	(188.288)	951.086		369.313	
Change in Net Assets 892,390 527,705 58,696 (158,392) 951,086 369,313 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Transfers	•	,			,	,		,	
Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 11,796,168 11,268,463 843,772 1,002,164 12,639,940 12,270,627	Change in Net Assets				,	 ,	951.086		369.313	
	Net Assets - Ending	\$ 12,688,558	\$ 11,796,168	\$	902,468	\$ 843,772	\$ 13,591,026			

* As restated in Note 2 to the financial statements.



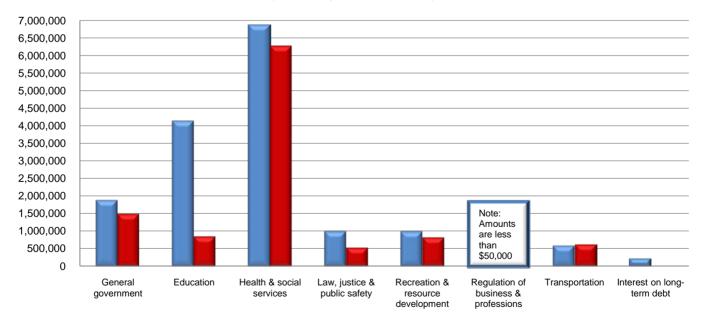
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the State's net assets by \$892,390,000. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$101,765,000 and continued to be the largest source of revenue at 47.4 percent. Revenues from taxes followed with the next largest percentage at 35.5. The health and social services function dominated both the expenses and program revenues at \$6,871,858,000 and \$6,271,200,000, respectively. Education expenses of \$4,138,406,000 outpaced program revenues of \$855,253,000 leaving a negative \$3,283,153,000 to be funded from general revenues.



Governmental Activities - Expenses and Program Revenues



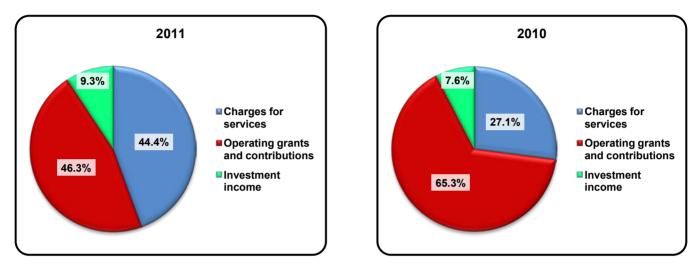




Program Revenues

Business-type Activities

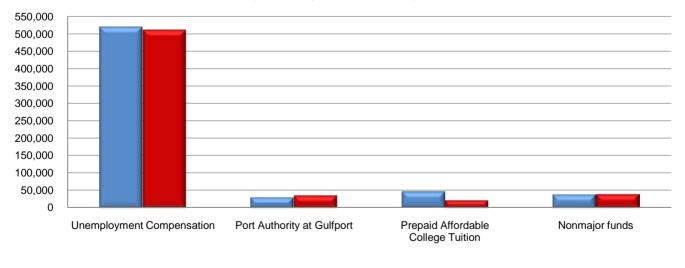
Business-type activities increased the State's net assets by \$58,696,000. The percentage of revenues by source shifted as operating grants and contributions decreased from \$382,141,000 to \$310,704,000 and charges for services increased from \$158,178,000 to \$298,208,000. Investment income had a significant rise from \$44,548,000 to \$62,388,000. For the current year, program revenues kept pace with expenses with the exception of the Prepaid Affordable College Tuition fund. A positive return on this fund's investments, reported as general revenues, more than offset expenses.



Business-type Activities - Revenues by Source

Business-type Activities - Expenses and Program Revenues

(amounts expressed in thousands)





Financial Analysis of the State's Individual Funds

As noted earlier, the State uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

At June 30, 2011, the governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,263,995,000, reflecting an increase of \$546,329,000 over the prior year. Within fund balances, \$107,047,000 or 2.5 percent was deemed as nonspendable. The majority of the fund balance, \$3,373,155,000 or 79.1 percent was classified as restricted. Committed fund balance equaled \$385,381,000 or 9 percent of the total. Assigned fund balance comprised 2.6 percent or \$110,648,000. The remaining 6.8 percent, or \$287,764,000, of fund balance was unassigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. The General Fund increased \$629,590,000 from the prior year to an ending fund balance of \$3,545,029,000. Revenues related to sales and use tax increased by \$68,129,000 and individual income tax increased by \$72,473,000. Sales and use tax revenues picked up slightly over the reporting period as the economy grew at a relatively sluggish pace. The increase in individual income tax revenues was also an indication of a slowly improving economy. The largest portion of the \$111,790,000 increase in health and social services expenditures was attributed to Medicaid. The agency managed more Medicaid beneficiaries and experienced a rising cost in medical services. In addition, there was a short term increase in costs related to a new managed care program. With the rise in expenditures, the corresponding growth in federal revenues occurred.

Proprietary Funds

The Unemployment Compensation Fund reversed its downward trend as net assets increased by \$487,000 in contrast to a prior year decrease of \$181,972,000. Total operating revenues increased while operating expenses decreased from the prior year. Assessments rose by \$124,402,000 over the prior year due to the taxable wage base increase for employers from \$7,000 to \$14,000. The ARRA program Federal Additional Compensation was phased out which led to an \$84,301,000 reduction in federal revenue. The high correlation between the revenue received and benefits paid created a \$148,559,000 drop in claims and benefits expense. Federal revenue for the Federal Employees and Ex-servicemembers programs rose by \$4,672,000 as claims for these programs grew. Transfers out associated with the Reed Act increased by \$4,776,000 over the prior year due to ARRA revenue designated for improving technology in the unemployment insurance program.

The Port Authority at Gulfport Fund reported an increase in net assets of \$25,880,000. This was a considerable improvement over the \$17,479,000 increase reported in the prior year. The Port received \$12,500,000 in insurance proceeds with the completion of its Hurricane Katrina litigation. Restoration of the facilities continued as the Port received federal pass through grants from other state agencies totaling \$18,941,000, as well as direct federal monies of \$8,192,000 for security lighting and the Transportation and Investment Generating Economic Recovery program. An increase in associated reimbursable expenditures contributed to a 32.4 percent rise in operating expenses.

The Prepaid Affordable College Tuition Fund's change in net assets was \$22,716,000, while the increase was only \$2,062,000 in the prior year. As the condition of the market strengthened, investment income rose to \$46,706,000 in tandem with a \$29,130,000 increase in the market value of its investments.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original estimated growth rate for fiscal year 2011 General Fund revenues was 1.2 percent. This estimate was revised to a sine die estimate of 0.3 percent. Actual fiscal year 2011 General Fund revenue collections were 3 percent higher than the prior year. Each of these revenue components grew: 0.5 percent in sales tax, 3.2 percent in individual income tax, and 11.2 percent in corporate income and franchise tax.

Actual fiscal year 2011 revenues were \$99,954,000 higher than in the prior year. These same revenues were \$122,584,000 above estimated amounts. Positive revenue variances occurred in the three largest General Fund revenue components: corporate income and franchise tax - \$54,878,000, individual income tax - \$29,736,000, and sales tax - \$25,784,000. The final expenditure budget was \$13,538,000 less than the original budget and actual expenditures were \$2,924,000 less than the final budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Net capital assets for the State totaled \$13,389,980,000 for the year ended June 30, 2011. This reflected a net increase in both governmental activities and business-type activities for the current fiscal year of 4.5 percent and 2.8 percent, respectively. In comparison, the prior fiscal year also resulted in net increases that were 4.2 percent and 7.9 percent, respectively. The State's depreciation expense for fiscal year 2011 was \$344,378,000 resulting in accumulated depreciation of \$4,839,405,000.

Major capital asset events during fiscal year 2011 included the following:

Construction in progress for governmental activities boasted the largest increase of any asset class with \$789,178,000. Of this amount, \$676,078,000 related to roads, highways, and bridges. Department of Finance and Administration building projects added \$49,473,000 with the largest expenditures incurred at the Department of Health Laboratory, the Mississippi Children's Museum, and Boswell Regional Center Intermediate Care Facilities. In addition, \$21,018,000 was associated with the Mississippi Wireless Interoperable Network and \$18,757,000 was connected to software development at the Department of Employment Security.

Within governmental activities, infrastructure increased by \$439,064,000 primarily for roads, highways, and bridges. Current year additions included pavement rehabilitation projects which were completed in Hancock, Pearl River, Rankin, and Warren counties. Vision 21 projects were finished in Greene, Harrison, Kemper, Madison, and Wayne counties. In addition, a safety project was completed in Hinds County and a bridge project was completed in Holmes County.

Governmental activities reflected increases of \$137,932,000 for land and \$112,139,000 for buildings. Additions to land for right-of-way acquisitions totaled \$123,573,000. Building additions included \$34,234,000 for the NASA Shared Services Center and \$18,598,000 for the Sillers Building parking facility.

Business-type activities increased net capital assets by \$6,840,000. The Port Authority at Gulfport added \$14,881,000 to construction in progress for security lighting, erosion protection, phase III of the fill project, and fender system repairs. Projects completed at the Port and moved out of construction in progress included an addition to land of \$28,706,000 for phase II of the fill project and an addition to infrastructure of \$19,383,000 for completion of the West Pier Berth 3 rehabilitation.

Additional information about the State's capital assets is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements. Note 17 covers the State's outstanding long-term contracts related to the construction of state and county roads, highways, and bridges, as well as building projects for various state agencies.

	Gover Acti	 	Business-type Activities					Total			
	 2011	2010		2011		2010		2011		2010	
Land	\$ 1,305,370	\$ 1,167,729	\$	71,218	\$	42,514	\$	1,376,588	\$	1,210,243	
Software	2,556	3,110						2,556		3,110	
Buildings	1,308,809	1,232,063		60,061		61,718		1,368,870		1,293,781	
Land improvements	115,391	99,387		20,878		19,641		136,269		119,028	
Machinery and equipment	189,550	254,167		10,790		11,991		200,340		266,158	
Infrastructure	5,623,484	5,430,283		82,561		66,941		5,706,045		5,497,224	
Construction in progress	4,594,772	4,388,902		4,540		40,403		4,599,312		4,429,305	
Total	\$ 13,139,932	\$ 12,575,641	\$	250,048	\$	243,208	\$	13,389,980	\$	12,818,849	

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

(amounts expressed in thousands)



Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2011, outstanding general obligation debt for the State was \$3,837,126,000, net of premiums, discounts and deferred amount on refunding. General Obligation Refunding bonds of \$1,526,018,000, Capital Improvements bonds of \$994,851,000, and Major Economic Impact bonds of \$417,084,000 comprise 76.6 percent of this outstanding debt. During the current fiscal year, the State issued \$669,670,000 in general obligation bonds and notes which are reported in governmental activities. These bonds and notes were issued for capital improvements, the Economic Development Highway program, industry incentive financing, and transportation. Within business-type activities, general obligation bonds decreased by \$3,050,000 as the Port Authority at Gulfport continued to extinguish its long-term debt.

Mississippi has a rating of AA from Standard and Poor's, AA+ from Fitch, and Aa2 from Moody's. These ratings are based upon the State's conservative fiscal management practices, manageable debt levels, favorable effects of various budgetary reforms and the potential for future economic diversification.

The State's constitutional debt limit is established at one and one-half times the sum of all revenues collected by the State during any one of the four preceding fiscal years, whichever may be higher. Current practice restricts revenues included in the computation of this debt limitation to the following: taxes; licenses, fees and permits; investment income; rental income; service charges including net income from the Alcoholic Beverage Control Division; and fines, forfeitures and penalties. As of June 30, 2011, the State had established a constitutional legal debt limit of \$12,451,109,000, which significantly exceeds the amount of debt applicable to the debt limit. Additional information about the State's long-term debt can be found in Notes 9 through 13 to the financial statements.

		(amounts	expre	essed in tho	usan	ds)			
	Gover Acti	 		Busine Acti			т	otal	
	 2011	2010		2011		2010	 2011		2010
General obligation bonds and notes Notes payable	\$ 3,813,700 1,016,946	\$ 3,524,006 1,044,352	\$	23,426	\$	26,476	\$ 3,837,126 1,016,946	\$	3,550,482 1,044,352
Total	\$ 4,830,646	\$ 4,568,358	\$	23,426	\$	26,476	\$ 4,854,072	\$	4,594,834

Outstanding Long-term Debt Bonds and Notes

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The State's average unemployment rate for the calendar year 2010 average, as well as the average for the twelve months ending October 2011, was 10.4 percent. The national average rates were more favorable at 9.6 percent and 9.1 percent for the same time periods. Current inflationary trends in the region were similar to national indexes.

During fiscal year 2012, the economy of the State is expected to gradually continue to improve. The initial estimated overall fiscal year 2012 General Fund revenue growth rate was zero, with component revenue growth projections of 1.5 percent in sales tax, 0.5 percent in individual income tax and negative 3.7 percent in corporate income and franchise tax. The overall estimate was revised in November 2011 to 1.3 percent. The November component revenue projections were 1.1 percent in sales tax, 2 percent in individual income tax and zero percent in corporate income and franchise tax. At the end of October, General Fund collections had risen above the estimate by 5 percent. Actual component revenue had increased by 6.3 percent in sales tax, 11.7 percent in individual income tax and negative 40.8 percent in corporate income and franchise tax.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the State of Mississippi's finances and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact: Department of Finance and Administration, Bureau of Financial Reporting, P. O. Box 1060, Jackson, MS 39215.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

		F	Prim	nary Governme	nt		
		Governmental		Business-type			Component
		Activities		Activities		Total	Units
Assets							
Current assets:							
Equity in internal investment pool	\$	3,274,830	\$	28,870	\$	3,303,700	\$ 22,289
Cash and cash equivalents		344,425		439,627		784,052	370,941
Investments		11,054		56,631		67,685	150,609
Receivables, net		559,559		99,786		659,345	238,374
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents				701		701	
Due from other governments, net		598,075		15,709		613,784	234
Internal balances		(7,479)		7,479		,	
Due from component units		1,052		4		1,056	
Due from primary government		,				,	38,328
Inventories		37,571		438		38,009	26,273
Prepaid items		- ,-		121		121	13,036
Loans and notes receivable, net		19,250		5,726		24,976	28,644
Deferred charges		1,910		17		1,927	
Other assets		.,				.,•=:	2,428
Total Current Assets		4,840,247		655,109		5,495,356	891,156
Noncurrent assets:		.,		000,100		0,100,000	
Investments		407,843		239,435		647,278	420,088
Receivables, net		181,748		200,400		181,748	420,000
Due from other governments, net		561,978				561,978	
Loans and notes receivable, net		258,504		169,432		427,936	131,690
Deferred charges		23,826		103,432		23,932	101,030
Restricted assets:		23,020		100		20,902	
Cash and cash equivalents				450		450	203,286
Investments				450		450	748,316
							740,310
Capital assets:		5,900,142		75,758		5,975,900	264 140
Land and construction in progress							364,149
Other capital assets, net		7,239,790		174,290		7,414,080	2,680,264
Other assets		4.4.570.004		78		78	27,548
Total Noncurrent Assets		14,573,831		659,549		15,233,380	4,575,341
Total Assets		19,414,078		1,314,658		20,728,736	5,466,497
Deferred Outflows							
Interest rate swaps		30,827				30,827	
Total Deferred Outflows	\$	30,827	\$	0	\$	30,827	\$ 0
	<u> </u>		Ŧ	0	*		on Next Page)

(Continued on Next Page)

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

(Continued from Previous Page)

(Continued from Previous Page)		Primary Governme	nt	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Liabilities	/ 1011/100	7.0111100	i otai	U III.U
Current liabilities:				
Warrants payable	\$ 62,143	\$ 291	\$ 62,434	\$
Accounts payable and other liabilities	594,244	15,753	609,997	159,571
Contracts payable	103,223	,	103,223	,
Retainage payable		627	627	
Income tax refunds payable	220,000		220,000	
Due to other governments	334,525	9,767	344,292	
Due to component units	38,326	2	38,328	
Due to primary government				1,056
Claims and benefits payable	121,369	10,446	131,815	
Deposits		1,744	1,744	667
Unearned revenues	89,634	16,970	106,604	59,332
Pollution remediation obligation	6,341		6,341	
Bonds and notes payable, net	373,171	2,634	375,805	23,889
Lease obligations payable	6,461	237	6,698	5,372
Payable from restricted assets		190	190	
Other liabilities				56,260
Total Current Liabilities	1,949,437	58,661	2,008,098	306,147
Noncurrent liabilities:		,		
Due to other governments		8,249	8,249	
Claims and benefits payable	40,011	323,508	363,519	
Derivative instruments	30,827	,	30,827	
Other postemployment benefits payable	82,212		82,212	
Pollution remediation obligation	32,813		32,813	
Bonds and notes payable, net	4,502,475	20,792	4,523,267	732,245
Lease obligations payable	7,474	381	7,855	20,232
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Deposits		1	1	
Other liabilities	111,098	598	111,696	241,374
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,806,910	353,529	5,160,439	993,851
Total Liabilities	6,756,347	412,190	7,168,537	1,299,998
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	11,888,865	218,713	12,107,578	2,316,287
General government	206,467		206,467	
Education	223,097		223,097	
Health and social services	438,972		438,972	
Law, justice and public safety	108,979		108,979	
Recreation and resources development	1,299,347		1,299,347	
Regulation of business and professions	49,726		49,726	
Transportation	519,536		519,536	
Capital projects	310,843		310,843	
Debt service	323,235		323,235	
Other purposes		650	650	471,142
Permanent endowments:				
Nonexpendable				584,020
Unemployment compensation benefits		433,053	433,053	
Unrestricted	(2,680,509)	250,052	(2,430,457)	795,050
Total Net Assets	\$ 12,688,558	\$ 902,468	\$ 13,591,026	\$ 4,166,499

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

			Pr	rogram Revenue	es	
		Charges		Operating		Capital
		for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 1,880,341	\$ 1,183,632	\$	314,847	\$	1,117
Education	4,138,406	36,151		818,725		377
Health and social services	6,871,858	622,266		5,643,879		5,055
Law, justice and public safety	1,006,887	101,992		415,189		15,827
Recreation and resource development	1,001,306	132,401		690,605		5,005
Regulation of business and professions	37,438	43,005		819		
Transportation	592,642	36,335		12,812		575,717
Interest on long-term debt	 223,856					
Total Governmental Activities	 15,752,734	2,155,782		7,896,876		603,098
Business-type activities:						
Unemployment compensation	520,790	209,318		302,512		
Port Authority at Gulfport	30,276	27,807		8,192		
Prepaid affordable college tuition	45,754	21,764				
Other business-type	 38,671	39,319				16
Total Business-type Activities	 635,491	298,208		310,704		16
Total Primary Government	\$ 16,388,225	\$ 2,453,990	\$	8,207,580	\$	603,114
Component units:						
Universities	\$ 2,914,424	\$ 1,375,314	\$	590,107	\$	68,938
Nonmajor	38,310	30,833	-	3,190	-	127
Total Component Units	\$ 2,952,734	\$ 1,406,147	\$	593,297	\$	69,065

General revenues:

Taxes:

Sales and use Gasoline and other motor fuel

Individual income

Corporate income and franchise

Insurance

Other

Investment income

Other

Payment from State of Mississippi

Contributions to permanent endowments

Transfers

Total General Revenues, Contributions and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning, as restated

Net Assets - Ending

		rimary Government	<u> </u>	
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
¢	(200 745) \$	¢	(200 745)	
\$	(380,745) \$	\$	(380,745)	
	(3,283,153)		(3,283,153)	
	(600,658)		(600,658)	
	(473,879)		(473,879)	
	(173,295)		(173,295)	
	6,386		6,386	
	32,222		32,222	
	(223,856)		(223,856)	-
	(5,096,978)		(5,096,978)	-
		(8,960)	(8,960)	
		5,723	5,723	
		(23,990)	(23,990)	
		664	664	-
		(26,563)	(26,563)	-
	(5,096,978)	(26,563)	(5,123,541)	
				\$ (880,065)
				(4,160)
				(884,225)
				(001,220)
	2,935,523		2,935,523	
	420,410		420,410	
	1,374,843		1,374,843	
	477,443		477,443	
	192,146		192,146	
	520,689		520,689	
	91,185	62,388	153,573	138,997
				204,507
				751,323
				22,020
	(22,871)	22,871		
	5,989,368	85,259	6,074,627	1,116,847
	892,390	58,696	951,086	232,622
	11,796,168	843,772	12,639,940	3,933,877
\$	12,688,558 \$	902,468 \$	13,591,026	\$ 4,166,499

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)				N		
		General		Nonmajor Funds		Totals
Assets						
Equity in internal investment pool	\$	2,503,317	\$	530,060	\$	3,033,377
Cash and cash equivalents		249,806		14,979		264,785
Investments		188,850		199,401		388,251
Receivables, net		733,562		7,394		740,956
Due from other governments, net		1,132,023		27,709		1,159,732
Due from other funds		8,729		12,973		21,702
Due from component units		273				273
Inventories		37,571				37,571
Loans receivable, net		277,754				277,754
Total Assets	\$	5,131,885	\$	792,516	\$	5,924,401
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:	•	57.400	•		•	
Warrants payable	\$	57,103	\$	4,087	\$	61,190
Accounts payable and accruals		513,482		11,544		525,026
Contracts payable		86,167		17,056		103,223
Income tax refunds payable		220,000				220,000
Due to other governments		327,253		7,265		334,518
Due to other funds		40,554		17,218		57,772
Due to component units		36,186		2,106		38,292
Claims payable		3,477				3,477
Deferred revenues		195,553				195,553
Unearned revenues		62,081		14,164		76,245
Notes payable		45,000				45,000
Other liabilities				110		110
Total Liabilities		1,586,856		73,550		1,660,406
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		07 574				07 574
Inventories		37,571		F 4 470		37,571
Principal		15,000		54,476		69,476
Restricted		005 054				005 05 4
General government		205,054		4.400		205,054
Education		161,034		4,130		165,164
Health and social services		404,747		16,343		421,090
Law, justice and public safety		74,585		28,721		103,306
Recreation and resources development		1,221,169		68,585		1,289,754
Regulation of business and professions		504.000		49,726		49,726
Transportation		504,983		000 700		504,983
Capital projects		2,137		308,706		310,843
Debt service		321,997		1,238		323,235
Committed		20.664				20.664
General government		30,664				30,664
Education		18,581		102 565		18,581
Health and social services		141,208		183,565		324,773
Law, justice and public safety		2,192		3,474		5,666
Recreation and resources development		5,695		2		5,697
Assigned		2 220				2 220
General government		3,330				3,330
Education		25 2,090				25
Health and social services						2,090
Law, justice and public safety		103,565				103,565 1,638
Recreation and resources development		1,638				
Unassigned		287,764		740.000		287,764
Total Fund Balances	-	3,545,029	<i>.</i>	718,966	•	4,263,995
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,131,885	\$	792,516	\$	5,924,401

Mississippi			
Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet			
to the Statement of Net Assets			
June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)			
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	4,263,995
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds (excluding amounts for internal service funds' capital assets that are reported in the internal service funds' net reconciling item below):			
Software Land Buildings Land improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation	\$ 5,953 1,305,370 1,782,943 191,094 571,944 9,408,585 4,594,772 (4,727,323)		13,133,338
Derivative instruments reported as deferred outflows in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			30,827
Some of the State's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.			195,553
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
General obligation bonds and notes Capital lease obligations Accrued compensated absences Pollution remediation obligation Notes payable Unamortized charges Unamortized premiums Claims payable Other postemployment benefits payable Accrued interest payable	(3,764,424) (13,935) (117,092) (39,154) (992,210) 78,696 (126,972) (6,060) (82,212) (55,808) (20,827)		(5.440.000)
Derivative instruments Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	 (30,827)		(5,149,998) 214,843
Net assets of governmental activities		\$	12,688,558
		-	,,

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	 General	Nonmajor Funds	Totals
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Sales and use	\$ 2,916,298	\$ 	\$ 2,916,298
Gasoline and other motor fuel	412,150	3,050	415,200
Individual income	1,409,473		1,409,473
Corporate income and franchise	447,322		447,322
Insurance	192,146	00	192,146
Other	520,660	29	520,689
Licenses, fees and permits	455,932	63,101	519,033
Federal government	8,090,940	405,303	8,496,243
Investment income	35,898	52,655	88,553
Charges for sales and services	366,417	13,324	379,741
Rentals	21,353	7,691	29,044
Court assessments and settlements Other	32,301	113,161	145,462
	 444,619	66,991	511,610
Total Revenues	 15,345,509	725,305	16,070,814
Expenditures			
Current:	4 004 040		4 004 040
General government	1,301,010	07.040	1,301,010
Education	4,047,006	87,648	4,134,654
Health and social services	6,507,991	355,688	6,863,679
Law, justice and public safety	663,285	290,183	953,468
Recreation and resources development	914,819	87,467	1,002,286
Regulation of business and professions	4 4 6 9 9 9 9	37,713	37,713
Transportation	1,168,090		1,168,090
Debt service: Principal	316,103		316,103
Interest and other fiscal charges	225,764	1,142	226,906
Capital outlay	225,704	84,671	84,671
Total Expenditures	 15,144,068	944,512	16,088,580
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	201,441	(219,207)	(17,766)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 ,	(,,	(,,
Bonds and notes issued	425,967	143,827	569,794
Capital leases issued	8,009		8,009
Insurance recovery	103	82	185
Payments on refunded bond anticipation notes	(105,105)		(105,105)
Payments on refunded notes	(183,105)		(183,105)
Premiums on refunding notes issued	13,114		13,114
Refunding bonds and notes issued	284,453		284,453
Transfers in	72,452	66,234	138,686
Transfers out	(87,739)	(74,197)	(161,936)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	428,149	135,946	564,095
Net Change in Fund Balances	 629,590	(83,261)	546,329
Fund Balances - Beginning, as restated	2,915,439	802,227	3,717,666
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,545,029	\$ 718,966	\$ 4,263,995

		4		
GOV	ernm	ene	1 FU	inas

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)	Expenditure	s, a	ind
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	546,329
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 975,120 (334,106)		641,014
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net income of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			64,255
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(79,942)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.			
Premiums on refunding notes issued Bonds and notes issued Refunding bonds and notes issued Capital leases issued Payments of debt principal Payments on refunded bond anticipation notes Payments on refunded notes Accrued interest payable Deferred bond and note issuance costs	(13,114) (569,794) (284,453) (8,009) 316,103 105,105 183,105 (10,244) 6,399		(274,902)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
Donations of equipment Change in claims payable Change in compensated absences Change in deferred revenues Change in other postemployment benefits payable Change in pollution remediation obligation	2,733 (3,401) 6,019 17,676 (33,877) 1,447		
Amortization of deferred charges and premiums	5,039		(4,364)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	892,390

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

				Busi	nes	s-type Activities -
		Department of Employment Security				State Treasurer
		Unemployment	-	Port Authority		Prepaid Affordable
		Compensation		at Gulfport		College Tuition
Assets						
Current assets:						
Equity in internal investment pool	\$		\$	757	\$	441
Cash and cash equivalents		373,470		29,455		24,285
Investments				56,631		
Receivables, net		89,875		813		4,020
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents				201		
Due from other governments		9,309		6,379		
Due from other funds		1,284		10,204		
Due from component units						
Inventories						
Prepaid items				74		
Loans and notes receivable						
Deferred charges				17		
Total Current Assets		473,938		104,531		28,746
Noncurrent assets:						
Investments				3,005		236,430
Loans and notes receivable						
Deferred charges				106		
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents				450		
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress				70,510		
Other capital assets, net				128,440		
Other assets	_			78		
Total Noncurrent Assets				202,589		236,430
Total Assets	\$	473,938	\$	307,120	\$	265,176

Ent	erprise Funds			
	Nonmajor Funds	Totals		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
\$	27,672 12,417 5,078	\$ 28,870 439,627 56,631 99,786	\$	241,453 79,640 7,236 335
	500 21	701 15,709		321
	2,132	13,620		30,350
	4	4		779
	438 47	438 121		
	5,726	5,726 17		
	54,035	661,250		360,114
	169,432	239,435 169,432 106		23,410
		450		
	5,248 45,850	75,758 174,290 78		6,594
	220,530	659,549		30,004
\$	274,565	\$ 1,320,799	\$	390,118
		(Cont	inue	ed on Next Page)

(Continued on Next Page)

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

(Continued from Previous Page)

			Busi	nes	s-type Activities -
	 Department of Employment Security				State Treasurer
	 Unemployment	-	Port Authority		Prepaid Affordable
Liabilities	Compensation		at Gulfport		College Tuition
Current liabilities:					
Warrants payable	\$	\$		\$	109
Accounts payable and other liabilities	360		8,663		3,579
Retainage payable			627		
Payable from restricted assets					
Due to other governments	8,729				
Due to other funds	4,559		1		1
Due to component units					
Claims and benefits payable	10,446				
Deposits					
Bonds payable	10 704		2,634		
Unearned revenues	16,791		94		
Lease obligations payable					
Total Current Liabilities	 40,885		12,019		3,689
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due to other governments					
Claims and benefits payable					323,508
Bonds payable			20,792		
Lease obligations payable					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Deposits			1		
Other liabilities			190		16
Total Noncurrent Liabilities			20,983		323,524
Total Liabilities	40,885		33,002		327,213
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt			175,524		
Restricted for other purposes			650		
Restricted for unemployment compensation benefits	433,053				
Unrestricted			97,944		(62,037)
Total Net Assets	\$ 433,053	\$	274,118	\$	(62,037)

Enterprise Fu	unds		_	
Nonmaj Funds	-	Totals	_	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
	-			
\$	182	\$ 291	\$	953
3	3,151	15,753		6,192
		627		
	190	190		
	1,038	9,767		7
1	1,580	6,141		1,743
	2	2		34
		10,446		115,047
1	1,744	1,744		
		2,634		40.000
	85	16,970		13,389
	237	237		
	3,209	64,802		137,365
ξ	3,249	8,249		
		323,508		36,796
	204	20,792		
	381	381		
		1		
	392	598		1,114
	9,022	353,529		37,910
	-			
17	7,231	418,331		175,275
43	3,189	218,713		5,972
		650		
		433,053		000.074
	1,145	250,052		208,871
\$ 257	7,334	\$ 902,468	\$	214,843

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

Department of Employment SecurityPort Authority at GulfportPOperating RevenuesUnemployment CompensationPort Authority at GulfportPOperating Revenues\$ \$ 14,334 \$Charges for sales and services/premiums\$ 209,31814,334 \$Investment income Federal agencies302,5124Fees Tuition receipts Other511,83014,334Operating Revenues511,83014,334Operating Expenses Cost of sales and services General and administrative2,564	State Treasurer Prepaid Affordable College Tuition 801 20,963
Operating Revenues\$14,334\$Charges for sales and services/premiums\$209,31814,334\$Assessments209,318302,51244Investment income302,512444Federal agencies302,512444RentalsFees302,512444FeesTuition receipts0ther511,83014,3344Operating Revenues511,83014,3344	801 20,963
Assessments 209,318 Investment income Federal agencies 302,512 Rentals Fees Tuition receipts Other Total Operating Revenues 511,830 14,334 Operating Expenses Cost of sales and services	20,963
Federal agencies 302,512 Rentals Fees Tuition receipts 0 Other 511,830 Total Operating Revenues 511,830 Operating Expenses Cost of sales and services	20,963
Fees Tuition receipts Other Total Operating Revenues 511,830 Operating Expenses Cost of sales and services	20,963
OtherTotal Operating Revenues511,830Operating ExpensesCost of sales and services	
Operating Expenses Cost of sales and services	04 704
Cost of sales and services	21,764
Constral and administrative 2564	
	240
Contractual services 20,352	1,039
Commodities 370	27
Depreciation6,017Claims and benefits520,790Other520,790	44,448
Total Operating Expenses 520,790 29,303	45,754
Operating Income (Loss) (8,960) (14,969)	(23,990)
Nonoperating Revenues	
Federal grant8,192Revenue from counties973	
Insurance recovery 12,500	
Gain on disposal of capital assets 10	
Investment income 14,512 369 Sale of investments Other	46,706
Total Nonoperating Revenues 14,512 22,044	46,706
Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets	
Interest and other fiscal charges 983 Other	
Total Nonoperating Expenses 983	
Income before Capital Contributions and Transfers 5,552 6,092	22,716
Capital Contributions	
Transfers In 19,788	
Transfers Out (5,065)	
Change in Net Assets 487 25,880	22,716
Total Net Assets - Beginning432,566248,238	
Total Net Assets - Ending \$ 433,053 \$ 274,118 \$	(84,753) (62,037)

Enter	rprise Funds		
	Nonmajor Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
\$	26,714	\$ 41,048	\$ 847,290
		209,318	
	8,422	8,422	
		302,512	
	2,636	2,636	
	58	859	
	989	20,963 989	20
	38,819	586,747	847,310
	14,729	 14,729	
	14,729	13,367	14,927
	8,892	30,283	73,510
	2,038	2,435	663
	1,984	8,001	2,271
	1,001	565,238	695,646
	203	203	;
	38,409	634,256	787,017
	410	(47,509)	60,293
	433 368	8,192 973 12,500 10 62,020 368	2,632
	500	500	
	1,301	84,563	2,632
	25 47 190	25 1,030 190	46
	262	1,245	46
	1,449 16	35,809 16	62,879 997
	9,410	29,198	945
	(1,262)	(6,327)	(566)
	9,613	58,696	64,255
	247,721	843,772	150,588
\$	257,334	\$ 902,468	\$ 214,843

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

			Busine	ess-type Activities -
	Ei Un	partment of nployment Security employment	Port Authority	State Treasurer Prepaid Affordable
	Co	mpensation	at Gulfport	College Tuition
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash receipts from federal agencies Cash receipts/premiums from interfund services provided	\$	302,305 \$		\$
Cash receipts/premiums from customers Cash receipts from assessments		155,658	14,352	21,764
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments for claims and benefits Other operating cash receipts		(510,031)	(17,641) (2,536)	(1,101) (235) (17,207)
Other operating cash payments Principal and interest received on program loans Issuance of program loans				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		(52,068)	(5,825)	3,221
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers in Transfers out		(5,065)	22,949 (1)	
Federal grants received Revenues from counties Other cash receipts Proceeds from other governments		(-,)	1,670 973	
Principal paid to other governments				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities		(5,065)	25,591	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets			(14,828)	
Capital grants received Proceeds from sales of capital assets			(14,020) 161 19	
Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Proceeds from insurance recovery			(3,050) (986) 12,500	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities			(6,184)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			00.045	00.440
Proceeds from sales of investments Purchases of investments			62,345 (68,325)	88,442
Investment income		14,512	(68,335) 408	(89,327) 4,926
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities		14,512	(5,582)	4,041
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(42,621)	8,000	7,262
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		416,091	22,863	17,464
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	373,470 \$	30,863	\$ 24,726
	-			

Ente	rprise Funds				
	Nonmajor Funds		Totals		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
\$		\$	302,305	\$	
Ψ		Ψ	302,303	Ψ	250,839
	30,372		66,488		580,662
			155,658		
	(25,458)		(44,200)		(76,242)
	(10,545)		(13,316)		(14,877)
			(527,238)		(708,331)
	536		536		3
	(42)		(42)		
	24,499		24,499		
	(13,322)		(13,322)		
	6,040		(48,632)		32,054
	9,848		32,797		1,051
	(1,150)		(6,216)		(545)
			1,670		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			973		
	500		500		
	770		770		
	(500)		(500)		
	9,468		29,994		506
	(73)		(14,901)		(1,280)
			161		
	43		62		
	(223)		(3,273)		
	(48)		(1,034)		
			12,500		
	(301)		(6,485)		(1,280)
	. ,				
	368		151,155		5,092
			(157,662)		(10,857)
	430		20,276		2,980
	798		13,769		(2,785)
	16,005		(11,354)		28,495
	24,584		481,002		292,598
\$	40,589	\$	469,648	\$	321,093

(Continued on Next Page)

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

(Continued from Previous Page)

		Busine	ss-type Activities -
	Department of Employment Security		State Treasurer
	 Unemployment	Port Authority	Prepaid Affordable
	 Compensation	at Gulfport	College Tuition
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (8,960) \$	(14,969) \$	6 (23,990)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net			
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation		6,017	
Change in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Receivables, net	(57,998)	52	
Due from other governments	1,973		
Due from other funds	(580)	(12)	
Due from component units	86		
Inventories			
Prepaid items		49	
Loans and notes receivable			
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Warrants payable			(45)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	57	3,058	134
Due to other governments	2,413		(6)
Due to other funds	4,031	2	1
Due to component units			
Claims and benefits payable	4,260		27,127
Unearned revenues	 2,650	(22)	
Total adjustments	 (43,108)	9,144	27,211
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (52,068) \$	(5,825) \$	3,221
Noncash Capital and Related Financing and Investing Activities Capital contributions Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		10	
		10	00.400

Change in market value of investments

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

65

29,130

Ente	erprise Funds				
	Nonmajor Funds		Totals		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
\$	410	\$	(47,509)	\$	60,293
	1,984		8,001		2,271
	(869) 12 1,584		(58,815) 1,985 992		(88) (141) (26,052)
	10		96		(684)
	35		35		
	(5)		44		
	3,425		3,425		
	(600)		(645)		(558)
	(40)		3,209		(1,631)
	11		2,418		(3)
	400		4,434		192
	(28)		(28)		27
	(289)		31,387 2,339		(12,731) 11,159
	5,630		(1,123)		(28,239)
\$	6,040	\$	(48,632)	\$	32,054
<u> </u>	0,010	Ŷ	(10,002)	Ŷ	02,001
	16 (25)		16 (15) 29,195		997 (46) (248)

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Pension Trust Funds	Р	rivate-purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets				
Equity in internal investment pool	\$ 1,185	\$	35	\$ 6,613
Cash and cash equivalents	424,626		481	33,081
Investments, at fair value:				
Short-term securities	46,966		4,615	
Debt securities	4,495,656		33,030	
Equity securities	14,945,975		61,730	
Private equity	216,256			
Real estate investments	1,308,391		5,995	
Asset allocation fund	57,901			
Fixed rate and variable	529,433			
Life insurance contracts	358		25,731	
Securities lending:				
Short-term securities	2,252,575			
Debt securities	971,036			
Receivables, net:				
Employer contributions	43,984			
Employee contributions	34,894			
Investment proceeds	190,297			
Interest and dividends	74,059		56	
Other	1,437		13	431
Due from other funds	19			
Commodity inventory				786
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	4,774			
Other capital assets, net	 14,720			
Total Assets	 25,614,542		131,686	\$ 40,911
Liabilities				
Warrants payable	132		1	\$ 80
Accounts payable and accruals	256,659		141	21,711
Due to other governments				1,007
Due to other funds	35			
Amounts held in custody for others				18,113
Obligations under securities lending	 3,223,865			
Total Liabilities	 3,480,691		142	\$ 40,911
Net Assets				
Held in trust for pension benefits and				
trust beneficiaries	\$ 22,133,851	\$	131,544	

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Pension Trust Funds	P	rivate-purpose Trust Fund
Additions			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 756,134	\$	00 750
Plan participant	 623,043		39,759
Total Contributions	 1,379,177		39,759
Net Investment Income:			
Net change in fair value of investments	3,911,329		15,690
Interest and dividends	557,866		2,469
Securities lending: Income from securities lending	20,552		
Interest expense and trading costs from securities lending	(2,445)		
Managers' fees and trading costs	(42,765)		(675)
Net Investment Income	 4,444,537		17,484
Other Additions:	 		
Administrative fees	628		120
Other	 3,438		
Total Other Additions	 4,066		120
Total Additions	 5,827,780		57,363
Deductions			
Benefits	1,865,929		25,635
Refunds to terminated employees	88,438		
Administrative expenses	13,265		163
Depreciation	 409		
Total Deductions	 1,968,041		25,798
Change in Net Assets	3,859,739		31,565
Net Assets - Beginning	 18,274,112		99,979
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 22,133,851	\$	131,544

Component Units

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

Assets Current assets: 20,340 \$ 1,949 \$ 22,289 Cash and cash equivalents 3553,370 17,571 370,941 Investments 116,671 34,738 150,609 Receivables, net 235,302 3,072 238,374 Due from primary government 38,049 279 33,328 Inventories 225,303 1,235 26,273 Prepaid items 12,773 263 13,036 Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 28,644 Other assets: 20,088 420,088 420,088 Notes receivable, net 131,590 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Cash and cash equivalents 27,548 27,548 27,544 Other capital assets: 211,111 166,553 2,460,97 Liabilities 351 705 1,065 2,575,341 Total Assets 5,372 6,372			Universities	Nonmajor	Totals
Equity in internal investment pool \$ 20.340 \$ 19.49 \$ 22.280 Cash and cash equivalents 353.370 17,571 370.941 Investments 115.871 34,738 150.609 Receivables, net 235.302 3.072 238.374 Due from primary government 38,049 279 38.328 Inventories 25.038 1.235 26.273 Prepaid items 12,773 263 13.036 Notes receivable, net 28.644 28.644 26.644 Other assets 2.31.800 59.356 891,156 Investments 420.088 420.088 420.088 Notes receivable, net 131.690 131.690 131.690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203.286 203.286 Investments 741.316 7.000 748.316 Cash and construction in progress 348.175 15.974 364.149 Other assets 2.75.48 27.548 27.548 Total Assets 5.215.614 250.883 5.466.47 <td>Assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents 953,370 17,571 370,941 Investments 115,871 34,738 150,609 Receivables, net 234 234 Due from other governments 234 234 Due from other government 38,049 279 38,328 Inventories 22,038 1,235 28,273 Prepaid items 12,773 263 13,036 Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 28,644 Other assets 2,413 15 2,428 Investments 420,088 420,088 420,088 Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 10,974 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Cash and cash equivalents 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,024 Other capital assets: 2,7548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,311 Due to primary government	Current assets:				
Investments 115,871 34,738 150,603 Receivables, net 235,302 3,072 238,374 Due from other governments 38,049 279 38,328 Inventionies 25,038 1,235 26,273 Prepaid items 12,773 263 13,036 Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 28,644 Other assets 2,413 15 2,428 Total Current Assets 831,800 59,356 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 101,090 131,690 131,690 Investments 420,088 420,088 140,000 Notes receivable, net 131,990 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 75,43 27,548 27,548 Total And construction in progress 348,175 15,974 36,460,497 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 52,15,614 20,083 5,466,497 Liad and construction in progress 58,766 <td>Equity in internal investment pool</td> <td>\$</td> <td>20,340</td> <td>\$ 1,949</td> <td>\$ 22,289</td>	Equity in internal investment pool	\$	20,340	\$ 1,949	\$ 22,289
Receivables, net 235,302 3,072 238,374 Due from other government 38,049 274 234 Due from primary government 38,049 279 38,328 Inventories 25,038 1,225 26,273 Prepaid items 12,773 2263 13,036 Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 28,644 Other assets 24,113 15 2,428 Total Current Assets 831,800 59,356 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 131,690 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 109,286 Cash and cash equivalents 203,286 203,286 109,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 2,511,711 168,553 2,660,264 Other capital assets, net 2,7548 27,543 2,7543 Current liabilities: 351 705 1,056 Outer capital assets 5,215,614 250,803 5,466,497	Cash and cash equivalents		353,370	17,571	370,941
Due from other governments 234 234 234 Due from other government 38,049 279 38,328 Inventories 25,038 1,225 26,273 Prepaid items 12,773 263 13,036 Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 28,644 Other assets 2,413 15 2,428 Total Current Assets 831,800 59,356 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 11,690 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 1048,316 Cash and cash equivalents 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 241,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,284 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,284 Other assets 2,3548 191,527 4,575,341 Total Noncurrent Assets 155,524 4,047 159,571 Libilities: 155,524 4,047 159,571	Investments		115,871	34,738	150,609
Due from primary government 38,049 279 38,328 Inventories 25,038 1,235 26,273 Prepaid items 12,773 263 13,036 Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 28,644 Other assets 23,180 59,356 891,156 Noncurrent Assets 831,800 59,356 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 131,690 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other capital assets, net 2,7,548 27,548 27,544 Total Noncurrent Assets 155,524 4,047 159,571 Current liabilities: 5,215,614 250,306,147 10,56 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 5,8,766 566 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 2,3149 40 23,889	Receivables, net		235,302	3,072	238,374
Inventories 25,038 1,235 26,273 Prepaid items 12,773 263 13,036 Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 28,644 Other assets 2,413 15 2,428 Total Current Assets 831,800 59,356 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 10,936 420,088 420,088 Investments 420,088 420,088 420,088 Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other capital assets, net 2,7548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 155,524 4,047 159,571 Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 7,05 1,056	Due from other governments			234	234
Prepaid items 12.773 263 13.036 Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 28,644 Other assets 2,413 15 2,428 Total Current Assets 831,800 59,356 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 420,088 420,088 420,088 Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 Cash and cash equivalents 203,286 203,286 Investments 7,41,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other capital assets, net 2,515,614 250,883 5,466,997 Liabilities: 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,997 Current liabilities: 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Deposits 56,260 56,260 56,260 Total Assets 2,3849 40	Due from primary government		38,049	279	38,328
Notes receivable, net 28,644 28,644 Other assets 2,413 15 2,428 Total Current Assets 831,800 59,356 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 420,088 420,088 420,088 Investments 420,088 420,088 420,088 Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 743,016 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 23,848 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other capital assets, net 2,7548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearmed revenues 58,766 566 53,322	Inventories		25,038	1,235	26,273
Other assets 2.413 15 2.428 Total Current Assets 831.800 59.356 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 131,690 131,690 131,690 Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 203,286 Investments 241,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 248,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 186,553 2,680,264 Other assets 2,7,548 2,7,548 2,7,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,066 Deposits 5,372 5,372 5,372 Other liabilities 131,975 270 732,245 Lease obligations payable 2,31,975 270 732,245 Lease obligations payable 2,0,232 20,232 20,232 <td>Prepaid items</td> <td></td> <td>12,773</td> <td>263</td> <td>13,036</td>	Prepaid items		12,773	263	13,036
Total Current Assets 831,800 59,366 891,156 Noncurrent assets: 420,088 420,088 420,088 Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 741,316 7,000 748,316 Land and construction in progress 348,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 667 667 667 Other aspable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 566 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 5,372 5,372 5,272 </td <td>Notes receivable, net</td> <td></td> <td>28,644</td> <td></td> <td>28,644</td>	Notes receivable, net		28,644		28,644
Noncurrent assets: Investments 420,088 420,088 Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 Cash and cash equivalents 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 1 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other assets 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Liabilities 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Current liabilities: 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 566 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other liabilities 731,975 270 732,245 Lease obligations payable				15	
Investments 420,088 420,088 Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 Cash and cash equivalents 203,286 203,286 Capital assets: 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 711,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other capital assets, net 2,7,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Noncurrent Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Querent liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 566 59,332 Lease obligations payable 23,	Total Current Assets		831,800	59,356	891,156
Notes receivable, net 131,690 131,690 Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 348,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other assets 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities: 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Other iabilities 58,766 566,260 56,260 Total Current Liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other iabilities 1,233,013 6,985 1,299,988 Noncurrent Lia	Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets: 203,286 203,286 Cash and cash equivalents 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 348,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other assets 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Noncurrent Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities: 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities: 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 067 067 067 Unearned revenues 53,722 5,372 5,372 0,322 00,232 00,6147 Noncurrent Liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 240,684 690 241,37	Investments		420,088		420,088
Cash and cash equivalents 203,286 203,286 Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: 2 348,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other capital assets, net 2,7,548 27,548 27,543 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities: 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 566 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 5,372 5,372 5,372 Other liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other liabilities 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other liabilities 2,23,013 6,985 1,299,988	Notes receivable, net		131,690		131,690
Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: Land and construction in progress 348,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other assets 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 4,047 159,571 0.566 Current liabilities: 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 5666 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 56,260 56,260 Total Current Liabilities: 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other liabilities 240,684 690 24	Restricted assets:				
Investments 741,316 7,000 748,316 Capital assets: Land and construction in progress 348,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other assets 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 4,047 159,571 0.566 Current liabilities: 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 5666 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 56,260 56,260 Total Current Liabilities: 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other liabilities 240,684 690 24	Cash and cash equivalents		203,286		203,286
Capital assets: Land and construction in progress 348,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other assets 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 5566 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 5,372 5,372 Other liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 1,	•			7,000	748,316
Land and construction in progress 348,175 15,974 364,149 Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other assets 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,333,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 5666 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 5,372 5,372 0 Other liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 992,891 960 993,851 Total Liabilities	Capital assets:		,	,	,
Other capital assets, net 2,511,711 168,553 2,680,264 Other assets 27,548 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Current liabilities: 4,367,514 250,883 5,466,497 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 566 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 56,260 56,260 56,260 Total Current Liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 92,891 960 93,851 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 1,293,013 6,985			348,175	15,974	364,149
Other assets 27,548 27,548 Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 5,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 5666 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,849 Lease obligations payable 5,372 5,372 5,372 Other liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent liabilities 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other liabilities 992,891 960 993,851 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 458,024 13,118 471,142					
Total Noncurrent Assets 4,383,814 191,527 4,575,341 Total Assets 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Liabilities 5,215,614 250,883 5,466,497 Current liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 5666 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 5,372 5,372 5,372 Other liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other liabilities 992,891 960 993,851 Total Liabilities 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 2,132,071 184,216	-			,	
Liabilities 1 1 Current liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 5666 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 5,372 5,372 5,372 Other liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities: 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities: 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 992,891 960 993,851 Total Liabilities 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 1 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,132,071 184,216 2,316,287 Restricted for: 0 458,024 13,118 471,142 Permanent endowments: 584,02	Total Noncurrent Assets			191,527	
Liabilities 1 1 Current liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 5666 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 5,372 5,372 5,372 Other liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities: 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities: 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 992,891 960 993,851 Total Liabilities 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 1 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,132,071 184,216 2,316,287 Restricted for: 0 458,024 13,118 471,142 Permanent endowments: 584,02	Total Assets		5.215.614	250,883	5,466,497
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 566 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 56,260 56,260 Total Current Liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent liabilities: 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent liabilities 20,232 20,232 20,232 Other liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 92,891 960 993,851 Total Liabilities 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 1 13,118 471,142 Permanent endowments: 0 584,020 584,020 Nonexpendable 584,020 584,020 584,020 Unrestricted 748,486 46,564 795,050 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-,,</td> <td></td> <td>-,,,</td>			-,,		-,,,
Accounts payable and other liabilities 155,524 4,047 159,571 Due to primary government 351 705 1,056 Deposits 667 667 667 Unearned revenues 58,766 566 59,332 Bonds and notes payable 23,849 40 23,889 Lease obligations payable 5,372 5,372 Other liabilities 56,260 56,260 Total Current Liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent liabilities 300,122 6,025 306,147 Noncurrent Liabilities 240,684 690 241,374 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 992,891 960 993,851 Total Liabilities 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 1,293,013 6,985 1,299,998 Net Assets 2,132,071 184,216 2,316,287 Restricted for: 2,132,071 184,216 2,316,287 Other purposes 458,024 13,118 471,142 Permanent					
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Unrestricted 748,486 46,564 795,050			584.020		584.020
	•	_	,	46,564	
	Total Net Assets	\$		\$	\$

Component Units

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

				Pro	ogram Revenu	les	s			`	xpense) Rev anges in Net	
Functions/ Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	U	niversities		Nonmajor	Total
Universities Nonmajor	\$ 2,914,424 38,310	\$	1,375,314 30,833	\$	590,107 3,190	\$	68,938 127	\$	(880,065)	\$	(4,160)	\$ (880,065) (4,160)
Total	\$ 2,952,734	\$	1,406,147	\$	593,297	\$	69,065		(880,065)		(4,160)	(884,225)
		-	•	t in rom	•••				138,157 202,101 751,323 22,020		840 2,406	138,997 204,507 751,323 22,020
			Total G	ene	eral Revenues	an	nd Contributions		1,113,601		3,246	1,116,847
			Change	e in	Net Assets				233,536		(914)	232,622
		N	et Assets - I	Beg	jinning				3,689,065		244,812	3,933,877
		N	et Assets - I	End	ling			\$	3,922,601	\$	243,898	\$ 4,166,499

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Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applicable to the State of Mississippi are described below.

- A. Basis of Presentation The accompanying financial statements of the State have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.
- **B.** Financial Reporting Entity For GAAP financial reporting purposes, the State's reporting entity includes all funds of the State's various commissions, departments, boards, elected officials, universities, and other organizational units (hereinafter referred to collectively as "agencies"). Management has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the State are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include the following considerations: 1) appointment of a voting majority of an organization's governing authority and the ability of the primary government to either impose its will on that organization or the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, or 2) an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government. GASB provides additional guidance to determine whether certain organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government. Generally, it requires reporting, as discretely presented component units, organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of a government unit.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with that of the primary government. The blended component unit is:

Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi - The System was created having all the powers and privileges of a public corporation for the purpose of providing pension benefits for public employees of the State and its political subdivisions. The Board of Trustees is composed of the State Treasurer, one member appointed by the Governor and eight members elected by its members. The administrative expenses are subject to legislative budget controls. Its five pension trust funds and one agency fund are reported as part of the State using the blended component method. The funds were audited by independent auditors for the period ended June 30, 2011, and their report, dated November 30, 2011, has been issued under separate cover. The comprehensive annual financial report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, Accounting Department, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Discretely presented component units, which are legally separate from the State, are reported in a separate column of the government-wide financial statements. The State reports the following major discretely presented component unit:

Universities - The Board of Trustees of State Institutions of Higher Learning (IHL), appointed by the primary government, consists of Alcorn State University, Delta State University, Jackson State University, Mississippi State University, Mississippi University for Women, Mississippi Valley State University, the University of Southern Mississippi, and the University of Mississippi. IHL is a body politic and corporate. The State provides financial support to IHL through state appropriations, tuition, federal grants, and private donations and grants. Also included in the Universities are the financial data of their significant fund-raising foundations. Because the restricted resources held by the foundations can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the specific universities, the foundations are considered component units of the Universities.

The State reports the following nonmajor discretely presented component units:

Mississippi Business Finance Corporation - This is a public corporation which is an incorporated certified development company. The Mississippi Business Finance Corporation (MBFC) is a legally separate entity. The primary government is not able to impose its will on MBFC and there is not a financial benefit/burden relationship. However, MBFC and the State work together, providing support, one to the other, in developing the State economically. Therefore, it would be misleading not to include this entity as a discretely presented component unit.

Mississippi Coast Coliseum Commission - This is a political subdivision of the State. Expenditures are subject to legislative budget approvals. The commission is responsible for establishing, promoting, developing, locating, constructing, maintaining and operating a multi-purpose coliseum and related facilities within Harrison County, Mississippi.

Mississippi Development Bank - This is a legally separate entity created and established as a body corporate and politic. The primary government is not able to impose its will on the bank and there is not a financial benefit/burden relationship. However, the bank and the State work together, providing support, one to the other, in developing the State economically. Therefore, it would be misleading not to include this entity as a discretely presented component unit.

Mississippi Prison Industries Corporation - This is a non-profit corporation created and established as a body politic and corporate, to lease and manage the prison industry programs of the Mississippi Correctional Industries. The primary government is not able to impose its will on the corporation and there is not a financial benefit/burden relationship. However, because Prison Industries utilizes state inmates for their workforce, leases state property at below market value and may receive state appropriations for funding, it would be misleading not to include the corporation as a discretely presented component unit.

Pat Harrison Waterway District - This agency is a body politic and corporate. Expenditures are subject to legislative budget approval. The agency is charged with the overall responsibility of providing flood relief along the Pascagoula River and its tributaries and to preserve and protect these waters for future generations, for economic enhancement of the area and its industrial growth.

Pearl River Basin Development District - This agency is a body politic and corporate. Expenditures are subject to legislative budget approval. The agency was created for the purpose of preservation, conservation, storage and regulation of the waters of the Pearl River and its tributaries and their overflow waters for domestic, commercial, municipal, industrial, agricultural and manufacturing purposes, for recreational uses, for flood control, timber development, irrigation, navigation and pollution abatement.

Pearl River Valley Water Supply District - This agency is a body politic and corporate. Expenditures are subject to legislative budget approval. This agency operates and maintains the Ross Barnett Reservoir and surrounding district lands to provide water supply, flood reduction and recreational opportunities.

Tombigbee River Valley Water Management District - This agency is a body politic and corporate. Expenditures are subject to legislative budget approval. This agency provides for a plan of conservation, recreation, water control and utilization, agricultural development and industrial and economic advancement within the district.

The discretely presented component units are audited by independent auditors, and their financial statements are issued under separate covers. The audited financial statements are available from each discretely presented component unit.

State officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other related organizations, but the primary government's accountability for these related organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments. These related organizations are Mississippi Hospital Equipment and Facilities Authority, Mississippi Home Corporation and Mississippi Industries for the Blind.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The primary government is further subdivided between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Assets is a statement of position, which presents all of the State's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. GAAP requires that net assets be subdivided into three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets - assets, less any related liabilities, restricted externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets - assets that are not classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt or restricted net assets.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, thus, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functions and activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. General revenues include taxes and any sources of revenue that are not reported as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and component units. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds (excluding agency funds) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The State's enterprise funds and business-type activities apply all applicable GASB pronouncements and only the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

The revenues and expenses of proprietary funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available to finance operations of the current fiscal year. Available means collectible within the current year or soon enough after fiscal year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the fiscal year. The State considers revenues received within 60 days after fiscal year end as available. Significant revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual include sales taxes, individual income taxes, corporate income taxes and federal grants. Licenses, fees, permits and other miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received since they normally are measurable only at that time. Expenditures and related fund liabilities are recognized upon receipt of goods and services.

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the State. It accounts for transactions related to resources obtained and used for those services traditionally provided by a state government, which are not required to be accounted for in other funds. Certain resources obtained from federal grants and used to support general governmental activities are accounted for in the General Fund consistent with applicable legal requirements.

The State reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Unemployment Compensation Fund accounts for the collection of unemployment insurance assessments from employers and the payment of unemployment benefits to eligible claimants. Funds are also provided by the federal government and investment income.

The Port Authority at Gulfport Fund accounts for operations of a public port providing facilities for foreign and domestic trade. Funding is provided by gross receipts from port operations, proceeds from bond issues and investment income. Expenses include port operation, construction and the payment of maturing bond interest and principal.

The Prepaid Affordable College Tuition Fund accounts for operations of a prepaid college tuition program. Funding is provided by the purchasers' specified actuarially determined payments and investment income.



Additionally, the State reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds account for transactions related to resources obtained from specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes such as, certain federal grant programs and taxes levied with statutorily defined distributions.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for transactions related to resources obtained and used for acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital facilities and other capital assets. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation bond issues and transfers from the General Fund.

Permanent Funds account for transactions related to resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the government or its citizenry.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds account for operations where the intent of the State is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where periodic measurement of the results of operations is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Internal Service Funds account for the operations of state agencies that render services and provide goods to other state agencies or governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis. These activities include personnel services, information technology and risk management. In the government-wide financial statements, Internal Service Funds are included with governmental activities.

Fiduciary Funds:

Pension Trust Funds account for transactions, assets, liabilities and net assets available for plan benefits of the State's Public Employee Retirement Systems and the State's Deferred Compensation Plan.

Private-purpose Trust Fund accounts for operations of a college savings program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. Funding is provided by participants' contributions and investment earnings.

Agency Funds account for funds distributed to the various counties and municipalities of the state; for receipt of various taxes, refundable deposits, inventories, and other monies collected or recovered to be held until the state has the right or obligation to distribute them to state funds or to various entities or individuals; and for deposits to various institutional accounts and other receipts held by the state until there is proper authorization to disburse them directly to others.

E. Equity in Internal Investment Pool and Cash and Cash Equivalents - Equity in internal investment pool is cash equity with the Treasurer and consists of pooled demand deposits and investments recorded at fair value. Cash and cash equivalents include bank accounts, petty cash, money market demand accounts, money market mutual funds and certificates of deposit with a maturity date within 90 days of the date acquired by the State.

In accordance with IHL policy, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less are included as cash and cash equivalents for the Universities, a major component unit.

F. Investments - Investments, including any land or other real estate held as investments by endowments, are recorded at fair value with all investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, reported as revenue in the financial statements. Income from short-term interest bearing securities is recognized as earned. Changes in the fair value of investment derivative instruments, including derivative instruments that are determined to be ineffective as hedges, are reported as investment income in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

Investments of the pension trust funds are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Corporate bonds are valued based on yields currently available on comparable securities from issuers of similar credit ratings. Mortgage securities are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. Short-term investments are reported at fair value when published prices are available, or at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. The fair value of commingled real estate investment funds is based on independent appraisals, while Real Estate Investment Trusts (REIT) traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. For individual investments where no readily ascertainable fair value exists, the Public Employees' Retirement System, in consultation with its investment advisors and custodial bank, has determined the fair values.



- **G.** Receivables Receivables represent amounts due to the State for revenues earned that will be collected sometime in the future. Amounts expected to be collected in the next fiscal year are classified as "current" and amounts expected to be collected beyond the next fiscal year are classified as "noncurrent." Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts where applicable.
- H. Interfund Activity In general, eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activity, including internal service fund type activity on the government-wide financial statements. Excess revenues or expenses from the internal service funds have been allocated to the appropriate function originally charged for the internal sale as part of this process. However, interfund services, provided and used between different functional categories, have not been eliminated in order to avoid distorting the direct costs and program revenues of the applicable functions. Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are reported at the net amount on the government-wide financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, transactions for services rendered by one fund to another are treated as revenues of the recipient fund and expenditures/expenses of the disbursing fund. Reimbursements of expenditures/expenses made by one fund for another are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/ expenses in the reimbursed fund. Transfers represent flows of assets between funds of the primary government without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for payment.

- I. Interfund Balances Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, except for the residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities. Fiduciary funds' receivables and payables have been reclassed to accounts receivable and accounts payable, respectively, on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.
- J. Inventories and Prepaid Items Inventories of supplies and materials are stated at cost, generally using the first-in, first-out method. Cost of inventories held for use by the Department of Transportation is determined by the weighted average method. Inventories of supplies and materials of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

- K. Restricted Assets Proprietary fund and component unit assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, board resolutions and donor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. When both restricted and nonrestricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.
- L. Capital Assets Capital assets are reported, net of depreciation, in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date of donation. Classes of capital assets and their related capitalization thresholds are: land cost or fair market value on the date of donation, software \$1,000,000, buildings \$50,000, land improvements \$25,000, machinery and equipment \$5,000, infrastructure \$100,000, and construction in progress based on the project's class. Infrastructure acquired prior to July 1, 1980 is not reported in the basic financial statements. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of capital assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capital assets, excluding land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated service lives of the respective assets. Estimated service lives include 5 to 15 years for software, 40 years for buildings, 20 years for land improvements, 5 to 15 years for machinery and equipment, 3 years for computer equipment, 5 to 15 years for heavy and outdoor equipment, and 3 to 10 years for vehicles. The estimated service life varies from 8 to 50 years for infrastructure, based on the individual asset.

The State owns various collections, works of art and historical treasures that have not been capitalized because they are held for public exhibition, education or research, and are protected and preserved. The proceeds from sales of such items are used to acquire other items for the collections. These collections include paintings, photographs, various objects of art, historical and scientific artifacts, antique furniture, clothing, books, and relics.

M. Claims and Benefits Payable - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a liability for an insurance claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable.

In the Prepaid Affordable College Tuition Fund (a major proprietary fund), claims and benefits payable represents the actuarially determined present value of future tuition obligations. In the Unemployment Compensation Fund (a major proprietary fund), claims and benefits payable represents amounts incurred prior to the reporting date.

N. Accumulated Unpaid Personal Leave and Major Medical Leave - State law authorizes payment for a maximum of 30 days accrued personal leave in a lump sum upon termination of employment. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave unless employees present medical evidence that their physical condition is such that they can no longer work in a capacity of state government.

The State's obligation for accumulated unpaid personal leave, up to the maximum of 30 days per employee, is reported as "Other Liabilities" in the government-wide financial statements, as well as proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. In the governmental funds, only the amounts that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued as current year expenditures. The State uses the last-in, first-out method of recognizing use of compensated absences. The reported liability applicable to all funds includes the related fringe benefits that the State as employer is required to pay when the accrued compensated absences are liquidated.

Accumulated unpaid major medical leave is not accrued, except in the Universities, because it is not probable that the compensation will be paid in a lump sum other than in the event of severe illness. However, state law authorizes the Universities to make payment for a maximum of 30 days in a lump sum upon termination of employment for nine-month faculty members eligible to receive retirement benefits.

- **O.** Deferred and Unearned Revenues In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, unearned revenues are recognized when assets are received prior to being earned. Unearned revenues are also recognized in the governmental fund financial statements as well as deferred revenues, which are recognized when revenues are unavailable.
- P. Net Assets/Fund Balance The difference between fund assets and liabilities is "Net Assets" on government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds financial statements and "Fund Balance" on governmental funds financial statements. Fund balances of governmental funds are classified as:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form (not expected to be converted to cash) or are legally required to be maintained intact. Examples include inventories and permanent fund principal.

Restricted - amounts where legally enforceable constraints are imposed by an external party such as a grantor, or by the constitution, or by the State Legislature at the same time the revenue is created.

Committed - amounts where constraints are imposed by formal action of the State Legislature, the highest decision-making authority, which cannot be used for any other purpose unless the State Legislature removes or changes the specified use. These constraints are imposed separately from the creation of the revenue.

Assigned - amounts where constraints are imposed on the use of resources through the intent of the State Legislature or by its delegation to each agency director.

Unassigned - the residual amount of the General Fund, which is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes in which all classifications of spendable fund balance are available, it is the State's general policy to use the fund balances in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- **Q.** Federal Grants Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.
- **R.** Bond and Note Premiums/Discounts Bond and note proceeds, premiums and discounts are reported as an other financing source or use in the governmental fund financial statements. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, bond and note premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs and refunding charges (the difference between the carrying amount of redeemed/defeased debt and its reacquisition price), are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds and notes using the straight-line method. Bonds and notes payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond and note premium, discount or refunding charge while bond and note issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.
- **S.** Changes in Accounting Standards The State implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* in the current fiscal year. The provisions of this standard have been incorporated into the financial statements and the notes.

Mississippi

Note 2 - Other Accounting Disclosures

- A. Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation The State's net assets restricted by enabling legislation represent resources which a party external to government such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary can compel the government to use only for the purpose specified by the legislation. The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$3,913,905,000 of restricted net assets, of which \$630,665,000 is restricted by enabling legislation.
- **B.** Deficit Net Assets At June 30, 2011, the State Treasurer Prepaid Affordable College Tuition Fund (a major proprietary fund) has deficit net assets of \$62,037,000. The deficit is a result of actuarial accruals of benefits exceeding tuition receipts. The Department of Corrections Restaurants and Commissary Fund (a nonmajor enterprise fund) has deficit net assets of \$4,000, which resulted from legally mandated transfers out of net profit from operations.
- C. Working Cash Stabilization Reserve Account The Budget Reform Act of 1992 created the Working Cash Stabilization Reserve Account (Account) and required that 100% of the unencumbered General Fund cash balance be deposited into the Account at the close of each fiscal year until the balance reaches \$40,000,000. Thereafter, 50% of the unencumbered General Fund ending cash balance must be deposited into the Account until it reaches 7.5% of General Fund appropriations for the current fiscal year. As required by law, the Account is not considered as a surplus or available funds when adopting a balanced budget. The Account balance, in excess of \$40,000,000, may be permanently transferred to the General Fund to cover deficits up to a maximum of \$50,000,000 in any one fiscal year. These transfers are restored to the Account out of future annual General Fund ending cash balances until the 7.5% maximum is again attained. At June 30, 2011, the Account, as reported in the General Fund, has an unassigned fund balance of \$175,538,000.
- **D. Restatement of Fund Balances/Net Assets** During fiscal year 2011, the State implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The objective of this standard is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications and clarifying existing governmental fund type definitions. Governmental fund balances were analyzed and several funds were reclassified. As part of the analysis, one fund moved from the General Fund to Agency funds leaving a net change in fund balances/net assets of \$149,000. The following table summarizes these reclassifications (amounts expressed in thousands):

	June 30, 2010 as previously reported	Fund Reclassifications	June 30, 2010 as restated
Governmental Funds			
General	\$ 2,708,794	\$ 206,645	\$ 2,915,439
Nonmajor Funds:			
Special Revenue	628,521	(209,474)	419,047
Capital Projects	323,080		323,080
Permanent	 57,420	2,680	60,100
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,717,815	\$ (149)	\$ 3,717,666
Governmental Activities Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	\$ 11,408,744	\$	\$ 11,408,744
Restricted	655,192		655,192
Unrestricted	 (267,619)	(149)	(267,768)
Total Net Assets	\$ 11,796,317	\$ (149)	\$ 11,796,168

Note 3 - Interfund Transactions

At June 30, 2011, interfund receivables and interfund payables consisted of (amounts expressed in thousands):

					Due To					
						Port Authority				
			Nonmajor	Internal	Unemployment	at	Nonmajor	Fiduciary		
Due From		Genera	Governmental	Service	Compensation	Gulfport	Enterprise	Funds		Total
Governmental:										
General	\$		\$ 8,733	\$ 28,389	\$	\$ 1,430	\$ 2,002	\$ Ś	\$4	0,554
Nonmajor Governmenta	l	6,549		1,360	534	8,774	1		1	7,218
Internal Service		626	69	169	750		129			1,743
Proprietary:										
Unemployment										
Compensation		388	4,171							4,559
Port Authority										
at Gulfport				1						1
Prepaid Affordable										
College Tuition		1								1
Nonmajor Enterprise		1,164		416						1,580
Fiduciary		1		15				19		35
Total	\$	8,729	\$ 12,973	\$ 30,350	\$ 1,284	\$ 10,204	\$ 2,132	\$ 19 \$	\$6	5,691

Interfund receivables and payables are the results of 1) timing differences between the date expenses/expenditures occur and the date payments are made and 2) the accrual of tax distributions for taxes collected in the following fiscal year.

At June 30, 2011, amounts due from/to primary government and component units consisted of (amounts expressed in thousands):

				Due	e T	o								
	Primary Government Component Units													
Due From		General	Internal Service	Nonmajor Enterprise		Universities	Nonmajor	Total						
Primary Government:														
General	\$	\$	\$		\$	35,941 \$	245 \$	36,186						
Nonmajor Governmental						2,106		2,106						
Internal Service						2	32	34						
Nonmajor Enterprise							2	2						
Component Units:														
Universities		273	74	4				351						
Nonmajor			705					705						
Total	\$	273 \$	779 \$	4	\$	38,049 \$	279 \$	39,384						

Amounts due to and due from the primary government and component units are the results of timing differences between the date expenses/expenditures occur and the date payments are made.

At June 30, 2011, interfund transfers consisted of (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Transfer To													
Transfer From		General		Nonmajor Governmental		Internal Service		Port Authority at Gulfport		Nonmajor Enterprise		Total		
Governmental:														
General	\$		\$	58,202	\$	629	\$	19,508	\$	9,400	\$	87,739		
Nonmajor Governmental		71,073		2,519		316		280		9		74,197		
Internal Service		118		448								566		
Proprietary:														
Unemployment Compensation				5,065								5,065		
Nonmajor Enterprise		1,261								1		1,262		
Total	\$	72,452	\$	66,234	\$	945	\$	19,788	\$	9,410	\$	168,829		

Interfund transfers are primarily used to 1) move revenues from funds required to collect them to funds required to expend them, 2) use revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and 3) transfer capital facility construction and debt service expenditures to the funds making the payments.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

The State Treasurer maintains a cash and short-term investment pool for all state treasury funds and for investments of certain other state agencies. In addition, the Public Employees' Retirement System (the System), and a small number of other agencies carry out investment activities separate from the State Treasurer. A discussion of statutory authority for these investments follows.

The State Treasurer is authorized to invest all excess treasury funds of the state under Section 27-105-33, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). Funds in the Working Cash-Stabilization Reserve Account and the Education Improvement Trust Account are invested by the State Treasurer as authorized by Sections 27-103-203 and 7-9-103, respectively, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972).

As a result of the settlement of the State's lawsuit against tobacco companies in 1999, Section 43-13-409, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) created the Health Care Trust Fund Board (the Board). This code designates the State Treasurer as chairman and gives the Board investment authority.

The System is authorized to invest funds under Section 25-11-121, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). All investments are governed by the Board of Trustee's policy of the prudent person rule. The prudent person rule establishes a standard for all fiduciaries, to act as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, while investing for income and preservation of principal.

Primary Government Deposits (except for the System)

Section 27-105-5, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) authorizes the State Treasurer to implement a statewide collateral pool program which secures all state and local public funds deposits through a centralized system of pledging securities to the State Treasurer. The program requires the State Treasurer as pledgee of all public funds to monitor the security portfolios of approved financial institutions and ensure public funds are adequately secured.

Section 27-105-5, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) establishes the requirements for a financial institution to be approved as a qualified public funds depository. Generally, financial institutions make annual application to the State Treasurer for state funds by signing a contract and supplying the financial report as provided to its regulatory authority to assure the statutory required 5.5 percent primary capital to total assets ratio. When so approved by the State Treasurer, the financial institution is required to place on deposit with the State Treasurer collateral equal to at least 105 percent of the amount of public funds on deposit in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Collateral may be held by a third party custodian, with approval of the State Treasurer, if conditions are met which protect the State's interests.

Sections 27-105-5 and 27-105-6, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) establish a public funds guaranty pool administered by the Guaranty Pool Board and the State Treasurer. The Guaranty Pool Board is composed of the State Treasurer, Commissioner of Banking and Consumer Finance, five members nominated by the Mississippi Bankers Association, one member nominated by the Mississippi Supervisors Association, and one member nominated by the Mississippi Municipal League. The Guaranty Pool Board is responsible for reviewing and recommending criteria to be used by the State Treasurer in order to protect public deposits and the depositories in the guaranty pool program.

Sections 27-105-5 and 27-105-6, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) establish criteria for a financial institution that has been in existence for three years or more to be approved as a qualified public funds depository and a public funds guaranty pool member. Potential guaranty pool members must submit an application and supply financial information to the State Treasurer as provided to its regulatory authority to verify the institution meets certain financial criteria established in the law. In addition to the requirements in the law, the Guaranty Pool Board has established additional membership requirements pursuant to its statutory authority. Once approved as a member of the public funds guaranty pool, the members must submit quarterly financial information to the State Treasurer. The Guaranty Pool Board uses this information to monitor the financial status of each member and the fiscal soundness of the guaranty pool.

Under the criteria established by the Guaranty Pool Board, an approved guaranty pool member must meet the 105 percent security requirement by depositing eligible collateral with the State Treasurer (or an approved custodian). The agreement provides that if a loss to a public depositor in the guaranty pool is not covered by deposit insurance and the proceeds from the sale of securities pledged by the defaulting depository, the difference will be provided by an assessment against other guaranty pool members on a pro rata basis.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the government will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the statewide collateral pool cash deposits reported by the financial institutions as of June 30, 2011, \$164,707,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the primary government's cash deposits, which are not included in the statewide collateral pool, excluding the System as of June 30, 2011, \$145,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized, and \$112,265,000 was uninsured and collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent was not in the government's name.

Primary Government Investment Policies (except for the System)

The State Treasurer is authorized to invest all funds in the state pool in the following:

Certificates of deposit or term repurchase agreements with approved financial institutions, banks and savings associations domiciled in Mississippi;

Repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions (with at least 80 percent of the total dollar amount with qualified state depositories);

Direct U.S. Treasury obligations fully guaranteed by the U.S Government;

U.S. Government agency, U.S. Government instrumentality, or U.S. Government sponsored enterprise obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by U.S. Government, U.S. Government agency, U.S. Government instrumentality, or U.S. Government sponsored enterprise, not to exceed 50 percent of total investments with maturities of 30 days or longer. During the year, these investments exceeded the limit imposed by the statute. On September 7, 2008, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) and Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) were placed into conservatorship by the U.S. government, lending an additional level of security to these investments. The Agency bonds purchased over and above the statutory limitation were purchased in lieu of Treasury bonds that were offered at substantially lower yields. As Congress debates possible reforms to FHLMC and FNMA, the risk position of the portfolio will continue to be monitored to ensure that funds are invested in a manner consistent with the risk limitations intended by the statute. Whatever identity FHLMC and FNMA assume post-conservatorship will be evaluated in light of the statute and the appropriate limitations to the asset allocation will be imposed; and

Any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the provisions of 15 U.S.C. Section 80(a)-1 et seq., provided that the portfolio is limited to direct obligations issued by the U.S. (or its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises) and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by direct obligations of the U.S. (or its agencies, instrumentalities or sponsored enterprises). The total dollar amount of funds invested in all open-end and closed-end management type companies and investment trust cannot exceed 20 percent of total investments. Not more than \$500,000 may be invested with foreign financial institutions.



The State Treasurer, for the Working Cash-Stabilization Reserve Account and the Education Improvement Trust Account; and the Board are authorized to invest in the following:

Bonds, notes, certificates and other valid general obligations of the State, or of any county, city, or supervisor's district of any county of the State;

School district bonds of the State;

Notes or certificates of indebtedness issued by the Veterans' Home Purchase Board, not to exceed five percent of total investments;

Highway bonds of the State;

Corporate bonds of Grade A or better as rated by Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P) or by Moody's Investors Service. The Board may invest in corporate bonds of Grade BBB/Baa or better as rated by S&P or by Moody's Investors Service;

Short-term obligations of corporations, or of wholly-owned subsidiaries of corporations, whose short-term obligations are rated A-3 or better by S&P or rated P-3 or better by Moody's Investors Service;

Bonds of the Tennessee Valley Authority;

Bonds, notes, certificates and other valid obligations of the U.S. or any federal instrumentality that issues securities under authority of an act of Congress and are exempt from registration with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC);

Bonds, notes, debentures and other securities issued by any federal instrumentality and fully guaranteed by the U.S.; and

Interest-bearing bonds or notes which are general obligations of any other state in the U.S. or any city or county therein, provided such city or county had a population as shown by the federal census next preceding such investment of not less than 25,000 inhabitants, and provided that such state, city, or county has not defaulted for a period longer than 30 days in the payment of principal or interest on any of its general obligation indebtedness during a period of ten calendar years immediately preceding such investment.

In addition, the Board is authorized to invest in the following:

Bonds rated A or better, stocks and convertible securities of established non-U.S. companies which are listed on primary national stock exchanges of foreign nations and foreign government securities rated A or better by a recognized rating agency. The Board is authorized to hedge such transactions through foreign banks and generally deal in foreign exchange through the use of foreign currency, interbank forward contracts, futures contracts, options contracts, swaps and other related derivative instruments;

Shares of stock, common and/or preferred, of corporations created by or existing under the laws of the U.S. or any state, district or territory thereof;

Covered call and put options on securities traded on one or more of the regulated exchanges;

Pooled or commingled funds managed by a corporate trustee or by a SEC registered investment advisory firm and shares of investment companies and unit investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, where such pooled or commingled funds or shares are comprised of common or preferred stocks, bonds, money market instruments or other authorized investments; and

Pooled or commingled real estate funds or real estate securities managed by a corporate trustee or by a SEC registered investment advisory firm retained as an investment manager by the Board.

Primary Government Investments (except for the System)

A. Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The primary government follows the statutes as previously discussed as its policy for limiting exposure to credit risk. The Moody's or S&P credit ratings for the primary government's investments as of June 30, 2011 are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Quality Ratings													
Investment Type		Aaa/AAA		Aa/AA		A/A		Baa/BBB		Ba/BB		Not Rated		
Asset backed securities	\$	2,769	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$			
Collateralized mortgage obligations		476		682		483						449,089		
Corporate bonds		1,840		4,439		20,282		4,075		198		197		
Guaranteed investment contracts				29,050		135,581								
Mortgage pass-throughs												151,103		
Mutual funds		121,876										37,645		
State and local obligations		656		4,514		1,157		675				30		
U.S. Government agency obligations		1,288,785												
Total	\$	1,416,402	\$	38,685	\$	157,503	\$	4,750	\$	198	\$	638,064		

B. Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The primary government has no formal policy on limiting exposure to interest rate risk. As of June 30, 2011, the primary government had the following investments and maturities (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Investment Maturities (in Years)										
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than 1		1 - 5	6 - 10	More than 10			
Asset backed securities	\$	2,769	\$		\$	2,769 \$		\$			
Collateralized mortgage obligations		820,635				2,756	37,477	780,402			
Corporate bonds		31,717		2,491		18,350	5,925	4,951			
Guaranteed investment contracts		164,631				151,202		13,429			
Mortgage pass-throughs		132,648		610		11,552	49,886	70,600			
Mutual funds		159,521		126,491		3,509	29,521				
Other pass-through securities		245,261		17		971	116,324	127,949			
State and local obligations		7,031		562		4,087	743	1,639			
U.S. Government agency obligations		1,292,643		58,945		1,224,926	1,291	7,481			
U.S. Treasury obligations		49,752		5,652		37,109	5,727	1,264			
Zero coupon bonds		2,953				2,165	788				
Total	\$	2,909,561	\$	194,768	\$	1,459,396 \$	247,682	\$ 1,007,715			

Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) are bonds that are collateralized by whole loan mortgages, mortgage passthrough securities or stripped mortgage-backed securities. Income is derived from payments and prepayments of principal and interest generated from collateral mortgages. Cash flows are distributed to different investment classes or tranches in accordance with that CMO's established payment order. Some CMO tranches have more stable cash flows relative to changes in interest rates while others are significantly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations.

Asset backed securities (ABS) are bonds or notes backed by loan paper or accounts receivable originated by banks, credit card companies, or other credit providers. The originator of the loan or accounts receivable paper sells it to a specially created trust, which repackages it as securities. Similar to CMOs, ABS have been structured as pass-throughs and as structures with multiple bond classes.

Mortgage pass-through securities are issued by the FNMA, FHLMC, and Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA). These investments are backed by mortgage loans in which the borrowers have the option of prepaying.

C. Foreign Currency Risk - Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The Board limits non-U.S. investments to 20 percent of total investments. The primary government's exposure to foreign currency risk at June 30, 2011, is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Currency	Cash and Equivalents	Equities	Total Fair Value
Australian dollar	\$ \$	4,303	\$ 4,303
Brazilian real		884	884
British pound sterling		11,613	11,613
Canadian dollar		481	481
Euro	11	16,399	16,410
Hong Kong dollar		3,122	3,122
Israeli new shekel		923	923
Japanese yen		7,818	7,818
Malaysian ringgit		1,246	1,246
New Taiwan dollar	10	968	978
New Zealand dollar		334	334
Norwegian krone		563	563
Russian ruble		398	398
Singapore dollar		1,217	1,217
Swedish krona		887	887
Swiss franc		5,881	5,881
Total	\$ 21 \$	57,037	\$ 57,058

D. Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The primary government limits investment in the Veteran's Home Purchase Board notes or certificates to not more than five percent of total investment holdings. By statute, the Board's investments in stocks of any one corporation are limited to not more than three percent of the book value of their assets. The primary government has the following investments that represent more than five percent of net investments (amounts expressed in thousands):

Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 276,664	7.25 %
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	535,030	14.02
Federal National Mortgage Association	702,480	18.40
Federal Farm Credit Bank	310,094	8.12

E. Investment Derivative Instruments - During fiscal year 2011, the State issued fixed rate notes to refund variable rate notes which had an associated interest rate swap agreement. The swap agreement was an ineffective hedging derivative instrument as a result of a termination at the time of the refunding. The termination resulted in an investment loss of \$21,155,000 in the Statement of Activities.

System Deposits

Section 25-11-121, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), requires the System's Board of Trustees to determine the degree of collateralization necessary for both foreign and domestic demand deposits in addition to that which is guaranteed by federal insurance programs. These statutes also require that, when possible, the types of collateral securing deposits be limited to securities in which the System itself may invest. The Board of Trustees has established a policy to require collateral equal to at least 100 percent of the amount on deposit in excess of that which is guaranteed by federal insurance programs to the credit of the System for domestic demand deposit accounts. No collateral is required for foreign demand deposit accounts, and at June 30, 2011, the System had no deposits in foreign demand deposit accounts.

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Section 25-11-121, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), provides that the deposits of the System in any U.S. bank shall, where possible, be safeguarded and guaranteed by the posting of bonds, notes, and other securities as security by the depository. The System's Board of Trustees has formally adopted a short-term investment policy that requires that the market value of securities guaranteeing the deposits shall at all times be equal to 100 percent of the amount of funds on deposit.

System Investment Policies

The System is authorized to invest in the following:

Bonds, notes, certificates and other valid general obligations of the State, or of any county, city, or supervisor's district of any county of the State;

School district bonds of the State;

Notes or certificates of indebtedness issued by the Veterans' Home Purchase Board, not to exceed five percent of total investments;

Highway bonds of the State;

Corporate bonds rated by S&P or by Moody's Investors Service;

Short-term obligations of corporations, or of wholly-owned subsidiaries of corporations, whose short-term obligations are rated A-3 or better by S&P or rated P-3 or better by Moody's Investors Service;

Bonds of the Tennessee Valley Authority;

Bonds, notes, certificates and other valid obligations of the U.S. or any federal instrumentality that issues securities under authority of an act of Congress and are exempt from registration with the SEC;

Bonds, notes, debentures and other securities issued by any federal instrumentality and fully guaranteed by the U.S.;

Bonds, stocks, and convertible securities of established foreign companies that are listed on primary national stock exchanges of foreign nations and foreign government securities. The System is authorized to hedge such transactions through foreign banks and generally deal in foreign exchange through the use of foreign currency, interbank forward contracts, futures contracts, options contracts, swaps and other related derivative instruments;

Interest-bearing bonds or notes that are general obligations of any other state in the U.S. or any city or county therein, provided such city or county had a population as shown by the federal census next preceding such investment of not less than 25,000 inhabitants, and provided that such state, city, or county has not defaulted for a period longer than 30 days in the payment of principal or interest on any of its general obligation indebtedness during a period of ten calendar years immediately preceding such investment;

Shares of stock, common and/or preferred, of corporations created by or existing under the laws of the U.S. or any state, district or territory thereof;

Covered call and put options on securities traded on one or more of the regulated exchanges;

Pooled or commingled funds managed by a corporate trustee or by a SEC registered investment advisory firm and shares of investment companies and unit investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, where such pooled or commingled funds or shares are comprised of common or preferred stocks, bonds, money market instruments or other authorized investments;

Pooled or commingled real estate funds or real estate securities managed by a corporate trustee or by a SEC registered investment advisory firm retained as an investment manager by the System. Section 25-11-121, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), allows the System to invest up to ten percent of the total portfolio in real estate only via real estate securities and commingled funds. Direct ownership of real estate assets is prohibited. The portfolio is divided between core commingled and value added real estate fund investments, which directly invest in properties, and in managed portfolios of Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs). REITs are exchange traded securities that provide indirect exposure to real estate properties and real estate management companies. Fair values of commingled fund properties are based on the most recent independent appraisal values. Independent appraisal firms which are Members of Appraisal Institute (MAI) are required to conduct valuations at least annually; and

Up to ten percent of the total book value of investments can be types of investments not specifically authorized by this section, if the investments are in the form of a separate account managed by a SEC registered investment advisory firm retained as an investment manager by the Board of Trustees, or a limited partnership, or commingled fund.



System Investments

A. Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The System follows the statutes as previously discussed as its policy for limiting exposure to credit risk. The Board of Trustees has adopted a short-term investment policy which further restricts commercial paper to be of corporations with long-term debt to be rated A or better by S&P or Moody's, and whose short-term obligations are of A-2 or P-2 or better ratings by S&P and Moody's, respectively. This applies to all short-term investments. In addition to the short-term investment policy, a policy adopted for the internally-managed short-term account requires that for any amount above the established core of \$30 million, no more than 25 percent may be invested in any issue having a rating lower than AA or A1/P1. Credit risk for derivatives results from the same considerations as other counterparty risk assumed by the System. Policy requires that the credit quality of the underlying asset must be rated A or better by Moody's or S&P. The lending agent is permitted to purchase asset-backed securities for the cash collateral fund that are only AAA rated.

The Moody's or S&P credit ratings for the System's investments as of June 30, 2011 are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

			Quality Ra	atings		
Investment Type	 Aaa/AAA	Aa/AA	A/A	Baa/BBB	Ba/BB	B/B
Asset backed securities	\$ 464,734 \$	48,865 \$	12,183 \$	14 \$	9,530 \$	19
Collateralized mortgage obligations	356,184	20,205	65,181	49,128	1,593	8,548
Commercial paper			968,327			
Corporate bonds	93,331	342,305	579,784	496,598	161,693	70,805
Mortgage pass-throughs	464,100					
Repurchase agreements	1,252,209					
Sovereign agencies debt		285	1,572			
Sovereign governments debt		19,059	22,415	134,950	71,847	42,548
State and local obligations	1,999	36,344	47,786	4,100		
U.S. Government agency obligations	187,184		1,226			
Yankee/Global bonds	 18,758	307	7,965	3,642	1,277	
Total	\$ 2,838,499 \$	467,370 \$	1,706,439 \$	688,432 \$	245,940 \$	121,920

	Quality Ratings												
Investment Type		Caa/CCC	Ca/CC	C/C	D/D	Р	WR	Not Rated					
Asset backed securities	\$	2,041 \$	\$	15 \$	\$	44 \$	1,095 \$						
Collateralized mortgage obligations		16,389	5,574	14,355	1,282		330						
Commercial Paper						30,000		25,001					
Corporate bonds		1,505					4	318					
Sovereign governments debt								3,615					
State and local obligations								2,839					
Yankee/Global bonds								154					
Total	\$	19,935 \$	5,574 \$	14,370 \$	1,282 \$	30,044 \$	1,429 \$	31,927					

B. Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Section 25-11-121, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), requires that all investments be clearly marked as to ownership, and to the extent possible, shall be registered in the name of the System. Within the System, the pension funds have \$24,824,547,000 in investments at June 30, 2011. Of this amount, \$3,200,000,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk. These are cash collateral reinvestment securities held in the name of the custodian who acquired them as the lending agent/counterparty. This is consistent with the securities lending agreement in place with the custodian.

The fair value of the System's cash collateral securities as of June 30, 2011, consisted of (amounts expressed in thousands):

Investment Type	Fair Value					
Commercial paper	\$ 1,023,328					
Repurchase agreements	1,229,247					
Corporate bonds	510,361					
Asset backed securities	437,685					
U.S. Government agencies	 22,990					
Total	\$ 3,223,611					

C. Foreign Currency Risk - Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees evaluates the actual investment asset allocation quarterly, in accordance with the adopted phase-in policy. Based on current market conditions, the Board adjusts the allocation as necessary. The investment asset allocation policy does not limit foreign currency-denominated investments of the System. The System's exposure to foreign currency risk at June 30, 2011, is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Currency	-	ash and Juivalents	Equities and REITs	Debt Securities	Total Fair Value	
Australian dollar	\$	1,909	\$ 225,595	\$	\$	227,504
Brazilian real		(5,705)	235,762	5,989		236,046
British pound sterling		1,998	819,987			821,985
Canadian dollar		895	163,000			163,895
Chilean peso		1	2,911			2,912
Columbian peso		(4,628)	2,848	6,758		4,978
Danish krone		155	33,825			33,980
Egyptian pound			32,240			32,240
Euro		(2,386)	1,246,949	9,093		1,253,656
Hong Kong dollar		264	217,862			218,126
Hungarian forint		38	14,230			14,268
Indian rupee		118	80,644			80,762
Indonesian rupiah		257	62,357			62,614
Israeli new shekel		33	11,269			11,302
Japanese yen		10,181	680,972			691,153
Malaysian ringgit		13	6,361			6,374
Mexican peso		(7,853)	51,309	11,962		55,418
New Taiwan dollar		43	103,200			103,243
New Zealand dollar		58	8,420			8,478
Norwegian krone		(1,154)	73,139			71,985
Pakistani rupee			12,287			12,287
Philippines peso		2	3,669			3,671
Polish zloty		1	6,195			6,196
Singapore dollar		781	93,771			94,552
South African rand		889	136,824	3,773		141,486
South Korean won		118	177,350			177,468
Swedish krona		624	77,741			78,365
Swiss franc		3,433	240,023			243,456
Thailand baht		44	35,026			35,070
Turkish lira		31	68,747			68,778
United Arab Emirates dirham			1,673			1,673
Total	\$	160	\$ 4,926,186	\$ 37,575	\$	4,963,921

D. Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System has no formal policy on limiting exposure to interest rate risk. As of June 30, 2011, the System had the following investments and maturities (amounts expressed in thousands):

			_	ities (in Years	rs)		
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More than 10
Asset backed securities	\$	538,540	\$	455,065 \$	36,008 \$	13,472 \$	33,995
Collateralized mortgage obligations		538,769		40,670	5,504	14,973	477,622
Commercial paper		1,023,328		1,023,328			
Corporate bonds		1,746,343		145,861	836,474	513,950	250,058
Mortgage pass-throughs		517,503			873	30,621	486,009
Repurchase agreements		1,252,209		1,252,209			
Sovereign agencies debt		1,857			1,572	285	
Sovereign governments debt		294,434		4,734	69,602	110,079	110,019
State and local obligations		93,068		202	6,241	7,072	79,553
U.S. Government agency obligations		188,410		4,267	149,157	23,450	11,536
U.S. Treasury obligations		1,459,549			568,229	600,177	291,143
Yankee/Global bonds		32,103		98	15,539	9,207	7,259
Total	\$	7,686,113	\$	2,926,434 \$	1,689,199 \$	1,323,286 \$	5 1,747,194

During fiscal year 2011, the investments in derivatives were exclusively in asset/liability based derivatives such as interestonly (IO) strips, CMOs and ABS. The System reviews fair values of all securities on a monthly basis and prices are obtained from recognized pricing sources. Derivative securities are held, in part, to maximize yields. IO and principal-only (PO) strips are transactions which involve the separation of the interest and principal components of a security. They are highly sensitive to prepayments by mortgagors which may result from a decline in interest rates. The System held IO strips valued at \$5,000 at fiscal year end. The derivatives policy limits IO and PO strips to 3 percent of the investment portfolio.

CMOs are bonds that are collateralized by whole loan mortgages, mortgage pass-through securities or stripped mortgagebacked securities. Income is derived from payments and prepayments of principal and interest generated from collateral mortgages. Cash flows are distributed to different investment classes or tranches in accordance with that CMO's established payment order. Some CMO tranches have more stable cash flows relative to changes in interest rates while others are significantly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations. In a declining interest rate environment, some CMOs may be subject to a reduction in interest payments as a result of prepayments of mortgages which make up the collateral pool. A reduction in interest payments causes a decline in cash flows and, thus a decline in the fair value of the CMO security. Rising interest rates may cause an increase in interest payments, thus an increase in the value of the security. The System held \$538,769,000 in CMOs at June 30, 2011. Of this amount, \$158,800,000 were tranches that are highly sensitive to future changes in interest rates. CMO residuals are prohibited under the derivatives policy.

ABS are bonds or notes backed by loan paper or accounts receivable originated by banks, credit card companies, or other credit providers. The originator of the loan or accounts receivable paper sells it to a specially created trust, which repackages it as securities. Similar to CMOs, ABS have been structured as pass-throughs and as structures with multiple bond classes. Of the \$538,540,000 in ABS held at June 30, 2011, \$51,800,000 are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. ABS which are leveraged structures or residual interests are prohibited by the derivatives policy.

At June 30, 2011, the System has invested in \$517,503,000 in mortgage pass-through securities issued by the FNMA, FHLMC, and GNMA. These investments are moderately sensitive to changes in interest rates because they are backed by mortgage loans in which the borrowers have the option of prepaying.

E. Investment Derivatives - The System's derivatives policy limits foreign currency forwards to no more than 100 percent of the aggregate value of the portfolio securities denominated in the hedged currency. The counterparties of the foreign currency forwards have short term credit ratings of A or better as rated by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The System's general policy requires that the counterparty has a long term credit rating of A or better and a short term credit rating of A1/P1 at a minimum. More specifically, the System's policy requires that all over-the-counter derivatives be rated AA or better by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The counterparties of the to-be-announced securities are rated A or better by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations except for one that was not rated. The foreign currency forwards are presented in the foreign currency risk table, and the to-be-announced securities are disclosed in the interest rate risk table by years to maturity. The investment derivative instruments outstanding as of June 30, 2011 are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Investment Type	Notional	Changes in Fair	Value	Fair Value at June 30, 2011			
Investment Type	Amount	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount		
Foreign currency forwards	\$ 8,355,652	Investment income	\$ (437)	Investment	\$ (437)		
To-be-announced securities	30,000	Investment income	(67)	Debt securities	31,122		

F. Securities Lending Transactions - The Board of Trustees has authorized the System to lend its securities to brokerdealers with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The System's custodian, pursuant to a written agreement, is permitted to lend all long-term securities to authorized broker-dealers subject to the receipt of acceptable collateral. There have been no significant violations of the provisions of the agreement during the period of this statement. The System lends securities for collateral in the form of either cash or other securities. The types of securities on loan at June 30, 2011, by the System are long-term U.S. Government and agency obligations, corporate bonds, REITs, and domestic and international equities. At the initiation of a loan, borrowers are required to provide collateral amounts of 102 percent on U.S. securities and international securities denominated in the same currency of the loaned security. For international securities that are denominated in a currency other than the currency of the loaned security, 105 percent collateral is required at the initiation of the loan. In the event the collateral fair value on U.S. securities falls to less than 100 percent of the respective fair value of the securities lent, the borrower is required to provide additional collateral by the end of the next business day. In the event the collateral fair value falls below 102 percent for international same-currency transactions or 105 percent for cross-currency transactions, the borrower is required to provide additional collateral. The contractual agreement with the custodian provides indemnification in the event the borrower fails to return the securities lent or fails to pay the System income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan. The System cannot pledge, lend, or sell securities received as collateral unless the borrower defaults. The System has contracted with its custodian to invest cash collateral received from the transfer of securities in any investment instrument authorized by Section 25-11-121, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972).

The maturities of the investments made with cash collateral generally do not match the maturities of the securities loans. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the System or the borrower, although the average term of these loans was 2 days at June 30, 2011. Cash collateral was invested in repurchase agreements, commercial paper, corporate bonds, U.S. Government agencies, and ABS. The weighted average effective duration of all collateral investments at June 30, 2011, was 20 days with a weighted average maturity of 20 days.

Securities lent at year end for cash collateral are presented by type. Securities lent for securities collateral are classified according to the custodial credit risk category for the collateral. There were no securities lent for securities collateral as of June 30, 2011. The investments purchased with the cash collateral are presented in the discussion of custodial credit risk, since the custodian, as agent, is the counterparty in acquiring these securities in a separate account for the System.

At year end, the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amount the System owed the borrowers exceeded the amount the borrowers owed the System. At June 30, 2011, the aggregate fair value of securities lending holdings, including accrued interest was \$3,224,430,000 and the aggregate fair value, including accrued interest, of the underlying securities lent was \$3,137,032,000. The value of the collateral pledged by borrowers at year end was \$3,223,865,000.

Note 5 - Receivables

At June 30, 2011, receivables consisted of (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 Governmer	ntal	Funds							
	 General		Nonmajor Funds		Internal Service	Receiv Rec		Tota ernm <u>ctivit</u>	ental	
Accounts	\$ 166,272	\$	19,751	\$	108	\$	16	\$	18	6,147
Taxes:										
Sales	423,184								42	3,184
Income	346,955								34	6,955
Gasoline	47,325								4	7,325
Other	69,861								6	9,861
Interest and dividends	8,890		719		227					9,836
Other	 252									252
Gross receivables	1,062,739		20,470		335		16		1,08	3,560
Allowance for uncollectibles	 (329,177)		(13,076)						(34	2,253)
Receivables, net	\$ 733,562	\$	7,394	\$	335	\$	16	\$	74	1,307
Amounts not scheduled for collection in subsequent year	\$ 181,440	\$	308					\$	18	1,748
			l	Busir	ness-type /	Activities				
					Р	repaid				
	Unemployme	ent	Port Aut	hority		ordable	No	nmajor		
	Compensatio		at Gulf			ge Tuition		unds		Total
Accounts Assessments	\$ 72,6 84,3		\$	692	2 \$	3,529	\$	4,507	\$	81,351 84,351

	 Compensation	at Guilport	College Tultion	Fullus	Total
Accounts	\$ 72,623	\$ 692	\$ 3,529	\$ 4,507 \$	81,351
Assessments	84,351				84,351
Interest and dividends		121	491	681	1,293
Gross receivables	156,974	813	4,020	5,188	166,995
Allowance for uncollectibles	 (67,099)			(110)	(67,209)
Receivables, net	\$ 89,875	\$ 813	\$ 4,020	\$ 5,078 \$	99,786

	Component Units									
		Universities Nonmajor				Total				
Accounts	\$	1,900,115	\$	2,945	\$	1,903,060				
Interest		4,247		127		4,374				
Gross receivables		1,904,362		3,072		1,907,434				
Allowance for uncollectibles		(1,669,060)				(1,669,060)				
Receivables, net	\$	235,302	\$	3,072	\$	238,374				

Note 6 - Due From Other Governments

At June 30, 2011, due from other governments consisted of (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Governmer	ntal F	unds		
	General	Nonmajor Funds		Internal Service	Total Governmental Activities
Due from other governments Allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 1,132,880 (857)	\$	27,709	\$ 321	\$ 1,160,910 (857)
Due from other governments, net	\$ 1,132,023	\$	27,709	\$ 321	\$ 1,160,053
Amounts not scheduled for collection in subsequent year	\$ 561,978				\$ 561,978

Note 7 - Loans and Notes Receivable

At June 30, 2011, loans and notes receivables consisted of (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Prima	ary Government	Com	ponent Units			
	Gover	nmental Activities					
	Gove	ernmental Funds					
		General	Universities				
Loans and notes receivable	\$	278,276	\$	182,778			
Allowance for uncollectibles		(522)		(22,444)			
Loans and notes receivable, net	\$	277,754	\$	160,334			
Amounts not scheduled for							
collection in subsequent year	\$	258,504	\$	131,690			

Note 8 - Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Governmental Activities:	 Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,167,729	\$ 137,932	\$ 291	\$ 1,305,370
Construction in progress	 4,388,902	789,178	583,308	4,594,772
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,556,631	927,110	583,599	5,900,142
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Software	5,953			5,953
Buildings	1,675,360	112,139	4,556	1,782,943
Land improvements	170,047	21,845	758	191,134
Machinery and equipment	654,720	48,132	107,909	594,943
Infrastructure	 9,053,874	439,064	82,726	9,410,212
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,559,954	621,180	195,949	11,985,185
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Software	2,843	554		3,397
Buildings	443,297	34,114	3,277	474,134
Land improvements	70,660	5,384	301	75,743
Machinery and equipment	400,553	55,003	50,163	405,393
Infrastructure	 3,623,591	245,863	82,726	3,786,728
Total accumulated depreciation	4,540,944	340,918	136,467	4,745,395
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 7,019,010	280,262	59,482	7,239,790
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,575,641	\$ 1,207,372	\$ 643,081	\$ 13,139,932

Business-type Activities:		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	42,514 \$	28,706	\$ 2	\$ 71,218
Construction in progress	_	40,403	14,881	50,744	4,540
Total capital assets not being depreciated		82,917	43,587	50,746	75,758
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		84,089	13		84,102
Land improvements		36,770	2,580		39,350
Machinery and equipment		21,920	98	384	21,634
Infrastructure		103,831	19,383		123,214
Total capital assets being depreciated		246,610	22,074	384	268,300
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		22,371	1,670		24,041
Land improvements		17,129	1,343		18,472
Machinery and equipment		9,929	1,225	310	10,844
Infrastructure		36,890	3,763		40,653
Total accumulated depreciation		86,319	8,001	310	94,010
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		160,291	14,073	74	174,290
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	243,208 \$	57,660	\$ 50,820	\$ 250,048

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 15,049
Education	5,618
Health and social services	15,890
Law, justice and public safety	31,364
Recreation and resources development	9,147
Regulation of business and profession	145
Transportation	256,893
Depreciation on capital assets held by the government's	
internal service funds is charged to the various	
functions based on their usage of the assets	 2,271
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 336,377
Business-type Activities:	
Port Authority at Gulfport	\$ 6,017
Other business-type	 1,984
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 8,001

Construction in progress is composed of (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Project Authorization		Expended To Date		Outstanding Commitment	
Governmental Activities:						
Department of Transportation	\$	5,594,216	\$	4,279,309	\$	1,318,060
Information Technology Services		35,277		32,686		722
Wireless Communication Commission		83,276		39,553		43,723
Department of Finance and Administration		60,377		52,626		911
Department of Employment Security		58,672		31,580		17,738
Department of Public Safety		47,900		29,360		5,474
Mississippi Development Authority		43,072		38,449		4,623
Department of Revenue		32,646		4,189		28,320
Department of Health		31,406		29,416		1,784
Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks		20,183		14,494		5,546
Military Department		14,458		5,132		9,326
East MS State Hospital		13,797		2,904		9,524
Other projects less than \$10 million		48,289		35,074		4,747
Total governmental activities		6,083,569		4,594,772		1,450,498
Business-type Activities:						
Port Authority at Gulfport		7,374		4,540		2,834
Total construction in progress	\$	6,090,943	\$	4,599,312	\$	1,453,332

Component Units

At June 30, 2011, capital assets consisted of (expressed in thousands):

	Universities	Nonmajor	Total
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land	\$ 66,882 \$	15,974 \$	82,856
Construction in progress	281,293		281,293
Total capital assets not being depreciated	348,175	15,974	364,149
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Buildings	2,690,898	163,543	2,854,441
Land improvements	269,898	61,945	331,843
Machinery and equipment	 966,279	45,092	1,011,371
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,927,075	270,580	4,197,655
Less accumulated depreciation	 1,415,364	102,027	1,517,391
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 2,511,711	168,553	2,680,264
Component units capital assets, net	\$ 2,859,886 \$	184,527 \$	3,044,413

Note 9 - Long-term General Obligation Bonds and Notes

Bond indebtedness incurred by the State of Mississippi must be authorized by legislation governing the specific programs or projects to be financed. Such legislation provides the state bond commission authority to approve and authorize the sale and issuance of bonds. The state bond commission is comprised of the Governor as chairman, the State Attorney General as secretary, and the State Treasurer.

General obligation bonds are issued to provide funds for capital improvements which include repairing, renovating, or constructing state owned facilities, to provide loans and grants to local governments and other entities for economic development and capital improvements, and to provide grants to community colleges and universities for capital improvements. General obligation refunding bonds are issued to currently refund or advance refund certain outstanding bonds for both capital and non-capital related purposes, the majority of which are non-capital related. General obligation bonds issued by the State as of June 30, 2011, relating to a portion of capital improvement and major economic impact projects pay interest at variable rates. The remaining general obligation debt has fixed rates of interest.

The *Tax Reform Act of 1986* requires governmental entities issuing tax-exempt bonds to refund to the U. S. Treasury interest earnings on bond proceeds in excess of the yield on those bonds. The State must comply with arbitrage rebate requirements in order for their bonds to maintain tax-exempt status. As of June 30, 2011, no arbitrage rebate liability existed.

General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the state. Although certain general obligation debt is being retired from the resources of the business-type activities and is, therefore, recorded in those funds, the State remains contingently liable for its payment. In accordance with Mississippi state law, the State serves as the guarantor for the general obligation bonds of the Greater Port of Pascagoula. The port is not considered part of the reporting entity; however, if the port's resources are insufficient to make the debt service payments on the outstanding bonds, the deficiency must be paid by the State. As of June 30, 2011, the Port of Pascagoula's outstanding general obligation bonds are \$20,000.

Bond Anticipation Notes

During fiscal year 2011, the State issued \$19,000,000 of general obligation notes in anticipation of the issuance of bonds. These notes were redeemed subsequent to year end with proceeds of long-term Tax-exempt General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A dated October 26, 2011. The Series 2011A Bonds mature annually beginning in year 2027 through 2036 with interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 5%. The bond anticipation notes meet long-term financing criteria and, therefore, are reported as long-term debt rather than as a fund liability.

Refunding and Defeased Bonds

During fiscal year 2011, the State issued \$105,027,000 of general obligation bonds, which are reported in governmental activities, to refund general obligation bond anticipation notes.



In prior years, the State defeased certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the primary government by depositing the net proceeds of refunding bonds in irrevocable trusts to be used solely for satisfying all future scheduled principal and interest payments on the refunded debt. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, the defeased bonds and related trust accounts are not included in the financial statements. At June 30, 2011, \$200,775,000 of outstanding general obligation bonds (including prior years' refunding) are considered defeased.

Demand Bonds

Variable rate demand bonds (VRDBs) are long-term bonds with rates of interest that re-set weekly and can fluctuate based on market or market index changes. VRDBs offer bondholders a "put" or tender feature and are supported by standby liquidity facilities provided by commercial banks. These Standby Bond Purchase Agreements (SBPAs) require the applicable bank to purchase any bonds that are tendered or not successfully remarketed in accordance with the indentures.

The bondholders may tender these bonds on specified dates at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest on seven days notice and delivery to the applicable remarketing agent. The State's remarketing agents are authorized to use their best efforts to sell the repurchased bonds at face value by adjusting the interest rate on a weekly basis. The designated remarketing agent will determine the interest rate borne by each series of bonds not to exceed 11%, which is the maximum allowed under state law. The State pays the remarketing agents a fee for this service. In the event that the VRDBs cannot be remarketed, they will be purchased by the respective liquidity provider as specified by and subject to certain conditions set forth in the SBPA.

Outstanding General Obligation VRDBs included in long-term debt at June 30, 2011 and selected SBPA terms are:

Series	Outstanding Amount	Liquidity Provider	Scheduled Termination Date	Commitment Fee	Remarketing Agent
Capital Improvements 2005	\$ 41,180,000	Bank of America	7/5/2012	0.67%	Morgan Stanley
Capital Improvements 2007	44,900,000	Bank of America	7/5/2012	0.67	Bank of America
Major Economic Impact 2003A	115,365,000	Bank of America	7/5/2012	0.67	Citigroup
Major Economic Impact 2003B	49,995,000	Bank of America	7/5/2012	0.67	Morgan Stanley
Major Economic Impact 2003C	60,550,000	Bank of America	7/5/2012	0.67	Bank of America

If a tender advance occurs under the Capital Improvements 2005 SBPA, interest accrues at the bank's base rate (the prime lending rate minus 1%) for the first 60 days, the bank's prime lending rate for the period from 61 to 89 days after the purchase date, and the bank's prime lending rate plus 1% beginning 90 days after the purchase date. If the tender advance is in default, interest accrues at the bank's prime rate plus 3%. If the remarketing agent is unable to resell any bonds purchased by Bank of America under the SBPA within 90 days of the purchase date, the State has a take-out agreement with Bank of America to convert the bonds to an installment loan payable over a five year period bearing an adjustable interest rate equal to the bank's prime rate plus 1%. If the take-out agreement is exercised because the entire issue of \$41,180,000 of demand bonds cannot be resold, the State will be required to pay monthly installments of \$895,000 through the term of the loan assuming an 11% interest rate with no prepayment penalty.

If a tender advance occurs under the Capital Improvements 2007 SBPA, interest accrues at the bank's base rate (the prime lending rate plus 2%, the federal funds rate plus 3%, or 10%, whichever is higher). If the tender advance is in default, interest accrues at the bank's base rate plus 3%. If the remarketing agent is unable to resell any bonds purchased by Bank of America under the SBPA within six months, the State has a take-out agreement with Bank of America to convert the bonds to an installment loan payable over a five year period bearing an adjustable interest rate equal to the bank's base rate plus 2%. If the take-out agreement is exercised because the entire issue of \$44,900,000 of demand bonds cannot be resold, the State will be required to pay semi-annual installments of \$5,957,000 through the term of the loan assuming an 11% interest rate with no prepayment penalty.

If a tender advance occurs under the Major Economic Impact 2003A SBPA, interest accrues at the bank's base rate (onemonth LIBOR) plus .35%. If the underlying rating on the bonds is decreased by Moody's Investor Service to a rating of "A", the interest rate will increase and become the bank's base rate plus .45%. If the rating from Moody's Investor Service falls below "A", the rate becomes equal to the default rate. If the tender advance is in default, interest accrues at the bank's base rate plus 2%. If the remarketing agent is unable to resell any bonds purchased by Bank of America under the SBPA within six months, the State has a take-out agreement with Bank of America to convert the bonds to an installment loan payable over a five year period bearing an adjustable interest rate equal to the bank's base rate plus 2%. If the take-out agreement is exercised because the entire issue of \$115,365,000 of demand bonds cannot be resold, the State will be required to pay semi-annual installments of \$15,305,000 through the term of the loan assuming an 11% interest rate with no prepayment penalty.

If a tender advance occurs under the Major Economic Impact 2003B SBPA, interest accrues at the bank's base rate (the prime lending rate plus 2%, the federal funds rate plus 3%, or 10%, whichever is higher). If the tender advance is in default, interest accrues at the bank's base rate plus 3%. If the remarketing agent is unable to resell any bonds purchased by Bank of America

under the SBPA within six months, the State has a take-out agreement with Bank of America to convert the bonds to an installment loan payable over a five year period bearing an adjustable interest rate equal to the bank's base rate plus 2%. If the take-out agreement is exercised because the entire issue of \$49,995,000 of demand bonds cannot be resold, the State will be required to pay semi-annual installments of \$6,633,000 through the term of the loan assuming an 11% interest rate with no prepayment penalty.

If a tender advance occurs under the Major Economic Impact 2003C SBPA, interest accrues at the bank's base rate (the prime lending rate plus 2%, the federal funds rate plus 3%, or 10%, whichever is higher). If the tender advance is in default, interest accrues at the bank's base rate plus 3%. If the remarketing agent is unable to resell any bonds purchased by Bank of America under the SBPA within six months, the State has a take-out agreement with Bank of America to convert the bonds to an installment loan payable over a five year period bearing an adjustable interest rate equal to the bank's base rate plus 2%. If the take-out agreement is exercised because the entire issue of \$60,550,000 of demand bonds cannot be resold, the State will be required to pay semi-annual installments of \$8,033,000 through the term of the loan assuming an 11% interest rate with no prepayment penalty.

Derivative Instruments

The State entered into interest rate swap agreements in connection with \$186,080,000 of outstanding variable rate debt in order to hedge changes in cash flows. At June 30, 2011, the State had the following pay-fixed interest rate swap derivative instruments reported in governmental activities:

Associated Bonds	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Final Maturity Date	Terms	Counterparty Credit Rating
2003A	\$ 25,005,000	July 2006	Nov. 2028	Pay 5.708%; receive one-month LIBOR	A+/Aa3/A+
2003A	25,000,000	Mar. 2007	Nov. 2026	Pay 5.248%; receive one-month LIBOR	A+/A1/A+
2003B	24,995,000	July 2006	Nov. 2028	Pay 5.708%; receive one-month LIBOR	A+/Aa3/A+
2003B	25,000,000	Mar. 2007	Nov. 2026	Pay 5.248%; receive one-month LIBOR	A+/A1/A+
2005	41,180,000	Oct. 2004	Sept. 2025	Pay 4.037%; receive SIFMA swap index	A/A2/A
2007	44,900,000	May 2005	Sept. 2027	Pay 3.980%; receive SIFMA swap index	A/A2/A

Fair Value - The fair values for the swap transactions were determined using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps. The fair values were provided by a third party consultant based on information in the Interest Rate Swap Confirmations supplied by the swap counterparties. Based on that information and the swap market conditions prevailing on June 30, 2011, the third party consultant calculated the estimated market value. The fair values may vary throughout the terms of the swap agreements as a result of fluctuations in the applicable market interest rates. The fair value balances at June 30, 2011 and the changes in fair value of derivative instruments reported in governmental activities are:

Associated	Notional	otional Changes in Fair Value		Fair Value at J	une 30, 2011
Bonds	Amount	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount
2003A	\$ 25,005,000	Deferred Outflow	\$ 1,349,000	Derivative Instrument	\$ (6,191,000)
2003A	25,000,000	Deferred Outflow	1,035,000	Derivative Instrument	(4,610,000)
2003B	24,995,000	Deferred Outflow	1,348,000	Derivative Instrument	(6,189,000)
2003B	25,000,000	Deferred Outflow	1,035,000	Derivative Instrument	(4,610,000)
2005	41,180,000	Deferred Outflow	357,000	Derivative Instrument	(4,487,000)
2007	44,900,000	Deferred Outflow	385,000	Derivative Instrument	(4,740,000)

Hedged Debt and Derivative Instrument Payments - The interest and net swap payments shown assume that interest rates at year end will remain unchanged for the term of the bonds and the hedges. As interest rates vary, interest payments on the variable rate bonds and the net swap payments will change. The future minimum debt service on long-term general obligation debt reported for the primary government is presented at the end of this note. At June 30, 2011, future debt service requirements on the hedged variable rate bonds and net payments on associated hedging derivative instruments are (amounts expressed in thousands):

				Net Swap		
Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Payment	Total	
2012	\$	3,850	\$ 226	\$ 8,539	\$	12,615
2013		4,015	223	8,383		12,621
2014		4,180	220	8,220		12,620
2015		4,375	218	8,050		12,643
2016		4,550	213	7,873		12,636
2017 - 2021		25,945	1,009	36,421		63,375
2022 - 2026		79,025	769	26,726		106,520
2027 - 2029		60,140	122	4,193		64,455
	\$	186,080	\$ 3,000	\$ 108,405	\$	297,485

Interest Rate Risk - Although the interest rates on the bonds are synthetically fixed under the swap agreements, interest payments on the variable rate bonds and the net payments under the swap agreements will vary as interest rates change.

Credit Risk - The swap agreements and Section 31-18-11, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), require that the counterparties have credit ratings by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating agency that are within the two highest investment grade categories, and credit ratings by all other nationally recognized statistical rating agencies that are within the three highest grade categories, otherwise the payment obligations of the counterparty shall be unconditionally guaranteed by an entity with such credit ratings. Section 31-18-11, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), also requires that should the credit rating of the counterparty or of the entity unconditionally guaranteeing the counterparty's obligations fall below the required rating, that the obligations of such counterparty shall be fully and continuously collateralized by direct obligations of, or obligations the principal and interest on which are guaranteed by the United States of America, with a net market value of at least 102% of the net market value of the swap agreements and shall be deposited as directed by the State. Additionally, Section 31-18-11, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), requires that the counterparty, or the entity guaranteeing the counterparty's obligations, have a net worth of at least \$100,000,000. The State is not exposed to credit risk at June 30, 2011, as all swap agreements are in a liability position.

Basis Risk - The swap agreements expose the State to basis risk because the applicable interest rates under the swap agreements are based on LIBOR and the SIFMA swap index, which may differ from the interest rates set by the remarketing agents for the State's variable rate bonds. As of June 30, 2011, the weighted average variable interest rate paid on the bonds was .12287%, while the SIFMA swap index was .09% and one-month LIBOR was .18555%.

Termination Risk - The swap agreements are documented by using the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. The schedule to the Master Agreement includes additional termination events providing that the swap agreements may be terminated if either the State's or the counterparty's credit rating falls below certain levels. The State or the counterparties may terminate the swap agreements if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If one or more of the swap agreements are terminated, the State would no longer have a synthetic fixed rate with respect to the previously hedged bonds and would be exposed to these bonds' variable interest rates. Also, if at the time of termination the swap agreements have a negative fair value, the State would incur a loss and would be required to pay the swap agreements' fair value to the counterparty. If the swap agreements have a positive fair value at the time of termination, the State would realize a gain and would receive the swap agreements' fair value from the counterparty.

Market-Access Risk and Rollover Risk - The swap agreements are for the same maturity terms as the hedged variable rate bonds. Therefore, the State is not exposed to market access risk or rollover risk that would be present if the swap agreements' maturity terms ended prior to the maturities of the hedged bonds.

Foreign Currency Risk - The swap agreements and the hedged bonds do not have terms denominated in a foreign currency. Therefore, the State is not exposed to foreign currency risk on the swap agreements.

At June 30, 2011, the primary government's outstanding general obligation bonds and notes as presented in governmental activities and business-type activities are (amounts expressed in thousands):

activities and business-type activities are (amounts ex	Outstanding	Interest	Final Maturity		Original
Purpose	Amount	Rates	Date		Amount
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds	^		0	•	
Gaming Highway Improvement	\$ 23,060	5%	Oct. 2011	\$	200,000
Telecommunication Conference and	045		Nav. 0011		2 000
Training Center	245	5.1% - 5.22%	Nov. 2011		2,000
Ayers Settlement - Allstate Building	415	5.5% - 5.6%	June 2012		3,300
Single Family Residential Housing	625	5.5% - 5.6%	June 2012		5,000
Deer Island Project	1,955	3.6% - 3.75%	Nov. 2012		8,800
Franklin County Lake and Recreation Complex					
Road Construction	480	4.63% - 5%	Sept. 2013		1,250
Land, Water, and Timber Resources	9,953	4% - 5.5%	Nov. 2014		38,000
Local Governments Rail Program	2,625	4% - 5.6%	Nov. 2014		13,000
Milk Producers	2,635	4.75% - 5.17%	Dec. 2017		3,500
Disaster Assistance	440	3% - 4%	Nov. 2019		5,000
Technology Alliance	905	5% - 5.25%	Oct. 2023		1,000
Farish Street Historic District	3,040	.65% - 5.25%	Nov. 2023		4,500
Heritage, History, and Culture Tourism	700	.65% - 4.35%	Nov. 2023		700
Industry Incentive Financing	100,000	.65% - 4.35%	Nov. 2023		100,000
Railroad Lines and Bridges Improvement	2,365	.65% - 5.25%	Nov. 2023		2,500
Small Business and Existing Forestry Industry	5,000	.65% - 4.35%	Nov. 2023		5,000
State Railroad Revitalization	1,000	.65% - 4.35%	Nov. 2023		1,000
Sustainable Energy	500	.65% - 4.35%	Nov. 2023		500
Workforce Training	2,000	.65% - 4.35%	Nov. 2023		2,000
Job Protection	5,130		Dec. 2025		2,000
		4.25% - 5.25%			
Local Governments Capital Improvements	13,730	4.25% - 5.25%	Dec. 2025		15,500
Raspet Flight Research Laboratory	995	5.5%	Dec. 2025		1,200
State Shipyard Improvements	101,955	4.07% - 5.5%	Dec. 2025		156,000
Stennis Space Center	9,381	4.75% - 5.6%	Dec. 2025		13,050
Small Enterprise Development Finance	37,035	3.25% - 6.5%	July 2028		110,035
ACE Fund	27,829	.65% - 5.67%	Oct. 2029		29,950
Existing Industry	20,805	.65% - 5.55%	Oct. 2029		21,500
Rural Impact	15,765	.65% - 5.75%	Oct. 2029		22,000
Statewide Wireless Communication System	43,524	1.54% - 5.54%	Oct. 2029		45,000
Major Economic Impact *	417,084	.05% -6.09%	Oct. 2032		584,300
Farm Reform	6,120	1.54% - 5.67%	Oct. 2034		11,000
Small Municipalities and Limited					
Population Counties	29,762	.65% - 5.75%	Oct. 2034		54,000
Business Investment	34,105	.65% - 5.75%	Nov. 2034		61,050
Capital Improvements *	994,851	3.25% - 5.67%	Nov. 2034		1,467,025
Economic Development Highway	134,325	1.54% - 5.54%	Nov. 2034		150,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	1,502,592	.65% - 7.35%	Nov. 2034		2,062,117
Local Governments Water System Improvement			Nov. 2034 Nov. 2034		
•	9,383	4.07% - 5.25%	1100.2034		11,143
Local System Bridge Replacement and	100.010		No. 0004		110.000
Rehabilitation	100,010	3.75% - 5.25%	Nov. 2034		116,200
Rural Fire Truck Acquisition	14,490	4.25% - 5.75%	Nov. 2034		15,900
Transportation	68,610	4.35% - 5.45%	Nov. 2035		69,000
Total Bonds	3,745,424				5,419,020
Notes					
Local System Bridge Replacement and					
Rehabilitation	19,000	.65%	Oct. 2011		19,000
Premiums	98,166				,
Deferred Amount on Refunding	(48,890)				
Total Governmental Activities	3,813,700				5,438,020
Business-type Activities:	5,5 : 5,7 00				2, 200,020
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	23,426	5% - 5.9%	Nov. 2022		37,602
Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes	\$ 3,837,126			\$	5,475,622
Total General Obligation Donus and Notes	ψ 3,037,120			φ	5,475,022

* Interest on \$125,910,000 of outstanding general obligation bonds for Major Economic Impact is variable rate and paid at the weekly interest rate as determined by the remarketing agents. Interest rate swap agreements have been entered into in connection with \$86,080,000 of outstanding variable rate general obligation bonds for Capital Improvements where the State pays the counterparty fixed rate payments ranging from 3.98% to 4.037% and receives variable rate payments computed based on the SIFMA swap index. Additionally, interest rate swap agreements have been entered into in connection with \$100,000,000 of outstanding variable rate general obligation bonds for Major Economic Impact where the State pays the counterparties fixed rate payments ranging from 5.248% to 5.708% and receives variable rate payments computed based on one-month LIBOR. The remaining outstanding general obligation bonds relating to Capital Improvements and Major Economic Impact have fixed rates of interest.

At June 30, 2011, future general obligation debt service requirements for the primary government are (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 Governme	Activities	_	Business-t	Activities		
Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest	
2012	\$ 281,046	\$	174,618	\$	2,634	\$	898
2013	238,833		162,595		2,582		817
2014	247,054		150,982		2,707		727
2015	255,327		139,214		2,833		622
2016	239,146		127,797		2,974		505
2017 - 2021	972,608		489,257		9,586		733
2022 - 2026	706,575		306,567		110		5
2027 - 2031	467,285		154,072				
2032 - 2036	356,550		45,662				
Total	 3,764,424		1,750,764		23,426		4,307
Premiums	98,166						
Deferred Amount on Refunding	 (48,890)						
Total Debt Service, Net	\$ 3,813,700	\$	1,750,764	\$	23,426	\$	4,307

Note 10 - Bonds Authorized But Unissued

At June 30, 2011, authorized but unissued bond indebtedness existed to be used for various purposes as summarized below (amounts expressed in thousands):

Purpose	Δ	Authorized		Authorized But Unissued
General Obligation Bonds:	-			Ullissueu
ACE Fund	\$	47,450	\$	17,500
Business Investment Act	Ψ	331,500	Ψ	50,623
Capital Improvements		1,082,158		431,561
City of Jackson Water and Sewer Loan		6,000		6,000
Deer Island Project		10,000		1,200
Economic Development Highway		364,500		120,600
Energy Infrastructure Revolving Loan		20,000		20,000
Existing Industry Productivity Loan		65,000		25,000
Farm Reform		128,000		20,000
Industry Incentive Financing		293,000		193,000
Local Governments and Rural Water Systems Improvements		33,843		2,700
Local Governments Capital Improvements		128,000		12,500
Local System Bridge Replacement		175,000		31,000
Major Economic Impact		1,188,800		187,610
North Central Mississippi Regional Railroad Grant		15,000		15,000
Old Capitol Green		20,000		20,000
Railroad Improvements Grant		5,000		5,000
Railroad Revitalization and Stimulus		3,000		2,000
Rural Fire Truck Acquisition		17,850		1,950
Rural Impact		26,375		2,500
Small Business and Existing Forestry Industry Revolving Loan		30,000		25,000
Small Enterprise Development Finance		140,000		103,580
Small Municipalities and Limited Population Counties		55,750		1,750
State Highway Bridge Rehabilitation		100,000		76,500
State Port Improvement (Gulfport)		80,000		80,000
Statewide Tourism		7,325		2,100
Statewide Wireless Communication System		57,000		2,000
Sustainable Energy Research		2,000		1,500
Technology Alliance		4,000		2,000
Transportation - Access Roads		18,000		15,000
Vision 21 Highway Projects		50,000		31,500
Workforce Training		4,000		2,000
	\$	4,508,551	\$	1,508,674

Note 11 - Revenue Bonds and Notes

Revenue bonds and notes are backed by a pledge of resources derived from users of the related facilities and are not supported by the full faith and credit of the State.

At June 30, 2011, outstanding revenue bonds and notes are (amounts expressed in thousands):

	C	Dutstanding	Interest	Final Maturity	Original
Purpose		Amount	Rates	Date	Amount
Component Units					
Universities:					
Bonds	\$	733,882	1% - 6.84%	Sept. 2039 S	\$ 875,113
Notes		21,942	0% - 6.29%	Sept. 2039	25,654
Nonmajor Component Units:					
Notes		310	3.137%	Jan. 2018	1,292
Total Component Units	\$	756,134		S	\$ 902,059

At June 30, 2011, future revenue bond and note debt service requirements are (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Component Units					
Year Ending June 30	Principal			Interest		
2012	\$	23,889	\$	36,423		
2013		24,073		35,082		
2014		27,216		34,022		
2015		28,283		32,877		
2016		29,229		31,588		
2017 - 2021		150,092		138,565		
2022 - 2026		152,950		103,621		
2027 - 2031		154,742		66,540		
2032 - 2036		139,470		25,049		
2037 - 2039	_	26,190		2,322		
	\$	756,134	\$	506,089		

Note 12 - Other Long-term Liabilities

- A. Compensated Absences The State's liability for compensated absences at June 30, 2011 is \$118,289,000 for governmental activities and \$628,000 for business-type activities. Internal service compensated absences of \$1,197,000 are included in governmental activities. The component units' liability for compensated absences is \$103,962,000, of which \$103,127,000 is for the Universities. The reported liability includes related fringe benefits and excludes any obligations related to leave accumulations in excess of 30 days per employee (see Note 1-N).
- **B.** Pollution Remediation Obligation As of June 30, 2011, four Superfund sites in the State are in various stages of cleanup ranging from initial assessment of contamination to cleanup of chemical spills. Numerous leaking underground storage tank sites exist where motor fuels contaminate soil and groundwater, and present inhalation and explosive hazards. Under federal and state law, the State is legally obligated to remedy the detrimental effects of existing pollution through site investigation and assessment, restoration and replacement, cleanup, and monitoring.

At June 30, 2011, the primary government's pollution remediation obligation is \$39,154,000. This estimate is based on professional judgment, experience, historical cost data, and the use of the expected cash flow technique. Recoveries from other responsible parties, which would reduce the State's remediation liability, are not anticipated. Remediation obligation estimates may change over time. Estimated costs will vary due to changes in technology, fluctuation in prices, changes in potential responsible parties, and changes in regulations.

C. Notes Payable - At June 30, 2011, the primary government's outstanding notes payable as presented in governmental activities are (amounts expressed in thousands):

___ .

				Final	
	0	utstanding	Interest	Maturity	Original
Purpose		Amount	Rates	Date	Amount
Utility restoration	\$	153,330	5% - 5.45%	Jul. 2019	\$ 189,860
Energy efficiency		17,397	4.15% - 5.73%	Apr. 2026	22,406
Buildings		214,662	3.62% - 5.37%	Jun. 2028	219,985
Roads and bridges		606,821	1.72% - 6.59%	Jan. 2040	 657,861
Total		992,210			 1,090,112
Premiums		28,806			
Deferred Amount on Refunding		(4,070)			
Total Notes Payable, Net	\$	1,016,946			\$ 1,090,112

Refunding and Defeased Notes- During fiscal year 2011, the State issued refunding notes to currently refund three notes reported in governmental activities.

Two notes totaling \$162,410,000 were issued to currently refund notes for buildings. The current refunding was undertaken to give debt service payment relief by providing a cash flow savings of \$9,176,000 over the next eight years. The current refunding resulted in an increase in debt service payments of \$13,197,000 over the next 17 years and an economic loss (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$11,338,000.

A note for \$17,016,000 was issued to currently refund notes for accelerated construction of roads and bridges. The current refunding results in an increase in debt service payments of \$180,000 over the next seven years. The current refunding was undertaken to provide stability under current market conditions and to obtain an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding notes) of \$689,000.

In fiscal year 2010, the State defeased certain outstanding notes of the primary government by depositing the net proceeds of refunding notes in an irrevocable trust to be used solely for satisfying all future scheduled principal and interest payments on the refunded debt. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, the defeased notes and the related trust account are not included on the financial statements. At June 30, 2011, \$32,975,000 of outstanding notes (including prior years' refundings) are considered defeased.

At June 30, 2011, future debt service requirements for notes payable as presented in governmental activities are (amounts	
expressed in thousands):	

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2012	\$ 41,104	\$ 50,994
2013	43,029	49,153
2014	45,101	47,137
2015	38,345	44,941
2016	45,097	42,946
2017 - 2021	263,008	176,339
2022 - 2026	229,301	119,193
2027 - 2031	141,375	65,365
2032 - 2036	100,745	31,842
2037 - 2041	 45,105	7,382
Total	 992,210	635,292
Premiums	28,806	
Deferred Amount on Refunding	 (4,070)	
Total Debt Service, Net	\$ 1,016,946	\$ 635,292

Derivative Instruments

In April 2008, the State entered into a forward interest rate swap agreement in connection with \$166,250,000 of variable rate notes. The swap agreement was considered effective at June 30, 2010, and the fair value of negative \$21,736,000 was treated as a deferred outflow of resources. In July 2010, the variable rate notes were refunded with fixed rate notes and the swap agreement was terminated, meaning it no longer met the criteria for an effective cash flow hedge. The fair value at June 30, 2010, and the increase in fair value of the swap in fiscal year 2011 of \$581,000 are reported as an investment loss of \$21,155,000 within the governmental activities' investment revenue classification.

D. Capital Lease Commitments - The State leases property with varying terms and options. Most leases contain a fiscal funding addendum stating that the lease shall terminate on the last day of the fiscal year if appropriated funds for the ensuing fiscal year are insufficient. However, if renewal is reasonably assured, leases requiring appropriation by the State Legislature are considered non-cancellable leases for financial reporting purposes.

At June 30, 2011, assets recorded under capital leases are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Land	\$	\$ 700
Machinery and Equipment	31,485	1,230
Accumulated Depreciation	 (13,799)	(305)
Total	\$ 17,686	\$ 1,625

The discretely presented component units recorded capital assets acquired through capital leases of \$20,425,000.

At June 30, 2011, future minimum commitments under capital leases are (amounts expressed in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	 vernmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	tal Primary overnment	Co	omponent Units
2012	\$ 7,003	\$	270	\$ 7,273	\$	6,407
2013	3,779		269	4,048		2,808
2014	2,593		135	2,728		1,511
2015	1,165			1,165		1,967
2016	411			411		1,282
2017 - 2021						6,118
2022 - 2026						5,374
2027 - 2031						5,321
2032 - 2036						5,296
2037 - 2041						3,753
Total Minimum Lease Payments	14,951		674	15,625		39,837
Less Interest	 1,016		56	1,072		14,233
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 13,935	\$	618	\$ 14,553	\$	25,604

Note 13 - Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Changes in the primary government's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2011 are summarized below (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Beginning Balance	A	dditions	F	Reductions	Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:								
General Obligation Bonds and Notes (Note 9)	\$	3,469,356	\$	669,670	\$	374,602	\$ 3,764,424	\$ 281,046
Premiums/Discounts (Note 9)		109,172				11,006	98,166	9,828
Deferred Amount on Refunding (Note 9)		(54,522)		5,632			(48,890)	(5,449)
Notes Payable (Note 12)		1,029,981		184,577		222,348	992,210	41,104
Premiums (Note 12)		18,002		13,115		2,311	28,806	2,352
Deferred Amount on Refunding (Note 12)		(3,631)		1,587		2,026	(4,070)	(710)
Total Bonds and Notes		4,568,358		874,581		612,293	4,830,646	328,171
Derivative Instruments (Notes 9 and 12)		58,072				27,245	30,827	
Capital Lease Obligations (Note 12)		13,212		8,009		7,286	13,935	6,461
Accrued Compensated Absences (Note 12)		124,386		57,446		63,543	118,289	7,301
Pollution Remediation Obligation (Note 12)		40,601		7,946		9,393	39,154	6,341
	\$	4,804,629 \$	\$	947,982	\$	719,760	\$ 5,032,851	\$ 348,274
Business-type Activities:	_							
General Obligation Bonds (Note 9)	\$	26,476	\$		\$	3,050	\$ 23,426	\$ 2,634
Accrued Compensated Absences (Note 12)		676		139		187	628	31
Capital Lease Obligations (Note 12)		841				223	618	237
	\$	27,993	\$	139	\$	3,460	\$ 24,672	\$ 2,902

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Therefore, long-term liabilities for internal service funds are included in the governmental activities totals. The beginning and ending balances of governmental activities accrued compensated absences include \$1,275,000 and \$1,197,000, respectively, of internal service funds. Also, for the governmental activities, accrued compensated absences are generally paid out of the general fund and special revenue funds.

Within the governmental activities, the reduction of \$374,602,000 in general obligation bonds and notes includes \$105,027,000 in refundings. The reduction of \$222,348,000 in notes payable includes \$183,105,000 in refundings.

The current portion of accrued compensated absences is reported in accounts payable and other liabilities and the long-term portion is included in noncurrent other liabilities.

Note 14 - Short-term Financing

A. Notes - During fiscal year 2011, the State issued \$45,000,000 in notes to provide short-term financing for highway projects. These notes have a final maturity date of December 2011 and carry an interest rate of .45%. Additionally, the State issued \$76,246,000 in notes to provide short-term financial assistance for economic development and capital improvement projects. The notes were paid off in November 2010 and carried an interest rate of 1.57% on \$76,000,000 and a variable interest rate equal to the weekly SIFMA swap index plus 150 basis points on \$246,000. At June 30, 2011, the outstanding short-term notes were \$45,000,000. Changes in short-term note activity recorded in governmental activities during fiscal year 2011 are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Beginning			Ending
	 Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Notes	\$ 10,000	\$ 121,246	\$ 86,246	\$ 45,000

B. Credit Agreements - The Division of Medicaid, which is reported within the General Fund, is authorized to obtain a line of credit up to \$150,000,000 from any special source funds in the state treasury or commercial lenders to cover temporary cash flow shortfalls in providing health care services. This line of credit is secured by the first available funds received by the Division of Medicaid and is to be repaid by the end of the quarter following the loan origination. Changes in the line of credit activity during fiscal year 2011 are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Beginning			Ending
	 Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Medicaid Line of Credit	\$ 0	\$ 90,000	\$ 90,000	\$ 0

Note 15 - Retirement Plans

Plan Description

A. General

In accordance with state statutes, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) Board of Trustees (System) administers four defined benefit plans. The defined benefit plans are the PERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established in 1952, Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System (MHSPRS), a single-employer public employee retirement system established in 1958, the Municipal Retirement Systems (MRS), which are agent multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement systems composed of 19 separate municipal retirement and fire and police disability and relief systems, and Supplemental Legislative Retirement Plan (SLRP), a single-employer public employee retirement system established in fiscal year 1990.

PERS, MHSPRS, MRS and SLRP are considered part of the State of Mississippi's financial reporting entity and are included in the accompanying financial statements as pension trust funds. The purpose of these plans is to provide pension benefits for all state employees, sworn officers of the state highway patrol, other public employees whose employers have elected to participate, and elected members of the State Legislature and the president of the Senate. The System issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which includes PERS, MHSPRS, MRS and SLRP, that is available from Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi.

B. Membership and Benefit Provisions

Public Employees' Retirement System: Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by the political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the System's Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for these employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. A member who terminates employment from all covered employers and who is not eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits may request a refund of his or her accumulated member contributions plus interest.

Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who become members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2 percent of their average compensation for each year of credited service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members before July 1, 2011) plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of credited service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of credited service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon

completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are established by Section 25-11-1 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the total annual COLA payments for PERS were \$368,645,000.

Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System: Membership in MHSPRS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for all officers of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol who have completed a course of instruction in an authorized highway patrol training school on general law enforcement and who serve as sworn officers of the highway patrol in the enforcement of the laws of the State. Participating members who withdraw from service at or after age 55 with at least five years of membership service, or after reaching age 45 with at least 20 years of credited service, or with 25 years of service at any age, are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.5 percent of average compensation during the four highest consecutive years of earnings, reduced 3 percent for each year below age 55 or 3 percent for each year under 25 years of service, whichever is less. MHSPRS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A member who terminates employment from the highway patrol and who is not eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits may request a refund of his or her accumulated employee contributions plus interest. Benefit provisions for MHSPRS are established by Section 25-13-1 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

A COLA payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60, plus 3 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the total annual COLA payments for MHSPRS were \$6,693,000.

Municipal Retirement Systems: Membership in the two general Municipal Retirement Systems and the 17 Fire and Police Disability and Relief Systems was granted to all municipal employees, fire fighters, and police officers who were not already members of PERS and who were hired prior to July 1, 1976. Two fire and police plans elected to extend the eligibility period for membership to July 1, 1987. Eligible employees hired after these periods automatically become members of PERS. The Municipal Retirement Systems were all closed to new members by July 1, 1987.

Regardless of age, participating employees who retire with at least 20 years of membership service are entitled to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 50 percent of their average monthly compensation and an additional 1.7 percent for each year of credited service beyond 20 years, not to exceed 66.67 percent of average monthly compensation, except as may otherwise be provided through local and private legislation. Average monthly compensation for the two Municipal Retirement Systems and the 17 Fire and Police Disability and Relief Systems is the monthly average for the last six months of service. Certain participating employers provide a minimum monthly retirement allowance. Benefits vest upon reaching 20 years of credited service. MRS plans also provide certain death and disability benefits. Members who terminate employment from all covered employers and are not eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits may request a refund of employee contributions. Benefit provisions are established by Sections 21-29-1 et seq., Articles 1, 3, 5 and 7, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) and annual local and private legislation.

The retirees and beneficiaries of MRS plans with provisions for additional payments, who are receiving a retirement allowance on July 1 of each fiscal year, may be entitled to an additional payment. This payment is equal to the annual percentage change of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) but not to exceed 2.5 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement. Certain MRS plans may adopt an annual adjustment other than one linked to the change in the CPI. These additional payments will be made only when funded by the employers. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the total additional annual payments for MRS plans were \$5,146,000.

Supplemental Legislative Retirement Plan: Membership in SLRP is composed of all elected members of the State Legislature and the president of the Senate. This plan is designed to supplement the provisions of PERS. Those serving when SLRP became effective July 1, 1989, had 30 days to waive membership. Those elected after July 1, 1989, automatically become members.

The retirement allowance is 50 percent of an amount equal to the retirement allowance payable by PERS, determined by credited service as an elected senator or representative in the State Legislature or as president of the Senate. Benefits vest upon completion of the requisite number of membership service years in PERS. SLRP also provides certain death and disability benefits. A member who terminates legislative employment and who is not eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits may request a refund of his or her accumulated employee contributions plus interest. Benefit provisions for SLRP are established by Section 25-11-301 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

Retirees and beneficiaries of SLRP may receive additional amounts calculated identically to PERS retirees and beneficiaries. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the total additional annual payments for SLRP were \$178,000.



C. Actuarial Asset Valuation

By statute, actuarial valuations of PERS, MHSPRS and SLRP must be performed at least once in each two-year period as of June 30, with the most recent being June 30, 2011. An actuarial valuation of MRS is required to be performed at least once in each four-year period as of September 30, with the most recent being September 30, 2010. All plans presently have actuarial valuations performed annually. Each valuation may be affected by changes in actuarial assumptions and changes in benefit provisions since the preceding valuation.

D. Funding Policy and Annual Pension Costs

Contribution provisions for PERS, MHSPRS and SLRP are established by state statute. The adequacy of these rates is assessed annually by actuarial valuation. Contribution provisions for MRS are established by state statute, annual local and private legislation and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

The following table provides information concerning funding and actuarial policies (amounts expressed in thousands):

	PERS	MHSPRS	MRS	SLRP
Contribution rates:				
State	12% ****	30.3%	N/A	6.65%
Other employers	N/A	N/A	.99 - 9.51 mills	N/A
Plan members	9%	7.25%	7% - 10%	3% **
Annual pension cost	\$ 781,538 *	\$ 11,494	\$ 17,739	\$ 457
Employer contributions made	\$ 723,836	\$ 11,494 ***	\$ 21,429	\$ 457
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2011	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent open	Level percent open	Level dollar closed	Level percent open
Remaining amortization period	30 years	30 years	24 years	22.3 years
Asset valuation method	2	,		•
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market	5-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:				
Investment rate of return	8%	8%	8%	8%
Wage inflation rate	4.25%	4.25%	4.25%	4.25%
Projected salary increases	4.5% - 20%	5% - 10.52%	4.5% - 6%	4.5%
Increases in benefits after retirement Proposed annual employer contribution rates for fiscal year 2013 based on the	3% ~	3% @	2% - 3.75% #	3% ~
6/30/11 actuarial valuation	14.26%	37%	-	7.4%

* Calculated based on an employer contribution rate increase from 12% to 13.56%. In lieu of the employer contribution rate increase, the member contribution rate was increased to 9%, which produced a decrease in employer normal cost. As a result, the annual required contributions were \$687,016.

- ** In addition to 9% required by PERS.
- @ Calculated 3% simple interest to age 60, compounded each fiscal year thereafter.
- ~ Calculated 3% simple interest to age 55, compounded each fiscal year thereafter.
- # Varies depending on municipality.
- *** Includes fees authorized by the State Legislature, which are reported as other additions in the pension trust funds.
- **** In the June 30, 2009 valuation report, the PERS' consulting actuary recommended an employer contribution rate of 13.56% of covered wages in order to comply with GASB Statement No. 25 and No. 27. The PERS Board of Trustees adopted the contribution rate in order to provide a sufficient funding level with an unfunded accrued liability period no more than 30 years. However, due to an increase in employee contribution rate, from 7.25% to 9% passed by the State Legislature effective July 1, 2010, the PERS Board of Trustees delayed increasing the employer contribution rate until the completion of the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation. The increase in the member contribution rate served to reduce employer normal cost from 4.13% to 2.49%. This coupled with favorable investment performance for 2010 led the consulting actuary to recommend an employer contribution rate of 12.93% in the June 30, 2010 valuation report. Based on this recommendation, the PERS Board of Trustees approved an increase from 12% to 12.93%. Due to a request by the leadership of State Legislature, the increase is postponed until January 1, 2012. The Board also approved employer contribution rate increases for MHSPRS, from 30.3% to 35.21%, and SLRP from 6.65% to 7.4%. These increases also are delayed until January 1, 2012.

E. Three-Year Trend Information

The following table provides the employer contribution to PERS, MHSPRS, MRS, and SLRP for the last three fiscal years (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 PERS	MHSPRS*	MRS**	SLRP
Contributions:				
2009	\$ 713,569	\$ 12,274	\$ 16,132	\$ 458
2010	731,544	12,598	16,891	446
2011	723,836	11,494	21,429	457

* Includes fees authorized by the State Legislature that are reported as other additions in the pension trust funds.

** Information furnished for MRS is for the years ended September 30, 2008, 2009, and 2010 respectively.

PERS annual pension cost was calculated based on an employer contribution rate of 13.56%. In lieu of the employer contribution rate increase from 12% to 13.56%, the member contribution rate increased to 9%, which produced a decrease in employer normal cost. As a result, the annual required contributions were \$687,016,000 for fiscal year 2011. The annual pension cost was equal to the employer contributions made for the MHSPRS and SLRP plans. For each year the contributions met or exceeded the required contributions, including the MRS where the percent contributed was 106%, 114.4% and 120.8% of the required contributions for the years ended September 30, 2008, 2009, and 2010, respectively. The State makes no contributions to the MRS; therefore, any NPO would belong to the respective municipal entity. For the years ended September 30, 2008, 2009, and 2010, the MRS net pension obligation or net pension asset was not significant.

F. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The following table provides funding information for the most recent actuarial valuation dates (amounts expressed in thousands):

	PERS	MHSPRS	MRS	SLRP
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2011	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2011
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 20,315,165	\$ 278,265	\$ 175,988	\$ 13,606
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	\$ 32,654,465	\$ 414,432	\$ 372,897	\$ 18,605
Unfunded AAL	\$ 12,339,300	\$ 136,167	\$ 196,909	\$ 4,999
Percent Funded	62.2%	67.1%	47.2%	73.1%
Annual Covered Payroll	\$ 5,684,624	\$ 24,872	\$ 1,425	\$ 6,810
Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Annual				
Covered Payroll	217.1%	547.5%	13,818.2%	73.4%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.



Note 16 - Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the State's self-insured medical plan and life insurance program established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the State has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 45 as a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan. Effective July 1, 2007, the State implemented GASB Statement 45 prospectively, which requires reporting on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits. The State does not issue a publicly available financial report for the Plan.

Funding Policy

Employees' premiums are funded by the state and local school districts with additional funding provided by retired employees and by active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Board has the sole authority for setting health insurance premiums for the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan.

Per Section 25-15-15 (10), Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), any retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance will have the full cost of such insurance premium deducted monthly from his State retirement plan check or direct billed for the cost of the premium if the retirement check is insufficient to pay for the premium. If the board determines actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the state, then the board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed fifteen percent, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who were initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who were initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determines actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. For the year ended June 30, 2011, retiree premiums range from \$186 to \$1,472 depending on plan election, dependent coverage, Medicare eligibility, and date of hire.

Actuarial Valuation

The State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan's Report of the Actuary on the Other Postemployment Benefits Valuation was prepared as of June 30, 2011. The Plan presently has an actuarial valuation performed annually in order to be in compliance with GASB Statement 45.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The State's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC was determined assuming the Plan would fund the OPEB liability on a pay-as-you-go basis. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The current ARC of \$51,735,000 is 1.22 percent of annual covered payroll.

The following table presents the OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed and changes in the OPEB Plan for fiscal year 2011 (amounts expressed in thousands):

Annual required contribution	\$ 51,735
Interest on prior year net OPEB obligation	2,175
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (1,668)
Annual OPEB cost	52,242
Contributions made	 (18,365)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	33,877
Net OPEB obligation – Beginning of year	 48,335
Net OPEB obligation – End of year	\$ 82,212

The following table provides the State's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years as restated (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2009	\$ 43,205	81.9%	\$ 27,212
2010	56,277	62.5	48,335
2011	52,242	35.2	82,212

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The following table provides funding information for the most recent actuarial valuation date (amounts expressed in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2011
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 0
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age Normal	\$ 652,304
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$ 652,304
Funded Ratio	0.0%
Annual Covered Payroll	\$ 4,238,716
UAAL as a Percentage of Annual Covered Payroll	15.4%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, is designed to present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2011
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent of pay, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	4.5%
Projected salary increases**	4.5% - 15.0%
Healthcare cost trend rate*	9.5%
Ultimate trend rate	5.0%
Year of ultimate trend rate	2017
* Includes price inflation at	3.5%
** Includes wage inflation at	4.25%

Note 17 - Commitments

A. Operating Leases

The State has entered into numerous agreements to lease land and buildings which are classified as operating leases. These agreements generally contain the provision that, at the expiration date of the lease, the State may renew the operating lease on a month-to-month basis. It is expected that in the normal course of business most of these leases will be renewed or replaced by similar leases. Although the lease terms vary, most leases are subject to annual appropriation by the State Legislature to continue the lease obligation. If an appropriation is reasonably assured, leases

are considered non-cancellable for financial reporting purposes. Any escalation clauses, sublease rentals, and contingent rents are considered immaterial to the future minimum lease payments and current rental expenditures. Operating lease payments are recorded as expenditures or expenses when paid or incurred. Future minimum commitments due under non-cancellable operating leases for land and buildings as of June 30, 2011 are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2012	\$ 20,911
2013	15,724
2014	12,744
2015	8,801
2016	7,475
2017 - 2021	8,787
2022 - 2026	771
2027 - 2031	582
2032 - 2036	417
2037 - 2041	269
Thereafter	 216
Total Minimum Commitments	\$ 76,697

Expenditures for rental of land and buildings under operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2011 amounted to \$21,174,000.

B. Contracts

At June 30, 2011, the Department of Transportation had contracts outstanding of approximately \$1,008,253,000 with performance continuing during fiscal year 2012. Of this amount \$35,649,000 is related to local public agencies, such as planning and development districts, counties and municipalities. These contracts were primarily for construction, repair and maintenance and will be paid through the General Fund. Approximately 63 percent of future expenditures related to these commitments are expected to be reimbursed from proceeds of federal grants when the actual costs are incurred. The remaining portion will be funded by specific gasoline taxes.

The State Aid Road Division had contracts of \$58,943,000 outstanding at June 30, 2011 for construction, repair and maintenance of state and county roads. These contracts will be paid through the General Fund. Approximately 46 percent of future expenditures related to these commitments are expected to be reimbursed from proceeds of federal grants when the actual costs are incurred. The remaining portion will be funded by specific tax levies.

The Office of Building, Grounds and Real Property Management had outstanding construction, repair and maintenance contracts of \$106,492,000 at June 30, 2011. These contracts will be paid from capital projects funds.

The Military Department had contracts outstanding of approximately \$9,326,000 at June 30, 2011. Approximately 78 percent of future expenditures related to these commitments are expected to be reimbursed from proceeds of federal grants when the actual costs are incurred. The remaining portion will be paid through the General Fund.

The Port Authority at Gulfport (a major enterprise fund) had contracts outstanding of approximately \$2,834,000 at June 30, 2011. These contracts were primarily for construction costs related to security lighting, erosion protection, and fender system repairs. These contracts will be paid from Port Authority at Gulfport's revenues and bonds.

The Department of Information Technology Services had contracts outstanding of approximately \$70,943,000 at June 30, 2011. These contracts were primarily for the construction of the Mississippi Wireless Information Network (MSWIN) state-wide digital trunked land mobile radio system. Approximately 90 percent of future expenditures related to these commitments are expected to be reimbursed from proceeds of federal grants when the actual costs are incurred. The remaining portion will be funded by capital projects funds.

C. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent executed but unperformed purchase orders that are reported within governmental funds as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2011, the encumbrance amounts in the General Fund and nonmajor governmental funds were \$36,764,000 and \$3,584,000, respectively.

Note 18 - Risk Management

The State has elected to finance most exposures to risk through the retention of risk. The exposures to risk retained by the State are health and life benefits, tort liability, unemployment benefits and workers' compensation benefits. The State utilizes the internal service Risk Management Fund to account for these activities with the noted exception in workers' compensation benefits. Estimates of liabilities for incurred but unpaid claims include both reported and unreported insured events. Nonincremental claims adjustment expenses have not been included as part of the liability for claims and judgments due to immateriality. Changes in claim liabilities recorded in governmental activities for fiscal years 2010 and 2011 are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Claims and		
	Beginning Balance	Changes in Estimates	Claims Payments	Ending Balance
2010	\$ 154,959	\$ 750,951	\$ 732,599	\$ 173,311
2011	173,311	702,621	714,552	161,380

Health and Life Benefits: The State has elected to manage the health benefit through the retention of all exposure. The life benefit is purchased from a commercial insurance company for death benefit distribution under tax law but management of the risk is accomplished by self insuring within an insured shell. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through this plan.

Estimates of the liability for unpaid claims are actuarially determined using the development method. This method uses past observed patterns of time between claim incurral and payment to estimate incurred claims from available claims data. Liabilities are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including inflation and other factors, and provisions for estimated claims adjustment expenses.

Tort Liability: The State manages tort claims through the retention of all liability exposure. The State Legislature created the Tort Claims Board to administer these claims beginning in fiscal year 1994. Statutory regulations provide some protection, as well as a limitation of liability, for claims filed against state agencies and state employees. There is some limited purchase of commercial insurance by state agencies for excess auto liability and other lines of coverage to fulfill some contractual requirements on out of state operations. There is purchase of insurance for protection of some fleet vehicles, some specified watercraft and specific fixed wing aircraft. In the last three years, settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Claims payments are financed through an annual assessment to all state agencies based on amount of payroll and past loss history. Estimates of the liability for unpaid claims are actuarially determined based on observed patterns of claims payments, as well as the experience of similar programs in other states.

Unemployment Benefits: Unemployment benefits are established in statute and administered by the Mississippi Department of Employment Security. The State elects to manage the financial risk for state agencies through retention of all liability exposure. Benefits are financed through collection of premiums from agencies, which provides a stable cash flow for payment of claims.

Estimates of the liability for unpaid claims are actuarially determined based on observed patterns of claims payments, adjusted for changes in covered payrolls.

Workers' Compensation Benefits: Workers' compensation benefits are established in statute and the rules and regulations are established by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission and the Mississippi State Agencies Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Trust Board of Trustees. Four major state agencies have been granted exemption from participation in the Risk Management Fund.

The exposure of risk in the Risk Management Fund is financed mostly through retention of all exposure, with limited purchase of commercial excess insurance. The benefits are financed through collection of premiums, based on an actuarial estimate, from agencies which provides a stable cash flow for claims payments. In the last three years, settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage. Estimates of the liability for unpaid claims are actuarially determined based on observed patterns of claims payments and case reserves development. Liabilities are based on the ultimate costs of settling claims, including inflation and other factors, and include provisions for estimated claims adjustment expenses.

Exempted state agencies cover all claim settlements and judgments with the resources of the General Fund. Claim expenditures and estimates of the related liability are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Note 19 - Contingencies

- A. Federal Grants The State has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from an audit may become a liability of the State. The State estimates that the ultimate disallowance pertaining to these grants, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial condition.
- B. Litigation The State is party to various legal proceedings that arise in the normal course of governmental operations. The State's legal counsel believes that they will be successful in defending the State and its agencies in a majority of these cases. In the event that they are not successful in defending such cases, they do not believe that the total liability will exceed \$6,053,000. In the opinion of the State, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the State.
- **C.** Loan Guarantees The Mississippi Development Authority (MDA), a state agency, is authorized to provide loan guarantees on behalf of rural businesses for the purpose of promoting business and economic development in rural areas of the state. At June 30, 2011, outstanding MDA loan guarantees totaled \$350,000.

The State of Mississippi has co-signed promissory notes issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency under the Federal Community Disaster Loan Program on behalf of local governments. The program provides operational funding to help local governments, or other political subdivisions of the State, that have incurred a significant loss in revenue, due to a presidentially declared disaster, that has adversely affected their ability to provide essential governmental services. At June 30, 2011, outstanding Community Disaster loan guarantees totaled \$71,007,000.

D. Conduit Debt - The Mississippi Development Bank (a nonmajor component unit) issues special obligation bonds in order to provide funds for making loans to governmental units. Although the special obligation bonds bear the name of the Bank, the Bank is not responsible for the payment of the bonds but rather the bonds are secured only by the payments agreed to be paid by the governmental units under the terms of the loan agreements. The outstanding balance of special obligation bonds issued by the Bank was approximately \$2,478,174,000 at June 30, 2011. The faith, credit and taxing power of the State and the Bank are not pledged to the payment of such bonds.

Note 20 - Endowments

The State of Mississippi Board of Trustees of the Institutions of Higher Learning (IHL) has established an investment policy regarding endowment funds in accordance with Section 79-11-601 through 79-11-617, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), otherwise known as the Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act (UMIFA). The UMIFA allows the board to appropriate for expenditure for the uses and purposes for which an endowment fund is established, the portion of the net appreciation, realized and unrealized, in the fair value of the assets over the historic dollar value of the fund(s) as is prudent under the facts and circumstances prevailing at the time of the action or decision. In so doing, the law states in part, "they shall consider long and short-term needs of the institution in carrying out its educational, religious, charitable or other eleemosynary purposes, its present and anticipated financial requirements, expected total return on investments, price level trends and general economic conditions."

In addition to an investment otherwise authorized by law or by applicable gift instrument, and without restriction to investments a fiduciary may make, the IHL Board, subject to any specific limitations as set forth in the applicable gift instrument or in the applicable law other than law relating to investments by a fiduciary, may invest the funds in any other pooled or common fund available for investment, including shares or interests in regulated investment companies, mutual funds, common trust funds, investment partnerships, real estate investment trusts or similar organizations in which funds are commingled and investment determinations are made by persons other than the IHL Board.

The net appreciation of investments of donor-restricted endowments available for expenditure approximated \$42,705,000 at June 30, 2011, and is reported as restricted, expendable net assets in the Universities, a major component unit.

Note 21 - Subsequent Events

The Working Cash Stabilization Reserve Account and budgetary special funds may be used to meet cash flow needs throughout the year when the General Fund experiences projected cash flow deficiencies. As a result, the General Fund has accumulated borrowings outstanding of \$176,475,000 from the Working Cash Stabilization Reserve Account and \$260,000,000 from budgetary special funds as of December 19, 2011. In order to comply with state law, all borrowings must be repaid by the end of the fiscal year.

The State called \$180,000 of Small Enterprise Development Series 1999-L General Obligation Bonds on July 15, 2011 for bonds maturing in years 2011 through 2014.

The State called \$840,000 of Small Enterprise Development Series 2001-A General Obligation Bonds on August 15, 2011 for bonds maturing in years 2012 through 2016.

The State entered into a financing agreement on September 28, 2011 to provide funding for a capital improvements project. This agreement resulted in notes payable totaling \$7,000,000 payable beginning in year 2012 through 2031 with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%

Subsequent to year end, the State issued the following bonds and notes:

Taxable General Obligation Note, Series 2011-B totaling \$168,050,000 dated July 5, 2011. This note provided funding for Industry Incentive Financing, Existing Industry, and Capital Improvements. Of the total amount held as a line of credit, only \$80,000,000 was issued. The note matured on October 31, 2011 and interest was paid at a rate of 1.45%.

Tax-exempt General Obligation Bonds (Capital Improvements Issue), Series 2011-A totaling \$353,730,000 dated October 26, 2011. These bonds provided funding for the Jackson Zoo, Ohr-O'Keefe Museum of Art, Children's Museum, Craft Center, Capital Improvements, Greenville Higher Education Center, Future Farmers of America, Museum of Mississippi History, Civil Rights Museum, Local System Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation, Rural Fire Truck, Statewide Tourism, Cultural Development, Department of Marine Resources Equipment and Facilities, Community Heritage Preservation, Local Governments and Rural Water Systems, Water Pollution Control, City of Jackson Water and Sewer System, Department of Transportation, and refinancing a general obligation bond anticipation note. These bonds mature annually beginning in year 2027 through 2036 with interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 5%.

Tax-exempt General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011-B totaling \$38,280,000 dated October 26, 2011. These bonds mature serially beginning in year 2014 through 2019 with interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%.

Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011-C totaling \$261,300,000 dated October 26, 2011. These bonds provided funding for Industry Incentive Financing, Existing Industry, ACE, Small Municipalities and Limited Population Counties, Rural Impact, Economic Development Highway, Business Investment, Major Economic Impact, Pat Harrison Waterway District Lake Improvements, Wireless Communications System, Capital Improvements, and refinancing a short-term general obligation note. The bonds mature annually beginning in year 2016 through 2027 with interest rates ranging from 1.799% to 4.053%.

Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011-D totaling \$37,115,000 dated October 26, 2011. These bonds mature serially beginning in year 2012 through 2018 with interest rates ranging from .45% to 2.577%.

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Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual

(Non-GAAP Basis) - All Budgetary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

Actual Variance with Budget Variance with Budget Variance with Budget Revenues Sales tax \$ 1.765,000 \$ 1.790,784 \$ 25,784 Sales (budgetary) Final Budget Over (Under) Individual income tax 1.353,000 \$ 1.790,784 \$ 25,784 Sales (budgetary) Sales (cons) Sales (cons) <td< th=""><th></th><th colspan="6">General Fund</th><th></th></td<>		General Fund						
Revenues Sales tax 5 1.765.000 \$ 1.7765.000 <						(Budgetar	/	Final Budget
Sales tax \$ 1.765,000 \$ 1.766,000 \$ 1.767,0744 \$ 2.57,744 Individual income tax 1.353,000 <td< td=""><td>Revenues</td><td></td><td>Dudget</td><td>Duuge</td><td></td><td>Da313)</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Revenues		Dudget	Duuge		Da313)		
Individual income tax 1.353.000 1.365.01 1.22.552 1.353.000 1.365.01 1.235.01 1.353.000 1.365.01 1.235.01 1.353.000 1.353.000 1.353.000 1.353.000 1.353.000 1.353.000 1.353.000		\$	1,765,000 \$	1,765,0	00	\$ 1,790,78	4 \$	25,784
Corporate income and franchise taxes 333,100 333,100 247,978 54,878 Use and wholesale compensating taxes 206,000 206,600 209,672 3,672 Tobacco, beer and wine taxes 184,700 184,700 188,386 3,666 Insurance tax 188,800 158,800 157,576 (13,224) Other taxes 65,000 65,700 63,234 (2,466) Other taxes 7,400 7,400 9,922 2,522 Interest 22,000 18,472 (3,528) Auto privilege, tag and tille fees 11,065 11,065 (16,002 20,245 (3,645) Other fees and services 12,900 12,900 14,477 (1,422) 22 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469	Individual income tax							
Use and wholesale compensating taxes 206,000 206,000 209,672 3.672 Tobacco, beer and wine taxes 184,700 184,700 184,800 175,576 (13,224) Oil and gas severance taxes 65,000 65,000 65,000 80,756 15,756 Alcoholic Beverage Control excise and privilege 65,700 65,700 63,234 (2,466) Auto privilege, tag and title fees 7,400 7,400 9,922 2,522 Interest 22,000 22,000 18,472 (3,528) Auto privilege, tag and title fees 11,065 11,065 10,835 (230) Gaming fees 116,600 16,600 2,245 3,645 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Legislative 23,962 24,367 54,647 54,647 54,670 54,670 54,613 (57)	Corporate income and franchise taxes							
Tobacco, beer and wine taxes 184,700 194,900 129,700 29,700 9,900 29,700 9,900 129,700<	-		206,000	206,0	00	209,67	2	3,672
Insurance tax 188,800 175,576 (13,224) Oil and gas severance taxes 66,000 65,000 65,000 15,756 Alcoholic Beverage Control excise and privilege taxes and net profit on sale of alcoholic beverages 65,000 65,700 63,234 (2,466) Other taxes 1,065 11,065 10,835 (230) Gaming fees 11,065 11,065 10,835 (230) Highway Safety Partol fees 16,600 16,600 20,245 3,645 Other fees and services 12,900 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Miscellaneous 4,300 4,300 4,325 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,646 4,646,465 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,461,463 (67) Public decuation 1,921,851 1,918,275 4(46) (63) (60) (63) (60) (63)			184,700	184,7	00	188,36	6	3,666
Oil and gas severance taxes 65,000 65,000 80,756 15,756 Alcoholic Beverage Control excise and privilege taxes and net profit on sale of alcoholic beverages 7,400 7,400 9,922 2,522 Other taxes 7,400 7,400 9,922 2,522 Auto privilege, tag and title fees 11,065 11,065 10,835 (2,368) Gaming fees 15,000 150,000 146,976 (6,024) Highway Safety Patrol fees 12,900 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Miscellaneous 4,300 4,300 4,325 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function Legislative 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,633 60,439 (3) Public deutation 1,921,851 1,918,235 (40) (46,366 44,614 (40) Higher education 699,675 64,610 694,198 (3) (3)			188,800	188,8	00	175,57	6	(13,224)
taxes and net profit on sale of alcoholic beverages 65,700 65,700 63,234 (2,466) Other taxes 7,400 7,400 9,922 2,522 Interest 22,000 22,000 18,472 (3,528) Auto privilege, tag and title fees 11,065 10,835 (230) Gaming fees 153,000 146,976 (6,024) Highway Safety Patrol fees 16,600 16,600 20,245 3,645 Other fees and services 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Special Fund revenues 4,300 4,300 4,325 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,671 54,674 64,198 (3) Public decuation 19,921,811 19,48,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 69,675 694,	Oil and gas severance taxes		65,000	65,0	00	80,75	6	
Other taxes 7,400 7,400 9,922 2,522 Interest 22,000 22,000 18,472 (3,528) Auto privilege, tag and title fees 11,065 11,065 10,835 (233) Gaming fees 153,000 153,000 146,976 (6,024) Highway Safety Patrol fees 16,600 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Miscellaneous 4,300 4,300 4,325 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 12,2584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,439 (184) Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Highway 2,125 6,670 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40)	Alcoholic Beverage Control excise and privilege							
Interest 22,000 22,000 18,472 (3,528) Auto privileg, tag and tile fees 11,065 11,065 10,835 (230) Gaming fees 153,000 156,000 16,876 (6,024) Highway Safety Patrol fees 16,600 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Other fees and services 12,900 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Miscellaneous 4,300 4,300 4,325 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function Legislative 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public bealth <td>taxes and net profit on sale of alcoholic beverages</td> <td></td> <td>65,700</td> <td>65,7</td> <td>00</td> <td>63,23</td> <td>4</td> <td>(2,466)</td>	taxes and net profit on sale of alcoholic beverages		65,700	65,7	00	63,23	4	(2,466)
Auto privilege, tag and title fees 11,065 11,065 10,835 (230) Gaming fees 153,000 153,000 146,976 (6,024) Highway Safety Patrol fees 16,600 20,245 3,645 Other fees and services 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Miscellaneous 4,300 4,300 4,322 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,235 (40) Highware ducation 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,882 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development	Other taxes		7,400	7,4	00	9,92	2	2,522
Gaming fees 153,000 133,000 146,976 (6,024) Highway Safety Patrol fees 16,600 20,245 3,645 Other fees and services 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Miscellaneous 4,300 4,300 4,325 25 Courd assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,643 60,643 60,643 60,643 Executive and administrative 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 19,21,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,874 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 <td>Interest</td> <td></td> <td>22,000</td> <td>22,0</td> <td>00</td> <td>18,47</td> <td>2</td> <td>(3,528)</td>	Interest		22,000	22,0	00	18,47	2	(3,528)
Highway Safety Patrol fees 16,600 20,245 3,645 Other fees and services 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Miscellaneous 4,300 4,300 4,302 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 5,4670 54,671 54,613 (57) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 684,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development <td>Auto privilege, tag and title fees</td> <td></td> <td>11,065</td> <td>11,0</td> <td>65</td> <td>10,83</td> <td>5</td> <td>(230)</td>	Auto privilege, tag and title fees		11,065	11,0	65	10,83	5	(230)
Other fees and services 12,900 12,900 11,472 (1,428) Miscellaneous 4,300 4,300 4,300 4,325 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (64) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 19,21,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public chealth 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospital sand hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,977 (33) Int	Gaming fees		153,000	153,0	00	146,97	6	(6,024)
Miscellaneous 4,300 4,320 4,325 25 Court assessments and settlements 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,180 (27) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Argiculture, commerce and economic development 26,046 366,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 396,046 22,97,04 (528) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109<	Highway Safety Patrol fees		16,600	16,6	00	20,24	5	
Court assessments and settlements Special Fund revenues 19,900 19,900 29,700 9,800 Total Revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function Legislative 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development Corrections and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking Corrections and veterans assistance 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,704 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 360,242	Other fees and services		12,900	12,9	00	11,47	2	(1,428)
Special Fund revenues 4,468,465 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 699,675 694,201 684,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 <t< td=""><td>Miscellaneous</td><td></td><td>4,300</td><td>4,3</td><td>00</td><td>4,32</td><td>5</td><td>25</td></t<>	Miscellaneous		4,300	4,3	00	4,32	5	25
Total Revenues 4,468,465 4,591,049 122,584 Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function Legislative Judiciary and justice 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Corrections 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2)	Court assessments and settlements		19,900	19,9	00	29,70	0	9,800
Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,893 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Corrections 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 382,30 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Public protection and veterans assistance 88,533 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 1,232	Special Fund revenues							
Legislative 23,962 23,531 23,477 (54) Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,207 3,207 3,207 3,207 3,207 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) <t< td=""><td>Total Revenues</td><td></td><td>4,468,465</td><td>4,468,4</td><td>65</td><td>4,591,04</td><td>9</td><td>122,584</td></t<>	Total Revenues		4,468,465	4,468,4	65	4,591,04	9	122,584
Judiciary and justice 60,633 60,633 60,469 (164) Executive and administrative 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,670 54,670 54,670 Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Social welfare 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) <	Expenditures by Major Budgetary Function							
Executive and administrative 3,207 3,207 3,180 (27) Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,778 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking Corrections 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 75,109 75,109 704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 704 (526) Debt service 361,353 360,242 (1,111)<	Legislative		23,962	23,5	31	23,47	7	(54)
Fiscal affairs 54,670 54,670 54,613 (57) Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,882 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,100 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking	Judiciary and justice		60,633	60,6	33	60,46	9	(164)
Public education 1,921,851 1,918,275 1,918,235 (40) Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking 0 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 0 361,353 361,253 361,353 360,242 (1,111)	Executive and administrative		3,207	3,2	07	3,18	0	(27)
Higher education 699,675 694,201 694,198 (3) Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking 0 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 1 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	Fiscal affairs		54,670	54,6	70	54,61	3	(57)
Public health 25,876 24,916 24,798 (118) Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking 5 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Social welfare 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,232 (2) Public works 1 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537	Public education		1,921,851	1,918,2	75	1,918,23	5	(40)
Hospitals and hospital schools 205,944 202,892 202,883 (9) Agriculture, commerce and economic development 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking 7 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,5	Higher education		699,675	694,2	01	694,19	8	(3)
Agriculture, commerce and economic development Conservation and recreation 102,800 103,005 102,978 (27) Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking Corrections 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service Social welfare 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 14,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 102,975 227,583 125,508 (2) Debt service 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in Dever (unde	Public health		25,876	24,9	16	24,79	8	(118)
Conservation and recreation 46,356 46,106 46,010 (96) Insurance and banking 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Corrections 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Social welfare 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900)	Hospitals and hospital schools		205,944	202,8	92	202,88	3	(9)
Insurance and banking 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Social welfare 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 (526) Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 5 Other sources of cash <t< td=""><td>Agriculture, commerce and economic development</td><td></td><td>102,800</td><td>103,0</td><td>05</td><td>102,97</td><td>8</td><td>(27)</td></t<>	Agriculture, commerce and economic development		102,800	103,0	05	102,97	8	(27)
Corrections 312,940 312,940 312,907 (33) Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 (2) Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 5 Other sources of cash 5 5	Conservation and recreation		46,356	46,1	06	46,01	0	(96)
Interdepartmental service 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 5 5 Other sources of cash 5 5 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Sources								
Social welfare 396,046 396,046 395,389 (657) Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out Investments purchased, net (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Other sources of cash 5 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878			312,940	312,9	40	312,90	7	(33)
Public protection and veterans assistance 88,230 88,230 87,704 (526) Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 5 Other sources of cash 5 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Uses 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878								
Local assistance 75,109 75,109 75,109 75,109 Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 Other sources of cash 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Sources 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878								
Motor vehicle and other regulatory agencies 44 44 44 Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 Other Sources of cash 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Sources 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878	•							(526)
Miscellaneous 1,232 1,232 1,230 (2) Public works 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 Other sources of cash 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Sources 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878								
Public works 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 Other sources of cash 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878	· · ·							(-)
Debt service 361,353 361,353 360,242 (1,111) Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers in 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Investments purchased, net (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Other sources of cash 5 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878			1,232	1,2	32	1,23	0	(2)
Total Expenditures 4,379,928 4,366,390 4,363,466 (2,924) Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 88,537 102,075 227,583 125,508 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 15,400 15,400 8,889 (6,511) Transfers out (190,900) (190,900) (190,900) Investments purchased, net 5 5 Other Sources of cash 5 5 Excess of Revenues and Other Sources 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878							_	<i></i>
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures88,537102,075227,583125,508Other Financing Sources (Uses)15,40015,4008,889(6,511)Transfers in Transfers out Investments purchased, net15,40015,4008,889(6,511)Other sources of cash Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses55Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning103,937117,47545,577(71,898)								
Other Financing Sources (Uses)15,4008,889(6,511)Transfers in Transfers out Investments purchased, net15,40015,4008,889(6,511)Other sources of cash55Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses103,937117,47545,577(71,898)Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning4,8784,8784,8784,878	Total Expenditures		4,379,928	4,366,3	90	4,363,46	6	(2,924)
Transfers in Transfers out Investments purchased, net15,40015,4008,889 (190,900)(6,511) (190,900)Other sources of cash55Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses103,937117,47545,577(71,898)Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning4,8784,8784,8784,878	Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		88,537	102,0	75	227,58	3	125,508
Transfers in Transfers out Investments purchased, net15,40015,4008,889 (190,900)(6,511) (190,900)Other sources of cash55Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses103,937117,47545,577(71,898)Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning4,8784,8784,8784,878	Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Investments purchased, net5Other sources of cash5Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses103,937Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning4,8784,878	Transfers in		15,400	15,4	00	8,88	9	
Other sources of cash5Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses103,937117,47545,577(71,898)Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning4,8784,8784,8784,878						(190,90	0)	(190,900)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses103,937117,47545,577(71,898)Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning4,8784,8784,878								
over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses 103,937 117,475 45,577 (71,898) Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning 4,878 4,878 4,878 4,878							5	5
Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning4,8784,8784,878			100.007				-	
								(71,898)
Budgetary Fund Balances - Ending \$ 108,815 \$ 122,353 \$ 50,455 \$ (71,898)								
	Budgetary Fund Balances - Ending	\$	108,815 \$	122,3	53	\$ 50,45	5\$	(71,898)

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

	E	ducation Enh	nancement Fun	nd	Special Fund							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)				
\$	215,816 \$	226,428 \$	248,666 \$	22,238	\$	\$	\$	\$				
	22,265	20,963	24,639	3,676								
			35	35								
			1	1								
					12,809,968	3 15,121,636	11,946,634	(3,175,002)				
	238,081	247,391	273,341	25,950	12,809,968			(3,175,002)				
		,		,		,,	,,	(-,,,				
					2 50,177 14,749	7 65,636 9 21,415	54,205 16,879	(2) (11,431) (4,536)				
	206,279 81,695	206,279 81,695	203,687 78,587	(2,592) (3,108)	92,578 1,048,912 194,340 392,596	21,210,9972205,1463411,768	1,097,954 139,052 328,066	(76,698) (113,043) (66,094) (83,702)				
	2,966 125	2,966 125	2,929 111	(37) (14)	430,902 1,397,491 366,151 66,018 19,023 40,637	1,406,540 775,951 77,237 23,078	452,808 63,512 20,087	(94,625) (773,825) (323,143) (13,725) (2,991) (12,293)				
					40,037 5,981,620 1,323,878	6,746,498		(671,063) (962,162)				
	450	450	445	(5)	27,759 1,159 1,278,440 83,536	9 1,411 0 1,490,253	1,171 1,294,659	(3,774) (240) (195,594) (44,391)				
	291,515	291,515	285,759	(5,756)	12,809,968			(3,453,332)				
	(53,434)	(44,124)	(12,418)	31,706			278,330	278,330				
_							9,861 (12,248) (3,300)	9,861 (12,248) (3,300)				
	(53,434)	(44,124)	(12,418) 12,812	31,706 12,812			272,643 1,018,576	272,643 1,018,576				
\$	(53,434) \$	(44,124) \$	394 \$	44,518	\$ ()\$ 0	\$ 1,291,219	\$ 1,291,219				

Required Supplementary Information

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - All Budgetary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - All Budgetary Funds presents the original legally adopted budget, as well as comparisons of the final legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. The State's basis of budgeting is the cash basis plus encumbrances. The State has established three budgetary fund groups to account for its budgetary activities and functions. The General Fund group is established to receive and distribute general tax revenues and other general fund revenues and interest generated thereon. The Education Enhancement Fund group is established to receive specific tax revenues to support various educational programs. The Special Fund group is established to receive federal grants, fees, proceeds from the sale of goods and services, taxes levied for specific purposes and interest generated thereon, and to support the functional activities of the agencies that generate such revenues.

General Fund and Education Enhancement Fund original budget revenues represent the General Fund and Education Enhancement Fund revenue estimates adopted by the Legislative Budget Office at the date of sine die adjournment. Special Fund revenue estimates include anticipated revenues during the year and the amount of beginning cash balances on hand at the beginning of the year that are anticipated to be expended for special fund purposes.

Due to the complexity of the State's budget, a separate Annual Report of Budgetary Basis Expenditures has been prepared to present final budget to actual comparisons at the legal level of control. This budgetary report is available at the Department of Finance and Administration.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP, a reconciliation of differences between budgetary and GAAP presentations for the year ended June 30, 2011 is presented below (amounts expressed in thousands):

Budgetary Funds	 General	Education Enhancement	Special
Financial Statement Major Fund	 General		
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balances	\$ 45,577	\$ (12,418) \$	272,643
Reclassifications:			
Budgetary fund excesses are reclassified to the General Fund for GAAP reporting	270,604	12,418	(283,022)
The State reports amounts in the budgetary	,	,	(,
funds that are reported in other major and			10.070
nonmajor funds			10,379
Adjustments: The financial reporting fund structure includes funds			
that are not part of the budgetary fund structure	298,876		
The State's basis of budgeting is the cash basis plus	200,070		
encumbrances, rather than the modified accrual basis	(198,200)		
Lapse period revenues and expenditures are not			
treated as assets and liabilities in the financial			
reporting period	 212,733		
Net Change in GAAP Fund Balances	\$ 629,590	\$0\$	0

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress - Pension Trust Funds

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)		Unfunded AAL (b – a)	Percent Funded (a / b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Annual Covered Payroll ((b – a) / c)
Public Em	ploy	ees' Retireme	nt S	System of Mississip	pi				
2009 2010 2011	\$	20,597,581 20,143,426 20,315,165	\$	30,594,546 31,399,988 32,654,465	\$	9,996,965 11,256,562 12,339,300	67.3% 64.2 62.2	\$ 5,831,864 5,763,556 5,684,624	171.4% 195.3 217.1
Mississipp	oi Hig	ghway Safety	Pat	rol Retirement Syste	em				
2009 2010 2011	\$	292,322 281,088 278,265	\$	394,630 411,277 414,432	\$	102,308 130,189 136,167	74.1% 68.3 67.1	\$ 26,390 26,353 24,872	387.7% 494.0 547.5
Municipal	Reti	rement Syste	ns	*					
2008 2009 2010	\$	208,479 191,179 175,988	\$	368,131 381,036 372,897	\$	159,652 189,857 196,909	56.6% 50.2 47.2	\$ 1,713 1,608 1,425	9,320.0% 11,807.0 13,818.2
Suppleme	ntal	Legislative Re	etire	ement Plan					
2009 2010 2011	\$	13,386 13,241 13,606	\$	16,535 17,081 18,605	\$	3,149 3,840 4,999	81.0% 77.5 73.1	\$ 6,803 6,605 6,810	46.3% 58.1 73.4

* Valuation information furnished for MRS is as of September 30. The value of net assets available for benefits at June 30, 2011, does not differ materially from the value as of September 30, 2010.

Notes to Schedule of Funding Progress - Pension Trust Funds

The funding percentage of the actuarial accrued liability is a measure intended to help users assess the PERS, MHSPRS, MRS and SLRP funding status on a going-concern basis and assess progress being made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The actuarial value of assets for PERS, MHSPRS, MRS and SLRP is determined on a market-related basis that recognizes 20 percent of the current year's unrecognized and unanticipated gains and losses (both realized and unrealized), as well as 20 percent of the prior years' unrecognized and unanticipated gains and losses (both realized and unrealized). Allocation of the actuarial present value of projected benefits between accrued and future service liabilities is based on service using the entry age actuarial cost method. Assumptions, including projected pay increases, are the same as used to determine the plan's annual required contributions. For additional information regarding this schedule, refer to the separately issued PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for 2011 by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (b – a)	Percent Funded (a / b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Annual Covered Payroll ((b – a) / c)
June 30, 2009 \$	0	\$ 755,328	\$ 755,328	0.0%	\$ 4,613,682	16.4%
June 30, 2010	0	727,711	727,711	0.0	4,470,558	16.3
June 30, 2011	0	652,304	652,304	0.0	4,238,716	15.4

Mississippi

Supplementary Information

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Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Descriptions

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. The numerous special revenue funds used by the state are combined into specific functions.

Health and Social Services - accounts for federal and state monies used to provide vocational rehabilitation services, alcohol abuse treatment and rehabilitation programs, determination of disability eligibility, and administration of the Unemployment Compensation Act. Monies are also received from the settlement of a lawsuit against tobacco companies by the State. The principal and investment income are expended exclusively for health care.

Law, Justice and Public Safety - accounts for federal and state monies used to provide an alternative to incarceration, to oversee criminal justice and highway safety, to provide training for military troops and maintenance of training sites, and to provide for emergency management programs and their administration.

Recreation and Resources Development - accounts for revenues and expenditures related to programs that promote the rice and soybean industries and promote preservation and protection of marine resources.

Regulation of Business and Professions - accounts for revenues and expenditures related to programs that regulate telecommunications, electric, gas, water and sewer utilities, regulate banks and small loan organizations, regulate oil and gas production, regulate various professions controlled by boards and commissions, and administer the provisions of the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Law.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for transactions related to resources obtained and used for acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital facilities and other capital assets. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation bond issues and transfers from the General Fund.

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds account for transactions related to resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the government.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

				Specia	al F	Revenue		
		Health and Social Services		Law, Justice and Public Safety		Recreation and Resources Development		Regulation of Business and Professions
Assets								
Equity in internal investment pool Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	39,733 11,496 142,167	\$	47,835 5	\$	63,227 950 1,300	\$	50,270 128
Interest		294		10		14		5
Other		5,773		3		226		672
Due from other governments		8,850		17,874		791		194
Due from other funds		6,244		2,861		3,055		61
Total Assets	\$	214,557	\$	68,588	\$	69,563	\$	51,330
Liabilities								
Warrants payable	\$	289	\$	3,108	\$	242	\$	332
Accounts payable and accruals		6,739		2,813		1,393		554
Contracts payable								
Due to other governments		743		6,031		481		10
Due to other funds		5,218		10,804		583		598
Due to component units		1,794				312		
Unearned revenues		527		13,637				
Other liabilities								110
Total Liabilities		15,310		36,393		3,011		1,604
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable Permanent fund principal Restricted Education		45.000						
Health and social services Law, justice and public safety Recreation and resources development Regulation of business and professions Capital projects Debt service		15,682		28,721		66,550		49,726
Committed		400 505						
Health and social services		183,565		0.474				
Law, justice and public safety				3,474		0		
Recreation and resource development		400.047		00.405		2		10 700
Total Fund Balances	_	199,247	_	32,195		66,552	-	49,726
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	214,557	\$	68,588	\$	69,563	\$	51,330

	Capital Projects		Permanent		Totals
\$	326,271	\$	2,724 2,400 55,934	\$	530,060 14,979 199,401
	103		293 1		719 6,675 27,709
\$	752 327,126	\$	61,352	\$	12,973 792,516
φ	327,120	φ	01,332	φ	792,310
\$	111	\$	5 45	\$	4,087 11,544 17,056
	17,056 15				7,265 17,218 2,106
					14,164 110
	17,182		50		73,550
			54,476		54,476
			4,130 661		4,130 16,343
	308,706		2,035		28,721 68,585 49,726 308,706
	1,238				1,238
					183,565 3,474 2
	309,944		61,302		718,966
\$	327,126	\$	61,352	\$	792,516

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Special Revenue					
		Health and Social Services	Law, Justice and Public Safety	Recreation and Resources Development	Regulation of Business and Professions	
Revenues			•	•		
Taxes:						
Gasoline and other motor fuel	\$		\$	\$ 3,050	\$	
Other				25	4	
Licenses, fees and permits		14,472	8	5,358	42,823	
Federal government		100,306	291,125	13,053	819	
Investment income		48,397	(1,177)	59	113	
Charges for sales and services		410	6,361	6,325	228	
Rentals			75	7,608	8	
Court assessments and settlements		113,161	4.050	05.004		
Other		25,762	1,656	25,084	555	
Total Revenues		302,508	298,048	60,562	44,550	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Education						
Health and social services		355,688				
Law, justice and public safety			290,183			
Recreation and resources development				87,465		
Regulation of business and professions					37,713	
Debt service:						
Interest and other fiscal charges				32		
Capital outlay						
Total Expenditures		355,688	290,183	87,497	37,713	
Excess of Revenues over						
(under) Expenditures		(53,180)	7,865	(26,935)	6,837	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Bonds and notes issued						
Insurance recovery			9	1		
Transfers in		35,305	9,237	1,651		
Transfers out		(33,040)	(13,623)	(5,294)	(160)	
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,265	(4,377)	(3,642)	(160)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(50,915)	3,488	(30,577)	6,677	
Fund Balances - Beginning, as restated		250,162	28,707	97,129	43,049	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	199,247	\$ 32,195	\$ 66,552	\$ 49,726	
	_					

 Capital Projects	Permanent	Totals
\$ \$		\$ 3,050
		29
	440	63,101
		405,303
3,741	1,522	52,655
		13,324
		7,691 113,161
13,601	333	66,991
 17,342	2,295	725,305
 17,342	2,295	725,305
87,557	91	87,648
		355,688
		290,183
	2	87,467
		37,713
1,110		1,142
 84,671		84,671
 173,338	93	944,512
(155,996)	2,202	(219,207)
143,827		143,827
72		82
20,041		66,234
 (21,080)	(1,000)	(74,197)
 142,860	(1,000)	135,946
(13,136)	1,202	(83,261)
 323,080	60,100	802,227
\$ 309,944 \$	61,302	\$ 718,966

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Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds account for the operations of the state that provide goods or services to the general public on a user charge basis.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Descriptions

Fair Commission - The **Fair Commission Fund** accounts for expenses of the Fair Commission's operation of the coliseum, Dixie National Livestock Show and Industrial Showcase Building. Funding sources include gross receipts from the state fair, livestock show, Industrial Building and other events conducted at the coliseum and fairgrounds, as well as transfers from the General Fund.

Veterans' Home Purchase Board - The **Veterans' Home Purchase Board Fund** provides home mortgage loans to qualified Mississippi veterans and accounts for administrative expenses of the Veterans' Home Purchase Board. Revenue is derived from interest earned on loans.

Department of Finance and Administration - The **Veterans' Memorial Stadium Commission Fund** accounts for operations of the Veterans' Memorial Stadium in Jackson. Funding is provided by admission fees and concessions. The **Office of Surplus Property Fund** receives and maintains an inventory of surplus federal property and redistributes it to state agencies and departments, counties, municipalities and other eligible donees within the state. Fees are collected from the donees to offset operating costs.

Yellow Creek Inland Port Authority - The Yellow Creek Inland Port Authority Fund accounts for operations of a public port facility at the conjunction of the Tennessee River and Yellow Creek in Tishomingo County, Mississippi. All costs of operating this port are accounted for in this fund. Funding is provided by gross receipts from port operations, proceeds from other governments and investment income.

Department of Rehabilitation Services - The **AbilityWorks Fund** accounts for a statewide system of sheltered workshop facilities through which handicapped citizens receive work experience to prepare them for employment outside the AbilityWorks setting. Revenue is generated from the sale of goods and services and transfers from the rehabilitation services fund.

Department of Agriculture and Commerce - The **Agriculture and Forestry Museum Fund** accounts for operations of the museum. Revenue is generated from the sale of goods, ticket sales and rental income.

Department of Corrections - The **Restaurants and Commissary Fund** accounts for operations of two restaurants and a commissary at the state penitentiary. The restaurants are maintained for the convenience of Department of Corrections penitentiary employees. Profits from the commissary are used for the special benefit of the penitentiary's residents. The **Prison Agricultural Enterprises Fund** accounts for a farming operation. Revenue sources include proceeds from the sale of row crops and rental income from leased land.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

							rtment of Administration		
		Fair Commission		Veterans' Home Purchase Board		Veterans' Memorial Stadium Commission		Office of Surplus Property	
Assets									
Current assets:									
Equity in internal investment pool	\$	1,684	\$	23,396	\$	114	\$	1,358	
Cash and cash equivalents		58		75					
Receivables, net:				-					
Accounts		37		3				1	
Interest				681					
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents				10				0	
Due from other governments		10		19		10		2	
Due from other funds		49				10			
Due from component units		4						10	
Inventories				00				18	
Prepaid items				20					
Loans and notes receivable		1 000		5,675				4 070	
Total Current Assets		1,832		29,869		124		1,379	
Noncurrent assets:									
Loans and notes receivable				168,826					
Capital assets:									
Land and construction in progress		840		226		143		100	
Other capital assets, net		15,124		1,245		9,984		324	
Total Noncurrent Assets		15,964		170,297		10,127		424	
Total Assets		17,796		200,166		10,251		1,803	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities:									
Warrants payable		64		57		33		12	
Accounts payable and other liabilities		99		20		32		30	
Payable from restricted assets									
Due to other governments		7				2		2	
Due to other funds		1		5		1		1	
Due to component units									
Deposits				1,744					
Unearned revenues		85							
Lease obligations payable									
Total Current Liabilities		256		1,826		68		45	
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Due to other governments									
Lease obligations payable									
Other liabilities		74		51				25	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		74		51				25	
Total Liabilities		330		1,877		68		70	
Net Assets		000		1,077		00		10	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		15,964		1,471		10,127		424	
Unrestricted		1,502		196,818		56		1,309	
	¢		¢		٨		¢		
Total Net Assets	\$	17,466	\$	198,289	\$	10,183	\$	1,733	

		_	Department of Rehabilitation Services	. ,	Department of Agriculture and Commerce		Department	of (Corrections	_	
	Yellow Creek Inland Port Authority		AbilityWorks		Agriculture and Forestry Museum		Restaurants and Commissary		Prison Agricultural Enterprises		Totals
\$	2,469	\$	8,789	\$	57 33	\$	993	\$	1,063	\$	27,672 12,417
	173		3,545				638				4,397 681
	500										500 21
			1,995						78		2,132 4
	17		163 10		32				225		438 47
	<u>51</u> 3,210		14,502		122		1,631		1,366		<u>5,726</u> 54,035
	606		,				.,		.,		169,432
	2,249				1,690						5,248
	13,592				2,434		57		3,090		45,850
	16,447				4,124		57		3,090		220,530
	19,657		14,502		4,246		1,688		4,456		274,565
	42 190 1,027		2,188		8 12		534		8 194		182 3,151 190 1,038
	83		331				1,158		2		1,580 2 1,744 85
									237		237
	1,342		2,519		20		1,692		441		8,209
	8,249								381		8,249 381
	32				34				176		392
	8,281				34				557		9,022
	9,623		2,519		54		1,692		998		17,231
	8,550 1,484		11,983		4,124 68		57 (61)		2,472 986		43,189
¢		\$		¢	4,192	¢		¢		¢	214,145
\$	10,034	Φ	11,983	\$	4,192	\$	(4)	φ	3,458	\$	257,334

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

Veterans' Homomial Commission Veterans' Purchase Baard Veterans' Memorial Statium Office of Statium Operating Revenues \$ 4,966 \$ 1,152 \$ 975 Charges for sales and services Investment income Rentals $8,422$ \$ 1,152 \$ 975 Rentals 47 768 \$ 200 \$ 275 Operating Expenses 374 3 \$ 975 Contractual services 88 3917 240 $1,312$ 138 Contractual services $3,917$ 240 $1,312$ 138 645 Commotities $1,022$ 809 427 413 1140 $2,308$ 645 Commotities $1,140$ $2,308$ 645 330 1140 $2,308$ 645 Other 347 2 2 2 2 Nonoperating Revenues 347 2 2 2 Investment income Sate of investments 347 2 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 4							Depar Finance and		
Charges for sales and services \$ 4,966 \$ \$ 1,152 \$ 975 Investment income Rentals 8,422 47 768 58 47 768 Pees 5340 8,530 1,920 975 975 Operating Expenses 5,340 8,530 1,920 975 Cost of sales and services 88 2009 427 413 Contractual services 88 2009 427 413 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12 144 51 Total Operating Expenses 6,130 1,140 2,308 645 Operating Income (Loss) (790) 7,390 (388) 330 Nonoperating Revenues 347 2 2 2 Investment income 347 2					Home Purchase		Memorial Stadium		Surplus
Investment income Rentals 8,422 47 Rentals 47 768 Fees 58 58 Other 374 3 Total Operating Revenues 5,340 8,530 1,920 975 Operating Expenses 5,340 8,530 1,920 975 Operating Expenses 88 58 58 58 Contractual services 88 59 427 413 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 1444 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12		\$	1 966	\$		¢	1 152	¢	975
Rentals Fees 47 58 768 Other 374 3 Total Operating Revenues 5,340 8,530 1,920 975 Operating Expenses Cost of sales and services 88 1,022 809 427 413 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12 43 Total Operating Expenses 6,130 1,140 2,308 645 Operating Income (Loss) (790) 7,390 (388) 330 Nonoperating Revenues 347 2 2 Investment income Sale of investments 347 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 4 3 4 Interest 0ther 347 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 4 3 <td></td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>4,500</td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>8 422</td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>1,102</td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>515</td>		Ψ	4,500	Ψ	8 422	Ψ	1,102	Ψ	515
Other 374 3 Total Operating Revenues 5,340 8,530 1,920 975 Operating Expenses Cost of sales and services 88 88 99 427 413 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12 100 7,390 (388) 330 Nonoperating Revenues (790) 7,390 (388) 330 30 Nonoperating Revenues 347 2 2 2 Nonoperating Revenues 347 2 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 4 3 4 3 4 Interest 0ther 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10							768		
Total Operating Revenues 5,340 8,530 1,920 975 Operating Expenses General and administrative Contractual services 88 1,022 809 427 413 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12 0 436 43 Total Operating Expenses 6,130 1,140 2,308 645 Operating Revenues 790 7,390 (388) 330 Nonoperating Revenues 347 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 347 2 2 Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other 4 3 4 Total Nonoperating Expenses 4 3 4 Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers (794) 7,737 (389) 328 Capital Contributions 10 10 10 10 10	Fees				58				
Operating Expenses Cost of sales and services General and administrative Contractual services 88 1,022 809 427 413 200 Contractual services Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12	Other		374		3				
Cost of sales and services 88 General and administrative 1,022 809 427 413 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12 7	Total Operating Revenues		5,340		8,530		1,920		975
General and administrative 1,022 809 427 413 Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12	Operating Expenses								
Contractual services 3,917 240 1,312 138 Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12 138 51 Total Operating Expenses 6,130 1,140 2,308 645 Operating Income (Loss) (790) 7,390 (388) 330 Nonoperating Revenues 347 2 2 Investment income Sale of investments Other 347 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 347 2 2 Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest 4 3 4 Other 1 7,737 (389) 328 Capital Contributions Transfers In 10 (44) 44 Total Net Assets (784) 7,737 (389) 284 Capital Contributions 10 (44) 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 <	Cost of sales and services								
Commodities 447 40 144 51 Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12 43 Total Operating Expenses 6,130 1,140 2,308 645 Operating Income (Loss) (790) 7,390 (388) 330 Nonoperating Revenues 347 2 2 Investment income 347 2 2 Sale of investments 347 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 347 2 2 Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest 4 3 4 Other 3 4 3 4 Total Nonoperating Expenses 4 3 4 Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers (794) 7,737 (389) 328 Capital Contributions 10 (44) - - - - Transfers In 10 10 - - - - -									-
Depreciation 476 39 425 43 Other 180 12 12 130 140 2,308 645									
Other 180 12 Total Operating Expenses 6,130 1,140 2,308 645 Operating Income (Loss) (790) 7,390 (388) 330 Nonoperating Revenues Investment income Sale of investments Other 347 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 347 2 2 Nonoperating Expenses 347 2 2 Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other 4 3 4 Total Nonoperating Expenses 4 3 4 Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other 4 3 4 Total Nonoperating Expenses 4 3 4 Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers (794) 7,737 (389) 328 Capital Contributions Transfers In Transfers In 10 (44) (44) Change in Net Assets (784) 7,737 (389) 284 Total Net Assets - Beginning 18,250 190,552 10,572 1,449									
Total Operating Expenses6,1301,1402,308645Operating Income (Loss)(790)7,390(388)330Nonoperating Revenues34722Investment income Sale of investments Other34722Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital Contributions and Transfers434Transfers In Transfers Out Change in Net Assets10(44)Total Net Assets - Beginning18,250190,55210,5721,449	•						425		43
Operating Income (Loss)(790)7,390(388)330Nonoperating Revenues Sale of investments Other34722Total Nonoperating Revenues34722Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers1028Capital Contributions Transfers In Change in Net Assets(784)7,737(389)284Total Net Assets - Beginning18,250190,55210,5721,449							2,308		645
Nonoperating Revenues Investment income Sale of investments Other34722Total Nonoperating Revenues34722Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers434Capital Contributions Transfers In Change in Net Assets10(794)7,737(389)328Total Net Assets(784)7,737(389)284(44)Total Net Assets18,250190,55210,5721,449									
Investment income Sale of investments Other34722Total Nonoperating Revenues34722Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses Loss before Capital Contributions and Transfers434Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions Transfers In 	Operating Income (Loss)		(790)		7,390		(388)		330
Nonoperating Expenses Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest Other434Total Nonoperating Expenses434Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers(794)7,737(389)328Capital Contributions Transfers In Transfers Out Change in Net Assets10(44)Total Net Assets - Beginning18,250190,55210,5721,449	Investment income Sale of investments				347		2		2
Loss on disposal of capital assets434Interest OtherTotal Nonoperating Expenses434Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers(794)7,737(389)328Capital Contributions Transfers In 	Total Nonoperating Revenues				347		2		2
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions and Transfers(794)7,737(389)328Capital Contributions Transfers In Transfers Out10	Loss on disposal of capital assets Interest		4				3		4
Contributions and Transfers (794) 7,737 (389) 328 Capital Contributions 10	Total Nonoperating Expenses		4				3		4
Transfers Out (44) Change in Net Assets (784) 7,737 (389) 284 Total Net Assets - Beginning 18,250 190,552 10,572 1,449	Contributions and Transfers		(794)		7,737		(389)		328
Change in Net Assets (784) 7,737 (389) 284 Total Net Assets - Beginning 18,250 190,552 10,572 1,449	•		10						
Total Net Assets - Beginning 18,250 190,552 10,572 1,449	Transfers Out								(44)
	Change in Net Assets		(784)		7,737		(389)		284
	Total Net Assets - Beginning		<u>18,25</u> 0		<u>190,55</u> 2		10,572		1,449
	Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	17,466	\$	198,289	\$	10,183	\$	1,733

		_	Department of Rehabilitation Services		Department of Agriculture and Commerce	. -	Department	of	Corrections	
	Yellow Creek Inland Port Authority		AbilityWorks		Agriculture and Forestry Museum		Restaurants and Commissary		Prison Agricultural Enterprises	Totals
\$	1,143	\$	7,992	\$	134	\$	8,943	\$	1,409	\$ 26,714
	883				334				604	8,422 2,636 58
	39		535		18		20			989
	2,065		8,527		486		8,963		2,013	38,819
	641 943 63 613 10		7,312 5,952 1,435 32		74 388 327 80 152 1		6,569 483 489 217 23		686 428 91 964 213	14,729 10,563 8,892 2,038 1,984 203
	2,270		14,731		1,022		7,781		2,382	38,409
	(205)		(6,204)		(536)		1,182		(369)	410
	38 368 500		44							433 368 500
	906		44							1,301
	12 190				1		1		47	25 47 190
	202				1		1		47	262
	499		(6,160)		(537) 16		1,181		(416)	1,449 16
			8,113		391		23		873	9,410
	(6)						(1,212)			(1,262)
	493		1,953		(130)		(8)		457	9,613
_	9,541	<i>.</i>	10,030	~	4,322	~	4		3,001	247,721
\$	10,034	\$	11,983	\$	4,192	\$	(4)	\$	3,458	\$ 257,334

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Veterans' Home Home Memorial CommissionVeterans' Home Memorial Office of StadiumCash Flows from Operating ActivitiesCash receipts from customers Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to employees for services Other operating cash receipts Other operating cash payments Issuance of program loans Issuance of program lo				Depart Finance and	
Cash receipts from customers\$5.555\$88\$1,910\$986Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services(4,690)(278)(1,471)(272)Cash payments to employees for services(1,002)(807)(462)(404)Other operating cash payments(14)(28)(14,21)(272)Interport received on program loans(14)(28)(14,22)(10,02)(307)Issuance of program loans(14)(28)(13,322)(13,322)(11			Purchase	Stadium	Surplus
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services(4,690)(278)(1,471)(272)Cash payments to employees for services(1,002)(807)(462)(404)Other operating cash payments(14)(28)(462)(404)Other operating cash payments(14)(28)(14)(28)Principal and interest received on program loans24,499(13,322)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities(151)10,153(23)310Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities10(44)Cher cash receipts10(44)Principal paid to other governments10(44)Principal paid to other governments10(44)Principal paid to other governments10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related10(44)Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts(9)(5)(14)Princeds from sale of capital assets contracts1(9)(5)(14)Princeds from sale of capital assets contracts1(9)(5)(14)Princeds from sale of investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Proceeds from sale of investing Activities344222Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities344222Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities344222Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities140010,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents1,88212,983 <td>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · ·</td>	Cash Flows from Operating Activities				· · ·
Cash payments to employees for services(1,002)(807)(462)(404)Other operating cash receipts11<	•	\$	\$ 	\$) = =	\$
Other operating cash receipts1Other operating cash payments1Other operating cash payments24,499Principal and interest received on program loans24,499Issuance of program loans(13,322)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities(151)Transfers in Transfers out Other cash receipts10Principal paid to other governments Principal paid to other governments(44)Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities10Met Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities10Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(9)Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets Proceeds from sale of investments Income(9)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and 			• • •	,	. ,
Other operating cash payments(14)(28)Principal and interest received on program loans24,499Issuance of program loans(13,322)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities(151)Transfers in Transfers out10Other cash receipts10Principal paid to other governments10Principal paid to other governments(44)Cash Flows from Capital and RelatedFinancing Activities10Acquisition and construction of capital assets(9)Proceeds from sale of capital assets1Principal paid on bonds and capital assets1Proceeds from neutring Activities1Interest paid on bonds and capital assets1Proceeds from neutring Activities1Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income3442Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities11(40)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents1,88212,9831401,104		(1,002)	, ,	(462)	(404)
Principal and interest received on program loans Issuance of program loans24,499 (13,322)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities(151)10,153(23)310Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing ActivitiesTransfers in Transfers out Other cash receipts10(44)Proceeds from other governments Principal paid to other governments Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital and Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment income344222Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities344222Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities1(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents1,88212,9831401,104		(, ,)	-		
Issuance of program loans(13,322)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities(151)10,153(23)310Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities10(44)Other cash receipts10(44)Other cash receipts10(44)Proceeds from other governments10(44)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Investment income1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities11,0010,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents1,88212,9831401,104		(14)	. ,		
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Transfers out(44)Other cash receiptsProceeds from other governmentsPrincipal paid to other governments10Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities10Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities10Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts(9)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1Question and construction of capital assets Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts 	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
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Principal paid to other governments Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities(9)(5)(14)Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment income344222Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104	•				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment income1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment income344222Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104	-				
Financing Activities10(44)Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment income344222Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104	Principal paid to other governments				
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment income1(9)(5)(14)Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning344221,88212,9831401,104	Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital				
Financing Activities(9)(5)(14)Acquisition and construction of capital assets111Proceeds from sale of capital assets contracts111Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts1(9)(5)(14)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104	Financing Activities	 10			(44)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets(9)(5)(14)Proceeds from sale of capital assets11Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts11Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts1(9)(5)Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)Cash Flows from Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets1Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts1Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts1Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing ActivitiesProceeds from sale of investments Investment incomeNet Cash Provided by Investing ActivitiesNet Cash Provided by Investing ActivitiesNet Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104			(-)	(-)	
Principal paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104			(9)	(5)	(14)
Interest paid on bonds and capital assets contracts Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104		1			
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing ActivitiesProceeds from sale of investments Investment income34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104					
Related Financing Activities1(9)(5)(14)Cash Flows from Investing ActivitiesProceeds from sale of investments Investment income34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of investments Investment income34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104					
Proceeds from sale of investmentsInvestment income34422Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104	Related Financing Activities	 1	(9)	(5)	(14)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities34422Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents(140)10,488(26)254Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning1,88212,9831401,104					
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents (140) 10,488 (26) 254 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning 1,882 12,983 140 1,104	Investment income		344	2	2
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning 1,882 12,983 140 1,104	Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		344	2	2
	Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(140)	10,488	(26)	254
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending \$ 1,742 \$ 23,471 \$ 114 \$ 1,358	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	 1,882	 12,983	 140	 1,104
	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 1,742	\$ 23,471	\$ 114	\$ 1,358

		De Re	epartment of ehabilitation Services	-	Department of Agriculture and Commerce	_	Department	of C	Corrections		
	Yellow Creek Inland Port Authority	β	bilityWorks		Agriculture and Forestry Museum		Restaurants and Commissary		Prison Agricultural Enterprises		Totals
\$	2,138 (967) (621)	\$	8,181 (8,347) (5,951) 535	\$	487 (498) (392)	\$	9,014 (7,313) (466)	\$	2,013 (1,622) (440)	\$	30,372 (25,458) (10,545) 536 (42) 24,499 (13,322)
_	550		(5,582)		(403)		1,235		(49)		6,040
	350 (6) 500 770 (500)		8,113		391		24 (1,100)		960		9,848 (1,150) 500 770 (500)
	1,114		8,113		391		(1,076)		960		9,468
	39				2		1		(45) (223) (48)		(73) 43 (223) (48)
	39				2		1		(316)		(301)
	368 38 406		44								368 430 798
	2,109		2,575		(10)		160		595		16,005
¢	860		6,214	<u></u>	100	¢	833	¢	468	¢	24,584
\$	2,969 \$		8,789	φ	90	\$	993	\$	1,063	\$	40,589

(Continued on Next Page)

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

(Continued from Previous Page)

			Depart Finance and			
	 Fair Commission	Veterans' Home Purchase Board	Veterans' Memorial Stadium Commission		Office of Surplus Property	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (790)	\$ 7,390	\$ (388)	\$	330	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	170		105		10	
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in assets:	476	39	425		43	
Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable	128	(17)			(1)	
Due from other governments		(17)			7	
Due from other funds	107	(10)	(10)		,	
Due from component units			(10)		5	
Inventories					(10)	
Prepaid items		(5)			(-)	
Loans and notes receivable		3,368				
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Warrants payable	(1)	(613)	12		4	
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(51)	12	(34)		(71)	
Due to other governments	7		2		2	
Due to other funds	(6)	(3)			1	
Due to component units			(30)			
Unearned revenues	 (21)					
Total adjustments	 639	2,763	365		(20)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (151)	\$ 10,153	\$ (23)	\$	310	
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities Capital contributions	4		0		٨	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	4		3		4	

	Department of Rehabilitation Services	_	Department of Agriculture and Commerce	_	Department	of (Corrections	
 Yellow Creek Inland Port Authority	AbilityWorks		Agriculture and Forestry Museum		Restaurants and Commissary		Prison Agricultural Enterprises	Totals
\$ (205)	\$ (6,204)	\$	(536)	\$	1,182	\$	(369) \$	410
613			152		23		213	1,984
2	(1,033)				52			(852) (17)
23	1,486 5		1					12 1,584 10
1 57	(20) (1)		(6)				71	35 (5) 3,425
(18)	122		(3) (11)		(22)		1 33	(600) (40) 11
77	331 (268)						2	400 (28) (289)
 755	622		133		53		320	5,630
\$ 550	\$ (5,582)	\$	(403)	\$	1,235	\$	(49) \$	6,040

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Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds account for the operations of state agencies that provide services or goods to other state agencies or governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

Internal Service Funds Descriptions

Personnel Board - The **Personnel Board Fund** accounts for the expenses of establishing personnel policies, regulating the pay of state employees, and validating new hires. Revenues consist of assessments charged to state agencies based on the number of authorized positions.

Information Technology Services - The **Information Technology Services Fund** accounts for the centralized data processing and information devices, expenses related to planning and policies for the development of data processing capabilities and for the State's central telephone system, the Universities' central telephone systems and other governmental units' telephone systems. Revenues consist of charges to user agencies, universities, and governmental units for services and equipment. Other revenue consists of commissions from the usage of public utility companies' pay telephones located on state properties.

Department of Finance and Administration - The **Risk Management Fund** accounts for resources and transactions pertaining to the State's self-insured medical plan and life insurance program as mandated by state law to be offered to state and public education employees. Funding is provided by premiums collected from active and retired employees, local school districts, and the State's operating fund. This fund also accounts for unemployment benefits paid to eligible former state employees and for resources and transactions pertaining to the State's self-insured workers' compensation program. Funding is provided by premiums collected from the State's self-insured workers' compensation program. Funding is provided by premiums collected from the State's operating fund and participating state agencies. In addition, the fund accounts for resources and transactions pertaining to the State's self-insured tort claims program. Funding is provided by assessments of state agencies. Tort claims filed against state agencies and state employees are paid from this fund, as well as administrative expenses.

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)	Personnel Board	Information Technology Services	-	Department of Finance and Administration Risk Management	Totals
Assets	 				
Current assets:					
Equity in internal investment pool Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 1,691	\$ 8,080	\$	231,682 79,640 7,236	\$ 241,453 79,640 7,236
Accounts	7	18		83	108
Interest	/	10		227	227
Due from other governments	3	262		56	321
Due from other funds	32	3,893		26,425	30,350
Due from component units	1	74		704	779
Total Current Assets	 1,734	12,327		346,053	360,114
Noncurrent assets:					
Investments				23,410	23,410
Other capital assets, net	 110	6,410		74	6,594
Total Noncurrent Assets	 110	6,410		23,484	30,004
Total Assets	 1,844	18,737		369,537	390,118
Liabilities Current liabilities:					
Warrants payable	116	805		32	953
Accounts payable and other liabilities	109	1,459		4,624	6,192
Due to other governments		3		4	7
Due to other funds	145	22		1,576	1,743
Due to component units		3		31	34
Claims and benefits payable				115,047	115,047
Unearned revenues	 070	0.000		13,389	13,389
Total Current Liabilities	 370	2,292		134,703	137,365
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Claims and benefits payable				36,796	36,796
Other liabilities	 255	729		130	1,114
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	255	729		36,926	37,910
Total Liabilities	 625	3,021		171,629	175,275
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	110	5,788		74	5,972
Unrestricted	1,109	9,928		197,834	208,871
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,219	\$ 15,716	\$	197,908	\$ 214,843

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

		Sanas,		-	Department of Finance and Administration	
		Personnel	Information Technology		Risk	
		Board	Services		Management	Totals
Operating Revenues	¢	4 770 0	20.222	¢	000 170 ¢	0.47.000
Charges for sales and services/premiums Other	\$	4,779 \$ 1	36,333	Ф	806,178 \$ 19	847,290 20
		4,780	36,333		806,197	847,310
Total Operating Revenues		4,760	30,333		806,197	647,310
Operating Expenses						
General and administrative		3,636	9,620		1,671	14,927
Contractual services		1,555	23,396		48,559	73,510
Commodities		135	465		63	663
Depreciation		74	2,185		12	2,271
Claims and benefits					695,646	695,646
Total Operating Expenses		5,400	35,666		745,951	787,017
Operating Income (Loss)		(620)	667		60,246	60,293
Nonoperating Revenues						
Investment income					2,632	2,632
Total Nonoperating Revenues					2,632	2,632
Nonoperating Expenses						
Loss on disposal of capital assets		32	14			46
Total Nonoperating Expenses		32	14			46
Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions						
and Transfers		(652)	653		62,878	62,879
Capital Contributions		()	997		,	997
Transfers In		59	622		264	945
Transfers Out	_	(148)	(300)		(118)	(566)
Change in Net Assets		(741)	1,972		63,024	64,255
Total Net Assets - Beginning		1,960	13,744		134,884	150,588
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	1,219 \$	15,716	\$	197,908 \$	214,843

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	5436	Personnel Board	Information Technology Services	Department of Finance and Administration Risk Management	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash receipts/premiums from interfund services provided Cash receipts/premiums from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$	4,723 \$ 65 (1,566) (3,594)	34,665 1,441 (25,063) (9,625)	\$ 211,451 \$ 579,156 (49,613) (1,658)	250,839 580,662 (76,242) (14,877)
Cash payments for claims and benefits				(708,331)	(708,331)
Other operating cash receipts		1		2	3
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		(371)	1,418	31,007	32,054
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers in		162	627	262	1,051
Transfers out		(148)	(300)	(97)	(545)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		14	327	165	506
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(((<i>(</i>		(,)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(116)	(1,164)		(1,280)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(116)	(1,164)		(1,280)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Proceeds from sales of investments				5,092	5,092
Purchases of investments				(10,857)	(10,857)
Investment income				2,980	2,980
Net Cash Used for Investing Activities				(2,785)	(2,785)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(473)	581	28,387	28,495
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		2,164	7,499	282,935	292,598
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	1,691 \$	8,080	\$ 311,322 \$	321,093
				(Continued on	Next Page)

(Continued on Next Page)

Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Tho (Continued from Previous Page)	usd	iiusj		Department of Finance and Administration	
		Personnel Board	Information Technology Services	Risk Management	Totals
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(620) \$	667	\$ 60,246 \$	60,293
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in assets:		74	2,185	12	2,271
Accounts receivable		(4)	(1)	(83)	(88)
Due from other governments		(2)	(83)	(56)	(141
Due from other funds		16	(147)	(25,921)	(26,052
Due from component units		(1)	4	(687)	(684
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Warrants payable		32	(487)	(103)	(558
Accounts payable and other liabilities		20	(407)	(103)	(1,631)
Due to other governments		(10)	3	(324)	(1,031)
Due to other funds		124	1	67	192
Due to component units			3	24	27
Claims and benefits payable			C	(12,731)	(12,731
Unearned revenues				11,159	11,159
Total adjustments		249	751	(29,239)	(28,239)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(371) \$	1,418	\$ 31,007 \$	32,054

Noncash Capital and Related Financing

and Investing Activities				
Capital contributions		997		997
Loss on disposal of capital assets	32	14		46
Change in market value of investments			(248)	(248)

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Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and cannot be used to support government's own programs.

Fiduciary Funds Descriptions

Pension Trust Funds

Public Employees' Retirement System - The Public Employees' Retirement System Fund provides retirement and disability benefits to substantially all employees of the state and its political subdivisions. Benefits are funded by contributions from the members, the state and political subdivisions and by investment income. The Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System Fund provides retirement and disability benefits to sworn officers of the Department of Public Safety. Benefits are funded by contributions from the members and the state and by investment income. The Municipal Retirement Systems Fund provides retirement and disability benefits to employees, firefighters and police officers of participating municipalities. Benefits are funded by contributions from the members and the members and the municipalities and by investment income. The Supplemental Legislative Retirement Plan Fund provides retirement and disability benefits of the Public Employees' Retirement System to all elected members of the legislature and the president of the senate. Benefits are funded by contributions from the members of the legislature and the president of the senate. Benefits are funded by contributions from the state and by investment income. The Supplemental Legislative Retirement Plan Fund provides retirement and disability benefits us and the president of the senate. Benefits are funded by contributions from the members of the legislature and the president of the senate. Benefits are funded by contributions from the members and the state and by investment income. The Deferred Compensation Plan Fund accounts for deposits of gross compensation deferred by employees of the state and its political subdivisions. Political subdivisions may make contributions on behalf of their employees. Deposits are invested until retirement, severance from public service, death or extreme hardship of the individual participants.

Agency Funds

The Local Government Distributive Fund serves as a clearing mechanism for funds distributed to the various counties and municipalities of the state. The **Program Fund** accounts for receipt of various taxes, refundable deposits, inventories, and other monies collected or recovered to be held until the state has the right or obligation to distribute them to state operating funds or to various entities or individuals. The **Institutional Fund** accounts for deposits to various institutional accounts and other receipts held by the state until there is proper authorization to disburse them directly to others.

Pension Trust Funds

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

A		Public Employees' Retirement System		Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System		Municipal Retirement Systems
Assets Equity in internal investment pool	\$	1 105	¢		¢	
Cash and cash equivalents	φ	1,185	\$	5 G17	\$	2 490
Investments, at fair value:		411,722		5,617		3,480
Short-term securities		23,893		326		202
Debt securities		4,340,642		59,255		36,704
Equity securities		14,006,470		191,205		118,438
Private equity		211,439		2,886		1,788
Real estate investments		1,279,245		17,463		10,817
Asset allocation fund		1,279,245		17,403		10,017
Fixed rate and variable						
Life insurance contracts						
Securities lending:						
Short-term securities		2,202,218		30,171		18,689
Debt securities		949,328		13,006		8,057
Receivables:		010,020		10,000		0,007
Employer contributions		43,054				930
Employee contributions		32,035				9
Investment proceeds		186,058		2,540		1,573
Interest and dividends		72,143		985		610
Other		687		747		3
Due from other funds		19				0
Capital assets:		10				
Land and construction in progress		4,774				
Other capital assets, net		14,720				
•		23,779,632		324,201		201,300
Total Assets		20,110,002		021,201		201,000
Liabilities						
Warrants payable		132				
Accounts payable and accruals		250,452		3,458		2,083
Due to other funds		230,432		5,450		2,003
Obligations under securities lending		3,151,796		43,180		26,747
Total Liabilities		3,402,396		46,638		28,849
Net Assets						
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	20,377,236	\$	277,563	\$	172,451
	Ψ	20,011,200	Ψ	211,000	Ψ	112,701

	Supplemental Legislative Retirement Plan		Government Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan		Totals
\$		\$		\$	1,185
Ŧ	279	Ŧ	3,528	Ŧ	424,626
	16		22,529		46,966
	2,939		56,116		4,495,656
	9,485		620,377		14,945,975
	143				216,256
	866				1,308,391
			57,901		57,901
			529,433		529,433
			358		358
	1,497				2,252,575
	645				971,036
					43,984
			2,850		34,894
	126				190,297
	49		272		74,059
					1,437
					19
					4,774
					14,720
	16,045		1,293,364		25,614,542
					132
	166		500		256,659
	0.440				35
	2,142				3,223,865
	2,308		500		3,480,691
\$	13,737	\$	1,292,864	\$	22,133,851

Pension Trust Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

		Public Employees' Retirement System		Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol Retirement System		Municipal Retirement Systems
Additions						
Contributions: Employer	\$	723,836	\$	8,067	\$	22,860
Employee	Ψ	533,369	Ψ	1,948	Ψ	126
Total Contributions		1,257,205		10,015		22,986
Net Investment Income:						
Net change in fair value of investments		3,676,915		50,375		31,203
Interest and dividends Securities lending:		514,235		7,045		4,364
Income from securities lending		20,092		275		171
Interest expense and trading		(()				()
costs from securities lending Managers' fees and trading costs		(2,391) (41,809)		(32) (573)		(20) (355)
Net Investment Income		4,167,042		57,090		35,363
Other Additions:		4,107,042		57,030		33,303
Administrative fees		628				
Other		11		3,427		
Total Other Additions		639		3,427		
Total Additions		5,424,886		70,532		58,349
Deductions						
Retirement annuities		1,734,475		25,620		35,609
Refunds to terminated employees		88,343		60		35
Administrative expenses Depreciation		12,637 409		162		457
Total Deductions		1,835,864		25,842		36,101
Change in Net Assets		3,589,022		44,690		22,248
-						
Net Assets - Beginning		16,788,214		232,873		150,203
Net Assets - Ending	\$	20,377,236	\$	277,563	\$	172,451

 Supplemental Legislative Retirement Plan	Government Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan	Totals
\$ 457 206	\$ 914 87,394	\$ 756,134 623,043
 663	88,308	1,379,177
2,499 349	150,337 31,873	3,911,329 557,866
14		20,552
 (2) (28)		(2,445) (42,765)
 2,832	182,210	4,444,537
		628 3,438 4,066
 3,495	270 519	
 3,495	270,518	5,827,780
828 9	69,397	1,865,929 88,438 13,265 409
 837	69,397	1,968,041
 2,658	201,121	3,859,739
11,079	1,091,743	18,274,112
\$ 13,737	\$ 1,292,864	\$ 22,133,851

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	 Local vernment stributive	Program	In	stitutional	Totals
Assets					
Equity in internal investment pool	\$ 426	\$ 6,187	\$		\$ 6,613
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net:	232	26,009		6,840	33,081
Other	375			56	431
Commodity inventory		786			786
Total Assets	\$ 1,033	\$ 32,982	\$	6,896	\$ 40,911
Liabilities					
Warrants payable	\$ 27	\$ 53	\$		\$ 80
Accounts payable and accruals		20,197		1,514	21,711
Due to other governments	1,006	1			1,007
Amounts held in custody for others		12,731		5,382	18,113
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,033	\$ 32,982	\$	6,896	\$ 40,911

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

	As	sets				
		Equity in				
		Internal	Cash			
		Investment	and Cash		Commodity	Total
Fund		Pool	Equivalents	Receivables	Inventory	Assets
Local Government Distributive:			•			
Balance - Beginning	\$	7,092	\$ 211 \$	\$ 368 \$	\$	7,671
Additions		38,627	257	375		39,259
Deductions		45,293	236	368		45,897
Balance - Ending		426	232	375		1,033
-						.,
Program:		E 470	07.404		400	00.070
Balance - Beginning		5,170	27,434		466	33,070
Additions		3,362	62,497		18,263	84,122
Deductions		2,345	63,922		17,943	84,210
Balance - Ending		6,187	26,009		786	32,982
Institutional:						
Balance - Beginning			7,262	41		7,303
Additions			32,240	74		32,314
Deductions			32,662	59		32,721
Balance - Ending			6,840	56		6,896
-			0,040	50		0,030
Total - All Agency Funds:						
Balance - Beginning		12,262	34,907	409	466	48,044
Additions		41,989	94,994	449	18,263	155,695
Deductions		47,638	96,820	427	17,943	162,828
Balance - Ending	\$	6,613	\$ 33,081 \$	\$ 431 \$	786 \$	40,911
		abilitiaa				
		abilities	Accounts		Amounts Held	
		10/				Tatal
		Warrants	Payable	Due to Other	In Custody	Total
		Payable	and Accruals	Governments	for Others	Liabilities
Local Government Distributive:				• • • • • •		
Balance - Beginning	\$	6,517	\$ 1		\$	7,671
Additions		27,082		1,338		28,420
Deductions		33,572	1	1,485		35,058
Balance - Ending		27	0	1,006		1,033
Program:						
-						
Balanco Boginning		67	19 650	1	1/ 2/2	22 070
Balance - Beginning		67 1 742	18,659	1	14,343	33,070
Additions		1,742	20,607	1	61,444	83,793
Additions Deductions		1,742 1,756	20,607 19,069		61,444 63,056	83,793 83,881
Additions	_	1,742	20,607	1	61,444	83,793
Additions Deductions		1,742 1,756	20,607 19,069		61,444 63,056	83,793 83,881
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Institutional:		1,742 1,756	20,607 19,069		61,444 63,056	83,793 83,881
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending	_	1,742 1,756	20,607 19,069 20,197		61,444 63,056 12,731 5,793	83,793 83,881 32,982 7,303
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Institutional: Balance - Beginning Additions	_	1,742 1,756	20,607 19,069 20,197 1,510 614		61,444 63,056 12,731 5,793 31,779	83,793 83,881 32,982 7,303 32,393
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Institutional: Balance - Beginning Additions Deductions	_	1,742 1,756	20,607 19,069 20,197 1,510 614 610		61,444 63,056 12,731 5,793 31,779 32,190	83,793 83,881 32,982 7,303 32,393 32,800
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Institutional: Balance - Beginning Additions Deductions Balance - Ending		1,742 1,756	20,607 19,069 20,197 1,510 614		61,444 63,056 12,731 5,793 31,779	83,793 83,881 32,982 7,303 32,393
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Institutional: Balance - Beginning Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Total - All Agency Funds:		1,742 1,756 53	20,607 19,069 20,197 1,510 614 610 1,514	1	61,444 63,056 12,731 5,793 31,779 32,190 5,382	83,793 83,881 32,982 7,303 32,393 32,800 6,896
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Institutional: Balance - Beginning Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Total - All Agency Funds: Balance - Beginning		1,742 1,756 53 6,584	20,607 19,069 20,197 1,510 614 610 1,514 20,170	1	61,444 63,056 12,731 5,793 31,779 32,190 5,382 20,136	83,793 83,881 32,982 7,303 32,393 32,800 6,896 48,044
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Institutional: Balance - Beginning Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Total - All Agency Funds: Balance - Beginning Additions		1,742 1,756 53 6,584 28,824	20,607 19,069 20,197 1,510 614 610 1,514 20,170 21,221	1 1,154 1,338	61,444 63,056 12,731 5,793 31,779 32,190 5,382 20,136 93,223	83,793 83,881 32,982 7,303 32,393 32,800 6,896 48,044 144,606
Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Institutional: Balance - Beginning Additions Deductions Balance - Ending Total - All Agency Funds: Balance - Beginning		1,742 1,756 53 6,584	20,607 19,069 20,197 1,510 614 610 1,514 20,170 21,221 19,680	1,154 1,338 1,485	61,444 63,056 12,731 5,793 31,779 32,190 5,382 20,136 93,223 95,246	83,793 83,881 32,982 7,303 32,393 32,800 6,896 48,044

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Nonmajor Component Units

Component Units are organizations which are legally separate from the state for which the state is financially accountable, or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the state are such that exclusion would cause the state's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Nonmajor Component Units Descriptions

Mississippi Business Finance Corporation - The corporation coordinates and oversees the delivery of services to small business communities of Mississippi.

Mississippi Coast Coliseum Commission - The commission accounts for the promoting, developing, maintenance and operation of a multi-purpose coliseum and related facilities located in Harrison County, Mississippi.

Mississippi Development Bank - The bank fosters and promotes the provision of adequate markets and facilities for the borrowing of funds for public purposes by governmental units.

Mississippi Prison Industries Corporation - The corporation is engaged in the manufacture of cloth related items, printing of forms, periodicals and manuals, and providing service work for manufacturers. Revenue is generated from the charges for goods and services.

Pat Harrison Waterway District - The district accounts for resources used to bring about the full beneficial use of surface and overflow waters of the Pascagoula River Basin.

Pearl River Basin Development District - The district accounts for resources used to preserve, conserve, store and regulate the waters of the Pearl River and its tributaries and their overflows.

Pearl River Valley Water Supply District - The district accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Ross Barnett Reservoir and surrounding lands, to provide water supply, flood reduction and recreational opportunities.

Tombigbee River Valley Water Management District - The district accounts for the development and conservation of the human and natural resources of Mississippi counties in which the Tombigbee River or any of its tributaries lie.

Nonmajor Component Units

Combining Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Mississippi Business Finance Corporation	Mississippi Coast Coliseum Commission	Mississippi Development Bank
Assets	 •		
Current assets:			
Equity in internal investment pool	\$ 1,949	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	643	1,326	666
Investments	13,412	2,580	3,336
Receivables, net	77	491	12
Due from other governments			
Due from primary government			
Inventories Pronoid itema		241	
Prepaid items Other assets		241	
	 40.004	4 000	
Total Current Assets	 16,081	4,638	4,014
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:		7 000	
Investments		7,000	
Capital assets: Land		2 504	
	73	3,594 123,063	20
Other capital assets, net Total Noncurrent Assets	 73		<u>29</u> 29
		133,657	
Total Assets	 16,154	138,295	4,043
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	58	310	
Due to primary government			
Deposits		657	
Unearned revenues		463	
Notes payable			
Total Current Liabilities	58	1,430	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Notes payable			
Other liabilities	60		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 60		
Total Liabilities	 118	1,430	
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	73	126,657	29
Restricted for other purposes		7,000	
Unrestricted	 15,963	3,208	4,014
Total Net Assets	\$ 16,036	\$ 136,865	\$ 4,043

	Mississippi Prison Industries Corporation	Pat Harrison Waterway District	Pearl River Basin Development District		Pearl River Valley Water Supply District		Tombigbee River Valley Water Management District		Totals
	•								
\$	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,949
Ψ	458	2,440 ^ψ	272	Ψ	5,114	Ψ	6,652	Ψ	17,571
	4,000	4,692	4,468		0,111		2,250		34,738
	883	2	· 12		1,542		53		3,072
		43	145				46		234
	251	27	1						279
	1,214	21							1,235
	22								263
	15								15
	6,843	7,225	4,898		6,656		9,001		59,356
									7,000
	404	1,834	1,523		7,689		930		15,974
	3,391	5,442	1,333		31,580		3,642		168,553
	3,795	7,276	2,856		39,269		4,572		191,527
	10,638	14,501	7,754		45,925		13,573		250,883
	605	1,975	41		1,037		21		4,047
		359			345		1		705
		10							667
	103								566
		40							40
	708	2,384	41		1,382		22		6,025
		270							270
		148	24		386		72		690
		418	24		386		72		960
	708	2,802	65		1,768		94		6,985
	3,795	6,966	2,856		39,268		4,572		184,216
	0.405	1,750	4,368		4.000		0.007		13,118
	6,135	2,983	465	<i>c</i>	4,889	~	8,907		46,564
\$	9,930 \$	11,699 \$	7,689	\$	44,157	\$	13,479	\$	243,898

Nonmajor Component Units

Combining Statement of Activities

				P	ro	gram Revenue	S		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue
Mississippi Business Finance Corporation	\$	1,095	\$	1,349	\$		\$	\$	254
Mississippi Coast Coliseum Commission		9,010		6,644		255			(2,111)
Mississippi Development Bank		354		238					(116)
Mississippi Prison Industries Corporation		7,299		7,564					265
Pat Harrison Waterway District		6,521		3,157		2,935			(429)
Pearl River Basin Development District		713		94					(619)
Pearl River Valley Water Supply District Tombigbee River Valley Water		11,605		11,166			127		(312)
Management District		1,713		621					(1,092)
Total	\$	38,310	\$	30,833	\$	3,190	\$ 127	\$	(4,160)

	General	Reve	enues				
Investment Income		Other	-	Change in Net Assets	Net Assets - Beginning	Net Assets - Ending	
\$	314	\$		\$	568 \$	15,468	\$ 16,036
	197				(1,914)	138,779	136,865
	41		271		196	3,847	4,043
	4		21		290	9,640	9,930
	69		2		(358)	12,057	11,699
	43		570		(6)	7,695	7,689
					(312)	44,469	44,157
	172		1,542		622	12,857	13,479
\$	840	\$	2,406	\$	(914) \$	244,812	\$ 243,898

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Statistical Section

The Statistical Section provides additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist financial statement users in understanding the State of Mississippi's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These tables contain trend information to help users in understanding how the State's financial position has changed over time.

Table 1 – Net Assets by Component	138
Table 2 – Changes in Net Assets	
Table 3 – Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Table 4 – Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the State's abi	lity to
generate its sales tax revenues.	-

Table 5 – Taxable Sales by Industry	
Table 6 – Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry.	

Debt Capacity

These tables present information to help users assess the affordability of the State's current levels of outstanding debt and the State's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Table 7 – Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type152	
Table 8 – Legal Debt Margin	

Demographic and Economic Information

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help users understand the environment within which the State's financial activities take place.

Table 9 – Demographic and Economic Statistics	155
Table 10 – Employment by Industry	155
Table 11 – Public School Enrollment	
Table 12 – Community and Junior College Enrollment	
Table 13 – University Enrollment	

Operating Information

These tables contain information about the State's operations and resources to help users understand how the State's financial information relates to the services the State provides and the activities it performs.

Table 14 – Capital Asset Statistics by Function1	158
Table 15 – State Government Employees by Function 1	160
Table 16 – Operating Indicators by Function 1	162

Net Assets by Component

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Accrual Basis of Accounting (Expressed in Thousands)

	2011	2010	2009	2008
Governmental activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 11,888,865	\$ 11,408,744	\$ 10,980,353	\$ 10,642,484
Restricted	3,480,202	655,192	625,174	667,456
Unrestricted	(2,680,509)	(267,768)	(336,905)	29,649
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 12,688,558	\$ 11,796,168	\$ 11,268,622	\$ 11,339,589
Business-type activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 218,713	\$ 208,101	\$ 195,171	\$ 161,144
Restricted	433,703	433,216	614,988	778,010
Unrestricted	250,052	202,455	192,005	209,175
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 902,468	\$ 843,772	\$ 1,002,164	\$ 1,148,329
Primary Government				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 12,107,578	\$ 11,616,845	\$ 11,175,524	\$ 10,803,628
Restricted	3,913,905	1,088,408	1,240,162	1,445,466
Unrestricted	 (2,430,457)	(65,313)	(144,900)	238,824
Total primary government net assets	\$ 13,591,026	\$ 12,639,940	\$ 12,270,786	\$ 12,487,918

Note: This table has been restated for prior period adjustments.

Table 1

 2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
\$ 9,770,760 477,321 575,042	\$ 8,883,410 427,128 159,530	\$ 8,306,585 336,262 (120,923)	\$ 7,915,868 476,794 (122,396)	\$ 7,173,292 636,014 568,556	\$ 6,727,606 601,879 747,945
\$ 10,823,123	\$ 9,470,068	\$ 8,521,924	\$ 8,270,266	\$ 8,377,862	\$ 8,077,430
\$ 136,836 784,367 243,751	\$ 112,393 789,759 209,745	\$ 143,055 807,059 169,590	\$ 138,166 750,915 157,241	\$ 133,594 739,605 132,382	\$ 120,320 787,669 123,491
\$ 1,164,954	\$ 1,111,897	\$ 1,119,704	\$ 1,046,322	\$ 1,005,581	\$ 1,031,480
\$ 9,907,596	\$ 8,995,803	\$ 8,449,640	\$ 8,054,034	\$ 7,306,886	\$ 6,847,926
1,261,688	1,216,887	1,143,321	1,227,709	1,375,619	1,389,548
 818,793	369,275	48,667	34,845	700,938	871,436
\$ 11,988,077	\$ 10,581,965	\$ 9,641,628	\$ 9,316,588	\$ 9,383,443	\$ 9,108,910

Changes in Net Assets

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Accrual Basis of Accounting (Expressed in Thousands)

		2011		2010		2009		2008
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$		\$	2,011,806	\$	2,052,954	\$	2,000,778
Education		4,138,406		4,082,117		4,093,018		4,163,587
Health and social services ¹		6,871,858		6,747,426		6,139,808		5,609,247
Law, justice and public safety ²		1,006,887		1,095,181		1,052,434		1,173,359
Recreation and resources development ³		1,001,306		1,058,604		1,127,670		1,261,268
Regulation of business and professions		37,438		38,188		37,215		36,318
Transportation		592,642		689,802		683,663		643,867
Interest on long-term debt		223,856		146,732		209,516		196,277
Total governmental activities expenses		15,752,734		15,869,856		15,396,278		15,084,701
Business-type activities:								
Unemployment compensation ⁴		520,790		669,679		422,764		143,013
Port Authority at Gulfport		30,276		23,243		15,239		12,614
Prepaid affordable college tuition		45,754		42,183		20,316		40,972
Other business-type		38,671		38,074		40,392		34,204
Total business-type activities expenses		635,491		773,179		498,711		230,803
Total primary government expenses	\$	16,388,225	\$	16,643,035	\$	15,894,989	\$	15,315,504
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	1,183,632	\$	1,214,243	\$	1,149,464	\$	1,135,546
Education		36,151		51,848		29,721		27,838
Health and social services		622,266		569,685		563,917		507,876
Law, justice and public safety		101,992		99,098		103,178		100,206
Recreation and resources development		132,401		145,988		84,984		85,610
Regulation of business and professions		43,005		41,644		40,727		39,491
Transportation		36,335		7,787		51,695		40,243
Operating grants and contributions ⁵		7,896,876		7,795,111		6,847,036		6,462,823
Capital grants and contributions		603,098		643,843		556,571		795,572
Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services:		10,655,756		10,569,247		9,427,293		9,195,205
Unemployment compensation ⁶		209,318		84,916		90,301		100,840
Port Authority at Gulfport		27,807		14,652		16,865		22,569
Prepaid affordable college tuition		21,764		21,799		19,374		21,121
Other business-type		39,319		36,811		38,532		33,522
Operating grants and contributions ⁷		310,704		382,141		141,038		10,069
Capital grants and contributions		16		24		954		1,838
Total business-type activities program revenues		608,928		540,343		307,064		189,959
Total primary government program revenues	\$	11,264,684	\$	11,109,590	\$	9,734,357	\$	9,385,164
Net (Expense) Revenue	-	,_0,001	Ŷ	,	Ŧ	0,101,001	Ŷ	0,000,101
Governmental activities	\$	(5,096,978)	\$	(5,300,609)	\$	(5,968,985)	\$	(5,889,496)
Business-type activities	Ψ	(3,096,978) (26,563)	ψ	(3,300,809) (232,836)	Ψ	(191,647)	Ψ	(3,869,490) (40,844)
Total primary government net expense	¢	(5,123,541)	\$	(5,533,445)	\$	(6,160,632)	\$	(5,930,340)
rotal primary government het expense	\$	(3,123,041)	ψ	(0,000,440)	Ψ	(0,100,032)	φ	(0,00,040)

	2007		2006	2005		2004	2003		2002
\$	1,803,339	\$	1,826,995	\$ 1,683,021	\$	1,648,142	\$ 1,453,788	\$	1,082,176
•	3,961,573	·	3,668,314	3,344,598		3,292,951	3,139,812		2,959,707
	5,311,270		5,180,153	5,074,151		4,776,214	4,290,392		4,219,675
	1,152,359		1,384,238	566,146		549,662	517,753		509,295
	1,932,646		364,796	423,983		461,243	465,393		379,325
	33,192		30,944	30,355		34,269	32,059		29,960
	581,446		728,716	531,775		516,130	443,155		433,730
	167,233		150,556	150,555		149,764	145,345		179,102
	14,943,058		13,334,712	11,804,584		11,428,375	10,487,697		9,792,970
	143,348		242,134	138,825		198,147	251,010		218,517
	10,349		17,221	14,957		13,879	13,339		11,223
	38,391		29,983	33,226		12,253	4,778		12,528
	37,559		49,737	45,560		44,194	41,421		39,912
	229,647		339,075	232,568		268,473	310,548		282,180
\$	15,172,705	\$	13,673,787	\$ 12,037,152	\$	11,696,848	\$ 10,798,245	\$	10,075,150
\$	1,059,532	\$	944,744	\$ 1,041,597	\$	842,566	\$ 806,664	\$	491,132
	33,991		29,784	24,857		20,925	25,639		29,399
	480,944		446,315	465,923		420,116	477,577		542,157
	147,360		81,807	76,864		68,089	60,811		58,130
	69,949		64,182	60,230		57,470	58,247		55,919
	36,173		28,223	32,315		37,170	35,397		29,364
	35,192		26,762	29,477		38,299	44,136		50,540
	7,125,688		6,058,258	4,636,824		4,553,738	4,066,898		3,812,409
	960,369		792,929	415,530		389,686	410,636		391,670
	9,949,198		8,473,004	6,783,617		6,428,059	5,986,005		5,460,720
	106,256		104,548	158,695		149,726	118,671		177,048
	30,166		7,609	21,892		21,578	20,931		19,706
	21,343		21,513	19,679		551	1,938		488
	37,083		40,644	37,604		35,125	31,065		29,882
	9,745		93,156	5,905		31,930	53,006		30,002
	3,900		539	159		278	903		13,257
	208,493		268,009	243,934		239,188	226,514		270,383
\$	10,157,691	\$	8,741,013	\$ 7,027,551	\$	6,667,247	\$ 6,212,519	\$	5,731,103
<u> </u>	. ,		. , -	. ,		- *	. , -		. ,
\$	(4,993,860)	\$	(4,861,708)	\$ (5,020,967)	\$	(5,000,316)	\$ (4,501,692)	\$	(4,332,250)
	(21,154)		(71,066)	11,366		(29,285)	(84,034)		(11,797)
	(5,015,014)	¢	(4,932,774)	\$ (5,009,601)	¢	(5,029,601)	(4,585,726)	¢	(4,344,047)

(Continued on Next Page)

Changes in Net Assets

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Accrual Basis of Accounting (Expressed in Thousands)

(Continued from Previous Page)

		2011	2010	2009	2008
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Ass	ets				
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Sales and use ⁸	\$	2,935,523	\$ 2,885,064	\$ 2,961,865	\$ 3,166,130
Gasoline and other motor fuel		420,410	406,279	411,729	438,676
Individual income		1,374,843	1,385,623	1,415,091	1,503,869
Corporate income and franchise		477,443	416,978	420,739	500,996
Insurance		192,146	197,970	187,050	194,129
Other		520,689	511,351	461,064	459,483
Gain on sale of assets					
Investment income		91,185	54,935	83,119	145,465
Extraordinary item - Impairment loss from					
hurricane damage, net of insurance recovery					
Transfers		(22,871)	(29,896)	(42,639)	(2,786)
Total governmental activities		5,989,368	5,828,304	5,898,018	6,405,962
Business-type activities:					
Gain on sale of assets					
Investment income		62,388	44,548	2,843	21,433
Extraordinary item - Impairment gain from					
hurricane damage, net of insurance recovery					
Transfers		22,871	29,896	42,639	2,786
Total business-type activities		85,259	74,444	45,482	24,219
Total primary government	\$	6,074,627	\$ 5,902,748	\$ 5,943,500	\$ 6,430,181
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental activities	\$	892,390	\$ 527,695	\$ (70,967)	\$ 516,466
Business-type activities		58,696	(158,392)	(146,165)	(16,625)
Total primary government	\$	951,086	\$ 369,303	\$ (217,132)	\$ 499,841

Note: This table has been restated for prior period adjustments.

¹ Health and social services expenditures rose from 2009 to 2010 primarily as benefits and the number of participants in the Medicaid and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Programs increased.

Health and social services expenses rose from 2008 to 2009 primarily as Medicaid expenditures escalated for medical assistance and disproportionate share payments.

² Law, justice and public safety expenses rose from 2005 to 2006 primarily due to the Hurricane Katrina response.

³ Recreation and resources development expenses rose from 2006 to 2007 as a result of federal assistance being distributed to homeowners to aid in their rebuilding efforts.

⁴ Unemployment Compensation expenses increased from 2008 to 2009 and again from 2009 to 2010. The number of eligible workers rose due to the climb in the unemployment rate and benefits were extended under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

⁵ Operating grants and contributions increased from 2009 to 2010. This is due in part to funding provided by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

Operating grants and contributions increased from 2006 to 2007. This can be attributed to federal assistance for homeowners affected by Hurricane Katrina.

Operating grants and contributions increased from 2005 to 2006. This can be attributed to federal assistance in the Hurricane Katrina recovery efforts.

 2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
\$ 3,161,005	\$ 3,075,657	\$ 2,626,792	\$ 2,459,718	\$ 2,418,763	\$ 2,378,956
444,489	442,190	433,307	432,892	418,941	409,536
1,501,334	1,204,055	1,243,192	1,039,488	1,084,999	989,877
469,182	425,091	365,140	320,057	289,441	255,532
192,861	169,727	165,955	160,757	149,458	131,763
397,515	385,810	362,526	352,800	348,744	302,479
	585	2,964	534	296	420
184,500	122,553	79,306	130,767	92,243	42,572
	(9,871)				
 (3,971)	(5,945)	(6,557)	(4,293)	(761)	(11,025)
 6,346,915	5,809,852	5,272,625	4,892,720	4,802,124	4,500,110
	7				
70,240	55,974	55,459	65,733	57,374	45,890
-, -	, -	,	,	- ,-	-,
	1,333				
3,971	5,945	6,557	4,293	761	11,025
 74,211	63,259	62,016	70,026	58,135	56,915
\$ 6,421,126	\$ 5,873,111	\$ 5,334,641	\$ 4,962,746	\$ 4,860,259	\$ 4,557,025
\$ 1,353,055	\$ 948,144	\$ 251,658	\$ (107,596)	\$ 300,432	\$ 167,860
53,057	(7,807)	73,382	40,741	(25,899)	45,118
\$ 1,406,112	\$ 940,337	\$ 325,040	\$ (66,855)	\$ 274,533	\$ 212,978

⁶ Unemployment Compensation Charges for Services increased from 2010 to 2011. Employer assessments grew because the taxable wage base doubled.

⁷ Operating grants and contributions increased from 2005 to 2006. This can be attributed to federal assistance for disaster unemployment payments.

Operating grants and contributions increased from 2008 to 2009. This can be attibuted to additional federal funding for unemployment compensation programs under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act .

⁸ Sales and use taxes increased from 2005 to 2006 primarily due to the volume of items purchased as citizens rebuilt and replaced damaged assets after Hurricane Katrina.

Sales and use taxes decreased from 2008 to 2009 and again from 2009 to 2010 as consumer spending on cars, lumber and building materials and other taxable goods and services was down in response to a weakening economy.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting (Expressed in Thousands)

	 2011
General Fund	
Nonspendable	\$ 52,571
Restricted	2,895,706
Committed	198,340
Assigned	110,648
Unassigned	 287,764
Total General Fund	\$ 3,545,029
All Other Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable	\$ 54,476
Restricted	477,449
Committed	 187,041
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 718,966

		2010	2009	2008	2007
General Fund					
Reserved	\$	813,291	\$ 829,688	\$ 833,922	\$ 864,522
Unreserved		1,895,503	1,359,911	1,822,412	1,625,064
Total General Fund	\$	2,708,794	\$ 2,189,599	\$ 2,656,334	\$ 2,489,586
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved	\$	82,783	\$ 316,774	\$ 325,180	\$ 317,053
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds		596,557	552,911	568,091	769,769
Capital project funds		323,080	375,268	383,225	224,942
Debt service funds					
Permanent funds	_	6,601	5,119	3,862	2,398
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	1,009,021	\$ 1,250,072	\$ 1,280,358	\$ 1,314,162

Note: Beginning in fiscal year 2011, fund balance categories were reclassified as a result of implementing GASB Statement 54 but were not restated for prior years. However, this table has been restated for prior period adjustments.

 2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
\$ 702,417	\$ 709,505	\$ 593,863	\$ 576,966	\$ 612,098
1,253,819	715,549	875,888	868,595	1,169,275
\$ 1,956,236	\$ 1,425,054	\$ 1,469,751	\$ 1,445,561	\$ 1,781,373
\$ 306,171	\$ 308,032	\$ 68,051	\$ 59,196	\$ 64,206
427,942	469,379	787,576	708,736	709,541
250,799	191,010	321,678	400,602	407,681
49,385	41,818	47,008	107,782	65,213
 1,003	2,104	3,210	4,037	3,427
\$ 1,035,300	\$ 1,012,343	\$ 1,227,523	\$ 1,280,353	\$ 1,250,068

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting (Expressed in Thousands)

	2011	2010	2009	2008
Revenues				
Taxes				
Sales and use ¹	\$ 2,916,298 \$	2,848,169 \$	3,008,042 \$	3,146,711
Gasoline and other motor fuel	415,200	406,837	412,206	437,810
Individual income	1,409,473	1,337,000	1,441,141	1,523,231
Corporate income and franchise	447,322	413,930	420,482	503,165
Insurance	192,146	197,970	187,050	194,129
Other	520,689	511,351	461,064	459,483
Licenses, fees and permits	519,033	505,314	527,099	547,844
Federal government ²	8,496,243	8,434,957	7,402,207	7,197,515
Investment income	88,553	96,596	69,725	132,566
Charges for sales and services	379,741	311,236	351,618	327,874
Rentals	29,044	27,844	24,008	24,353
Court assessments and settlements	145,462	188,337	130,762	139,803
Refund of prior year disaster payments				
Other	 511,610	521,636	410,345	345,593
Total Revenues	 16,070,814	15,801,177	14,845,749	14,980,077
Expenditures				
General government	1,301,010	1,377,855	1,392,656	1,430,623
Education	4,134,654	4,076,285	4,090,971	4,155,180
Health and social services ³	6,863,679	6,711,466	6,129,997	5,601,993
Law, justice and public safety ⁴	953,468	1,053,017	1,069,705	1,385,082
Recreation and resources development ⁵	1,002,286	1,055,786	1,138,031	1,203,801
Regulation of business and professions	37,713	37,847	36,450	35,841
Transportation	1,168,090	1,180,908	1,134,357	1,178,966
Debt service				
Principal	316,103	321,825	419,973	295,060
Interest and other fiscal charges	226,906	163,207	210,654	210,311
Defeasance of debt		2,505		
Capital outlay	84,671	98,825	80,378	110,620
Total Expenditures	 16,088,580	16,079,526	15,703,172	15,607,477
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (17,766) \$	(278,349) \$	(857,423) \$	(627,400)

2007	7 2006 2005 2004 2		2003	2002	
\$ 3,136,554 \$	3,074,831 \$	2,609,936 \$	2,488,055 \$	2,377,996 \$	2,364,112
445,876	443,150	432,023	433,091	418,049	407,935
1,486,074	1,213,733	1,224,403	1,054,479	1,021,967	980,284
477,166	412,839	363,361	320,848	287,335	254,785
192,861	169,727	165,955	160,757	149,458	131,763
397,515	385,810	362,526	352,800	348,744	302,479
499,787	448,482	444,257	428,412	412,367	402,878
8,079,581	6,844,298	5,050,410	4,943,360	4,477,533	4,204,079
174,142	118,888	76,874	130,333	86,974	37,353
310,769	279,899	265,089	258,217	241,153	268,098
18,559	13,004	19,564	16,651	16,320	15,154
159,131	113,135	209,541	109,796	172,099	239,509
55,557					
309,521	281,908	349,625	299,009	312,856	317,263
15,743,093	13,799,704	11,573,564	10,995,808	10,322,851	9,925,692
1,345,200	1,379,847	1,227,277	1,219,944	1,191,877	1,133,606
3,949,505	3,663,082	3,341,991	3,211,882	3,022,046	2,852,710
5,302,796	5,176,071	5,057,704	4,775,753	4,291,837	4,212,066
1,172,469	1,364,750	567,718	551,354	522,509	507,662
1,926,281	351,801	410,624	482,235	484,955	381,064
33,364	30,981	30,574	34,163	32,096	30,175
1,390,677	1,284,905	911,974	925,757	876,269	875,165
277,538	261,878	239,525	216,287	194,318	280,590
184,346	177,228	152,766	153,272	146,429	154,430
,= .=	2,138	1,386	1,689	3,959	.,
88,575	69,604	85,443	77,839	114,941	103,940
15,670,751	13,762,285	12,026,982	11,650,175	10,881,236	10,531,408
\$ 72,342			(654,367) \$	(558,385) \$	(605,716)

(Continued on Next Page)

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting (Expressed in Thousands) (Continued from Previous Page)

	2011	2010	2009	2008
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Bonds and notes issued	\$ 569,794 \$	581,972 \$	362,720 \$	721,172
Capital leases issued	8,009	2,987	10,759	724
Discounts on bonds and notes issued				(390)
Insurance recovery	185	1,822	8,838	3,874
Payments on refunded bond anticipation notes	(105,105)	(241,100)		
Payments on refunded bonds and notes	(183,105)	(141,892)		
Payments to bond escrow agent			(1,992)	
Payments to refunded bond, note and lease escrow agents		(41,998)	(82,265)	(191,894)
Premiums on bonds, notes, and refunding bonds and				
notes issued	13,114	10,562	13,916	19,613
Refunding bonds and notes issued	284,453	413,965	76,460	208,955
Transfers in	138,686	756,592	335,056	387,993
Transfers out	 (161,936)	(786,417)	(363,090)	(389,703)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 564,095	556,493	360,402	760,344
Extraordinary Item				
Insurance recovery from hurricane damage				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 546,329 \$	278,144 \$	(497,021) \$	132,944
Daht Comitos os o Domontores of				
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	3.6%	3.2%	4.3%	3.5%

Note: This table has been restated for prior period adjustments.

¹ Sales and use taxes decreased from 2008 to 2009 and again from 2009 to 2010 as consumer spending on cars, lumber and building materials and other taxable goods and services was down in response to a weakening economy.

Sales and use taxes increased from 2005 to 2006 primarily due to the volume of items purchased as citizens rebuilt and replaced damaged assets after Hurricane Katrina.

² Federal government revenues increased from 2009 to 2010. This is due in part to funding provided by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

Federal government revenues increased from 2006 to 2007. This can be attributed to federal assistance for homeowners affected by Hurricane Katrina.

Federal government revenues increased from 2005 to 2006. This can be attributed to federal assistance in the Hurricane Katrina recovery efforts.

³ Health and social services expenditures rose from 2009 to 2010 primarily as benefits and the number of participants in the Medicaid and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Programs increased.

Health and social services expenditures rose from 2008 to 2009 primarily as Medicaid expenditures escalated for medical assistance and disproportionate share payments.

⁴ Law, justice and public safety expenditures rose from 2005 to 2006 primarily due to the Hurricane Katrina response.

 2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
\$ 714,400 \$ 5,497 (250)	486,780 \$ 11,324 (242)	188,494 \$ 3,975	625,015 \$ 4,834	239,000 \$ 6,046	415,466 5,070
781 (33,000)	4,408				
(147,765)	(50,462)	(6,882)	(180,678)	(536,921)	(381,313)
29,209	15,442	874	7,865	59,728	41,558
175,365	51,870	7,215	172,505	486,970	364,033
616,239	498,623	294,453	304,180	248,954	352,432
(620,606)	(501,943)	(294,588)	(307,994)	(250,919)	(355,539)
 739,870	515,800	193,541	625,727	252,858	441,707
	920				
\$ 812,212 \$	554,139 \$	(259,877) \$	(28,640) \$	(305,527) \$	(164,009)
3.2%	3.4%	3.5%	3.4%	3.4%	4.4%

⁵ Recreation and resources development expenditures rose from 2006 to 2007 as a result of federal assistance being distributed to homeowners to aid in their rebuilding efforts.

Taxable Sales by Industry

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Expressed in Thousands)

	2010	2009	2008	2007
Automotive	\$ 4,864,021	\$ 5,023,772	\$ 6,083,873	\$ 6,425,719
Contracting	6,088,260	7,771,199	7,887,529	7,289,281
Food and Beverage	7,712,477	7,658,372	7,502,956	7,183,345
Furniture	874,401	858,990	959,992	1,017,087
General Merchandise	7,496,027	7,697,208	7,339,220	7,517,150
Lumber and Building Materials	2,510,439	2,870,910	3,423,567	3,892,931
Machinery, Equipment and Supplies	2,380,929	2,655,964	2,962,978	3,065,223
Miscellaneous Retail	3,339,710	3,567,676	3,743,749	3,741,915
Miscellaneous Services	2,580,111	2,829,490	2,823,849	2,605,241
Public Utilities	4,299,562	4,383,720	4,225,268	4,160,798
Recreation	144,896	136,388	134,763	135,866
Wholesale	 756,599	763,532	749,042	728,840
Total taxable sales	\$ 43,047,432	\$ 46,217,221	\$ 47,836,786	\$ 47,763,396
Gross tax collections	\$ 2,652,437	\$ 2,809,904	\$ 2,893,966	\$ 2,899,368
Average effective rate	6.16%	6.08%	6.05%	6.07%

Notes: Average effective rate equals gross tax collections divided by taxable sales. The most current fiscal year available is fiscal year 2010.

Source: Mississippi Department of Revenue

Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry

Fiscal Years 2010 and 2001

	2010								
			Т	ax Liability					
	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	•	(pressed in 1ousands)	Percentage of Total				
Automotive	9,136	11.7 %	<u> </u>	281,779	10.6 %				
Contracting	9,936	12.7	Ψ	234,453	8.9				
Food and Beverage	13,368	17.1		539,866	20.4				
Furniture	1,995	2.6		61,206	2.3				
General Merchandise	5,020	6.4		524,972	19.8				
Lumber and Building Materials	4,673	6.0		175,726	6.6				
Machinery, Equipment and Supplies	5,935	7.6		128,548	4.8				
Miscellaneous Retail	20,176	25.8		230,622	8.7				
Miscellaneous Services	6,104	7.8		177,538	6.7				
Public Utilities	1,187	1.5		234,623	8.8				
Recreation	569	0.7		10,142	0.4				
Wholesale	37	0.1		52,962	2.0				
Total	78,136	100.0 %	\$	2,652,437	100.0 %				

Notes: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest sales tax revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's revenue. The most current fiscal year available is fiscal year 2010.

Source: Mississippi Department of Revenue

Table 5

2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
\$ 6,659,353	\$ 6,146,219	\$ 6,153,868	\$ 5,993,019	\$ 6,102,300	\$ 5,847,392
6,077,508	4,450,580	4,227,714	4,062,074	4,074,641	3,908,410
6,860,282	6,667,695	6,585,188	6,181,754	6,329,716	6,359,213
1,011,007	759,240	740,400	724,376	730,471	747,479
7,389,359	6,627,840	6,350,285	5,994,698	5,809,645	5,494,382
3,944,938	2,675,275	2,384,863	2,016,383	1,915,703	1,888,429
2,883,980	2,253,956	2,056,435	2,079,293	2,124,054	2,206,481
3,562,267	3,317,464	3,480,913	3,700,174	3,305,031	3,267,289
2,582,114	1,944,014	1,881,371	1,695,247	1,687,695	1,694,971
4,323,055	3,687,135	3,332,978	3,207,453	3,113,292	3,109,723
119,248	110,930	116,464	108,309	107,782	105,941
 721,747	758,074	744,355	718,041	704,607	680,678
\$ 46,134,858	\$ 39,398,422	\$ 38,054,834	\$ 36,480,821	\$ 36,004,937	\$ 35,310,388
\$ 2,807,350	\$ 2,421,537	\$ 2,338,086	\$ 2,208,570	\$ 2,199,918	\$ 2,158,940
6.09%	6.15%	6.14%	6.05%	6.11%	6.11%

		200	1	
Number of Filers	Percentage of Total		Tax Liability (expressed in thousands)	Percentage of Total
11,120	13.7 %	\$	317,694	14.7 %
7,447	9.2		143,466	6.6
15,140	18.7		443,344	20.5
2,885	3.6		52,260	2.4
4,976	6.1		385,146	17.8
5,374	6.6		129,771	6.0
5,843	7.2		122,241	5.7
21,095	26.1		223,612	10.4
5,547	6.9		118,489	5.5
1,022	1.3		174,663	8.1
383	0.5		7,413	0.3
97	0.1		40,841	2.0
80,929	100.0 %	\$	2,158,940	100.0 %

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Expressed in Thousands, except Per capita)

	2011	2010		2009	2008
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds and Notes ¹	\$ 3,813,700 \$	3,524,0	006	\$ 3,456,607	\$ 3,452,073
Limited Obligation Bonds					24,460
Capital Lease Obligations	13,935	13,2	212	17,231	12,555
Notes Payable	1,016,946	1,044,3	352	852,011	882,049
Certificates of Participation				2,045	2,190
Total Governmental Activities	 4,844,581	4,581,5	570	4,327,894	4,373,327
Business-type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds	23,426	26,4	176	29,231	32,064
Revenue Bonds					
Capital Lease Obligations	 618	8	341	1,636	926
Total Business-type Activities	24,044	27,3	317	30,867	32,990
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,868,625 \$	6 4,608,8	387	\$ 4,358,761	\$ 4,406,317
Amount of Debt Per capita ²	\$ 1,639 \$	5 1,5	552	\$ 1,478	\$ 1,499
Debt as a percentage of Personal Income ³	5.3%	5	.1%	4.8%	5.0%
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt ⁴					
General Obligation Bonds and Notes ¹	\$ 3,813,700 \$	3,524,0	006	\$ 3,456,607	\$ 3,452,073
Less: Debt Service	 323,235	248,6	686	197,131	214,647
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt	\$ 3,490,465 \$	3,275,3	320	\$ 3,259,476	\$ 3,237,426
Amount of Net General Obligation					
Bonded Debt Per capita ²	\$ 1,175 \$	5 1, ⁻	103	\$ 1,105	\$ 1,101
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt					
as a percentage of Taxable Sales 5	8.1%	7	.6%	7.1%	6.8%

Notes:

¹ Fiscal years 2002-2004 have been restated to reflect amounts net of deferred refunding charges and premiums/discounts.

² See Table 9 for population data. For the current fiscal year, the prior year population data is used in the calculation.

³ See Table 9 for personal income data. For the current fiscal year, the prior year personal income data is used in the calculation.

⁴ Net General Obligation Bonded Debt is long-term debt reported in governmental activities.

⁵ See Table 5 for taxable sales data. For the current fiscal year, the prior year taxable sales data is used in the calculation.

152

	2007		2006		2005		2004		2003		2002
\$	3,135,232	\$	3,011,720	\$	2,879,945	\$	2,965,083	\$	2,536,637	\$	2,459,826
Ψ	47,880	Ψ	70,320	Ψ	91.845	Ψ	112,515	Ψ	132,390	Ψ	151,535
	18,568		19,034		62,456		74,277		156,075		162,389
	708,028		345,091		162,340		92,877		9,406		6,891
	2,330		2,460		2,585		2,700		2,805		2,905
	3,912,038		3,448,625		3,199,171		3,247,452		2,837,313		2,783,546
	0,012,000		0,110,020		0,100,111		0,217,102		2,007,010		2,700,010
	25.004		29.046		40 705		42 207		47 407		EQ 447
	35,084		38,016		40,705 150		43,207		47,407		52,417
	014		220				295		430		555
	214		320		449		613		193		283
	35,298		38,336		41,304		44,115		48,030		53,255
\$	3,947,336	\$	3,486,961	\$	3,240,475	\$	3,291,567	\$	2,885,343	\$	2,836,801
\$	1,352	\$	1,202	\$	1,117	\$	1,143	\$	1,005	\$	992
	4.7%		4.4%		4.3%		4.7%		4.3%		4.3%
\$	3,135,232	\$	3,011,720	\$	2,879,945	\$	2,965,083	\$	2,536,637	\$	2,459,826
	175,515		105,347		97,312		107,149		176,556		129,771
\$	2,959,717	\$	2,906,373	\$	2,782,633	\$	2,857,934	\$	2,360,081	\$	2,330,055
\$	1,014	\$	1,002	\$	960	\$	992	\$	822	\$	815
	6.2%		6.3%		7.1%		7.5%		6.5%		6.5%

Legal Debt Margin

Table 8

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Expressed in Thousands)

		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007
Legal debt limit	\$	12,451,109	\$	12,451,109	\$	12,451,109	\$	12,009,366	\$	10,930,262
Less: Net debt applicable to limit		3,490,465		3,275,320		3,259,476		3,237,426		2,959,717
Legal debt margin	\$	8,960,644	\$	9,175,789	\$	9,191,633	\$	8,771,940	\$	7,970,545
Net debt applicable to the limit										
as a percentage of legal debt limit		28.0%		26.3%		26.2%		27.0%		27.1%
	<u>_</u>	2006	•	2005	•	2004	^	2003	^	2002
Legal debt limit	\$	10,056,571	\$	8,740,586	\$	8,429,055	\$	8,142,318	\$	8,142,318
Less: Net debt applicable to limit		2,906,373	-	2,771,968	-	2,846,985	-	2,339,941	-	2,312,810
Legal debt margin	\$	7,150,198	\$	5,968,618	\$	5,582,070	\$	5,802,377	\$	5,829,508
Net debt applicable to the limit										
as a percentage of legal debt limit		28.9%		31.7%		33.8%		28.7%		28.4%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for I	Fisca	al Year 2011:								
Legal debt limit ¹									\$	12,451,109
Amount of debt applicable to limit ²							\$	3,813,700		
Less: amounts available for debt se	ervic	e						323,235		
Less: Net debt applicable to limit										3,490,465
Legal debt margin									\$	8,960,644

Notes:

¹ The State's constitutional debt limit is established under Section 115 of the Mississippi Constitution at one and one-half times the sum of all revenues collected by the State during any one of the four preceding fiscal years, whichever may be higher. Revenues included in the foregoing debt limitation computation are restricted by current practice to the following revenues: taxes, licenses, fees and permits, investment income, rental income, service charges (including net income from the sale of alcoholic beverages), fines, forfeits, and penalties. Defined revenues for the four preceding years were:

Fiscal	Applicable					
Year	Revenues					
2010	\$	7,698,390				
2009		7,960,862				
2008		8,300,739				
2007		8,006,244				

² The legal debt limit applies to total governmental activities long-term bonded debt.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Calendar Years

		Unemploym	Unemployment Rate Personal Mississippi U. S. Income		Per capita Personal
Year	Population	Mississippi			Income
2010	2,970,000	10.4 %	9.6 %	\$ 91,142,000,000	\$ 30,688
2009	2,950,000	9.6	9.3	90,045,000,000	30,524
2008	2,940,000	6.8	5.8	88,466,000,000	30,090
2007	2,920,000	6.2	4.6	83,842,000,000	28,713
2006	2,900,000	6.8	4.6	79,422,000,000	27,387
2005	2,900,000	7.8	5.1	75,163,000,000	25,918
2004	2,880,000	6.3	5.5	70,667,000,000	24,537
2003	2,870,000	6.4	6.0	67,440,000,000	23,498
2002	2,860,000	6.7	5.8	65,608,000,000	22,940
2001	2,850,000	5.6	4.7	63,244,000,000	22,191

Sources:

Mississippi Econometric Model

Mississippi Department of Employment Security

U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Employment by Industry

Most Current Calendar Year and Nine Years Prior

(Ranked by Number of Employees)

		2010			2001	
Industry	Rank	Average Number of Employees	Percentage of All Employees	Rank	Average Number of Employees	Percentage of All Employees
Government	1	248,900	21.2 %	1	237,500	19.3 %
Manufacturing	2	135,800	11.5	2	200,800	16.3
Retail Trade	3	131,900	11.2	3	142,100	11.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	4	118,500	10.1	5	95,800	7.8
Accommodation and Food Services	5	106,700	9.1	4	106,700	8.7
Professional and Business Services	6	91,800	7.8	6	76,700	6.2
Construction	7	48,900	4.1	7	51,900	4.2
Transportation and Warehousing	8	46,700	4.0	8	45,800	3.7
Other Services	9	34,800	3.0	9	36,800	3.0
Wholesale Trade	10	34,100	2.9	10	35,300	2.9
Total		998,100	84.9 %		1,029,400	83.7 %
Total Employed Labor Force		1,176,300	100.0 %		1,229,900	100.0 %

Note: This schedule is presented as an alternative to the principal employer schedule for which employer data could not be obtained. Information contained in the schedule represents nonagricultural employment.

Source: Mississippi Department of Employment Security

Table 9

Public School Enrollment

Last Ten Academic Years

	2010/2011	2009/2010	2008/2009	2007/2008
Kindergarten	42,371	42,790	41,602	41,453
Grades 1-3	115,503	116,320	118,249	118,969
Grades 4-6	115,057	114,328	111,783	111,009
Grades 7-9	111,826	113,802	115,901	118,593
Grades 10-12	98,536	97,942	97,024	96,003
Special Education	7,233	6,923	6,635	7,275
Total Enrollment	490,526	492,105	491,194	493,302

Source: Mississippi Department of Education

Community and Junior College Enrollment

Last Ten Academic Years

2010/2011 2009/2010 2008/2009 2007/2008 Coahoma Community College 2.781 3.210 2.239 2.398 Copiah-Lincoln Community College 4,649 3.811 5,221 3.886 East Central Community College 2,738 3,554 3,219 2,841 East Mississippi Community College 5,906 6,063 6,356 6,353 Hinds Community College 13,693 15,370 12,661 16,747 Holmes Community College 5,711 5,943 5,754 5,124 Itawamba Community College 8,003 9,965 9,173 8,339 Jones County Junior College 6,982 6,783 5,951 5,658 Meridian Community College 3,956 4,856 4,317 4,065 Mississippi Delta Community College 4,320 4,410 4,011 3,659 Mississippi Gulf Coast Community College 12,171 13,426 11,736 9,674 Northeast Mississippi Community College 3,966 5.482 5,006 5,223 Northwest Mississippi Community College 7,312 8,777 7,326 6,900 Pearl River Community College 4.406 4.853 5.081 4.263 Southwest Mississippi Community College 2,283 2,289 2,106 2,080 **Total Enrollment** 89,250 99,829 88,822 87,135

Source: Mississippi State Board for Community and Junior Colleges

University Enrollment

Last Ten Academic Years

	2010/2011	2009/2010	2008/2009	2007/2008
Alcorn State University	3,682	3,334	3,252	3,668
Delta State University	4,327	4,031	4,064	4,091
Jackson State University	8,687	8,783	8,374	8,698
Mississippi State University	19,643	18,600	17,824	17,039
Mississippi University for Women	2,587	2,476	2,365	2,379
Mississippi Valley State University	2,636	2,846	2,929	3,009
University of Mississippi	19,546	18,344	17,601	17,323
University of Southern Mississippi	15,778	15,293	14,793	14,592
Total Enrollment	76,886	73,707	71,202	70,799

Source: Institutions of Higher Learning, Office of Research and Planning

Table 11

Table '	12
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	2006/2007	2005/2006	2004/2005	2003/2004	2002/2003	2001/2002
	42,277	42,824	42,158	40,536	38,811	38,736
	117,424	114,830	114,453	114,719	116,431	119,157
	112,101	113,468	116,383	117,899	118,463	119,022
	120,271	120,852	120,186	118,632	116,799	114,533
	93,287	91,663	89,641	88,384	88,437	88,644
_	8,775	10,401	11,769	12,387	12,682	12,106
	494,135	494,038	494,590	492,557	491,623	492,198

2006/2007	2005/2006	2004/2005	2003/2004	2002/2003	2001/2002
2,201	2,428	2,506	2,392	2,481	2,150
3,933	3,792	3,681	3,796	3,370	3,160
3,096	3,268	3,540	3,540	3,414	3,347
4,938	4,569	4,523	4,103	4,043	3,303
13,487	13,004	13,803	15,202	11,152	11,389
5,164	5,220	4,991	4,945	3,851	3,482
7,363	7,089	6,567	6,778	5,667	4,563
5,785	6,219	6,344	6,231	5,841	5,625
3,946	3,813	4,089	3,944	3,815	3,743
3,815	3,995	3,862	4,128	3,960	3,750
9,045	8,934	10,894	10,551	9,934	8,877
5,264	5,266	5,854	4,996	4,667	4,463
7,457	6,953	6,663	6,523	6,371	5,760
4,411	4,256	4,585	3,898	3,661	3,156
1,986	2,121	2,303	2,280	2,277	2,159
81,891	80,927	84,205	83,307	74,504	68,927

2006/2007	2005/2006	2004/2005	2003/2004	2002/2003	2001/2002
3,583	3,544	3,443	3,309	3,150	3,096
4,217	4,119	3,990	3,902	3,963	3,875
8,256	8,416	8,351	7,815	7,783	7,098
16,206	16,101	15,934	16,173	16,610	16,878
2,428	2,285	2,231	2,048	2,105	2,328
3,162	3,165	3,621	3,506	3,501	3,081
17,312	16,928	16,500	15,577	14,961	14,429
14,777	15,030	15,253	15,050	15,266	15,232
69,941	69,588	69,323	67,380	67,339	66,017

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years			1	Table 14
	2011	2010	2009	2008
General Government				
Department of Finance and Administration	00	07	07	40
Buildings Vehicles	36 49	37 48	37 42	46 42
venicies	45	40	42	42
Department of Revenue				
Vehicles	44	49	49	47
Education				
Department of Education				
Vehicles	44	43	42	47
Law, Justice and Public Safety				
Department of Corrections				
Buildings	611	627	627	626
Vehicles	593	608	673	676
Department of Public Safety				
Buildings	39	39	38	37
Vehicles	877	845	908	924
Recreation and Resource Development				
Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks				
State Parks	25	26	26	26
Acres of State Parks	24,446	24,260	24,260	24,260
Buildings	843	831	817	815
Vehicles	606	614	632	609
Forestry Commission				
Buildings	392	394	398	408
Vehicles	430	440	446	493
Regulation of Business and Professions				
Workers' Compensation Commission				
Buildings	1	1	1	1
Transportation				
Department of Transportation				
Miles of state highway	10,907	10,907	10,984	10,949
Vehicles	2,534	2,569	2,530	2,547
Health and Social Sciences				
Department of Mental Health				_
Buildings	551	553	553	547
Vehicles	786	801	794	802

Sources:

Mississippi Office of the State Auditor, Property Audit Division Mississippi Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks

Mississippi Department of Transportation

2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
46	42	26	25	22	22
41	37	35	35	32	32
47	45	45	45	46	44
44	46	42	42	41	43
633	633	642	642	641	634
707	683	674	702	649	598
37	37	36	36	36	33
943	907	805	834	808	805
26	24	28	28	28	28
23,904	23,908	23,800	23,800	23,714	23,714
812	831	844	841	852	814
614	627	681	723	730	712
418	422	429	424	428	431
508	483	531	578	539	546
1	1	1	1	1	1
10,974	10,950	10,927	10,926	10,689	10,678
2,595	2,604	2,604	2,642	2,646	2,395
541	535	525	520	512	481
798	755	742	712	700	650

State Government Employees by Function

Table 15

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Government						
Department of Finance and Administration	407	387	408	380	363	338
Department of Revenue	681	659	711	726	713	697
Treasury	38	38	38	39	37	38
All Other	1,399	1,408	1,484	1,438	1,402	1,380
Education						
Department of Education	717	741	779	782	773	737
All Other	191	193	201	200	195	191
Health and Social Services						
Department of Human Services	3,276	3,219	3,284	3,046	2,991	2,925
Division of Medicaid	897	934	940	908	917	942
Department of Mental Health	8,173	8,586	8,978	8,951	8,930	8,685
Department of Rehabilitation Services	1,026	1,060	1,024	964	949	882
All Other	3,399	3,549	3,438	3,329	3,393	3,336
Law, Justice and Public Safety						
Department of Corrections	2,824	2,919	3,090	3,153	3,071	3,072
Department of Public Safety	1,256	1,275	1,338	1,365	1,274	1,199
All Other	2,141	2,130	2,134	1,994	1,883	1,746
Recreation and Resource Development						
Department of Environmental Quality	432	435	448	428	433	426
Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks	582	665	807	710	788	777
Forestry Commission	443	455	475	521	513	479
Mississippi Development Authority	316	324	319	279	282	261
All Other	375	392	402	412	408	395
Regulation of Business and Professions						
Public Service Commission	100	92	97	97	95	92
Oil and Gas Board	34	34	36	33	32	31
All Other	252	262	255	246	242	244
Transportation						
Department of Transportation	3,363	3,448	3,413	3,346	3,267	3,271
Total	32,322	33,205	34,099	33,347	32,951	32,144

Source: Statewide Payroll and Human Resource System, Total Filled Positions

2005	2004	2003	2002
330	327	323	328
708	738	734	734
37	38	39	38
1,413	1,446	1,427	1,438
766	804	797	775
195	202	209	212
195	202	209	212
2,987	3,179	3,362	3,394
877	580	572	547
9,043	8,695	8,617	8,523
871	893	877	874
3,467	3,495	3,510	3,318
0.054		0.050	
3,051	3,336	3,656	3,675
1,183	1,202	1,004	1,012
1,749	1,741	1,933	1,907
447	472	471	471
826	926	844	867
548	587	592	630
271	312	311	299
412	420	421	429
94	101	156	148
28	30	28	30
239	243	238	234
3,384	3,316	3,300	3,265
32,926	33,083	33,421	33,148

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 16

	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government				
Tax returns processed	4,950,000	4,900,000	4,850,000	4,800,000
On-going construction projects	688	656	676	725
Tort claims processed	1,117	538	353	1,081
Unclaimed property claims paid	8,050	7,799	6,175	9,781
Corporate filings processed	104,842	113,217	40,218	30,740
UCC filings processed	280,335	268,108	286,740	289,990
Education				
Average cost per public school student	8,930	\$8,895	\$8,737	\$8,298
Public high school graduates	28,517	24,393	23,935	23,149
Public school teachers, K-12	33,210	33,972	33,613	32,746
Health and Social Services				
Average monthly households receiving food stamps	241,785	204,068	184,779	174,924
Child support collections from non-custodial parents	\$292,715,332	\$286,696,080	\$264,727,366	\$242,768,697
Medicaid recipients receiving medical services	621,607	598,476	569,294	547,811
Law, Justice and Public Safety				
Average inmate population in prisons	10,054	10,761	10,856	10,145
Supervised offenders in communities	Not Available	25,910	27,323	29,964
Driver licenses issued	780,000	783,508	907,850	755,000
Recreation and Resource Development				
Tourist registered at welcome centers	2,485,233	2,962,056	2,906,700	2,782,648
Land reforested (acres)	24,239	38,257	44,546	61,075
Hunting and fishing licenses sold	502,024	588,095	584,891	585,466
Overnight accommodations at state parks	548,224	575,502	675,000	674,280
Regulation of Business and Professions				
Utility complaints investigated	7,906	7,701	7,299	6,766
Well inspections by Oil and Gas Board	15,323	24,419	21,227	22,083
Transportation				
Overlays (miles)	397	455	251	146
Replacement of deficit bridges	47	63	55	62

Note: The most current fiscal year available is fiscal year 2010.

Sources:

Mississippi Joint Legislative Budget Committee, Legislative Budget Report Mississippi Department of Education, Superintendent's Annual Report

2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
4,750,000	4,700,000	4,650,000	4,600,000	4,550,000	4,550,000
708	707	756	863	830	862
726	1,354	2,529	2,312	1,337	1,524
6,670	5,360	41,652	13,683	8,490	4,399
30,441	27,184	29,293	33,779	34,658	17,220
28,317	261,215	231,688	228,930	119,509	127,234
\$7,996	\$7,208	\$6,794	\$6,402	\$5,908	\$5,717
23,691	23,415	23,427	23,703	23,398	23,740
32,129	32,027	31,611	29,071	29,166	31,017
172,814	153,943	149,817	137,793	123,780	113,178
\$230,206,702	\$218,293,613	\$206,596,005	\$195,621,754	\$191,423,389	\$178,496,714
583,523	673,571	730,000	720,304	650,452	587,341
9,669	9,891	10,833	10,639	10,293	10,043
21,736	23,781	22,053	22,342	17,394	16,677
755,000	667,800	753,809	663,893	659,846	659,846
2,551,894	2,862,349	2,937,560	2,870,001	3,133,953	2,994,723
54,886	91,035	57,980	116,681	62,214	129,447
525,000	525,000	533,533	520,000	520,000	573,115
682,525	672,525	765,564	719,637	719,637	650,896
6,749	6,520	6,547	6,172	2,569	4,334
20,879	18,000	19,763	18,920	15,962	25,374
340	421	594	556	620	257
540 11	421	73	126	128	170
11	29	15	120	120	170

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Cover

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